# Software Engineering (Part 4)

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# Objectives

 We will cover these software engineering topics:

Stages of SW dev

How to order the stages

- Requirements analysis
- Design
- Implementation
- Debugging
- Testing
- Evaluation
- Maintenance
- Process models

# Objectives

#### Software Engineering lectures:

Part 1	Requirements analysis Design (general)
Part 2	Design (object-oriented) Implementation Debugging
Part 3	Testing Evaluation
Part 4	Maintenance Process models

So the system is finished. Or is it?

# Agenda

- Requirements analysis
- Design
- Implementation
- Debugging
- Testing
- Evaluation
- Maintenance
- Process models

### Maintenance

#### Maintenance

- Alias continuance
- How can I ensure that the system continues to fulfill the users' needs through time?

### Maintenance

Rod Stephens.

Beginning Software Engineering.
Wiley. 2015

- Perfective maintenance
  - Add new features, improve (performance of) existing features
  - Analyze execution profiles
- Adaptive maintenance
  - Modify the system to meet changes in its environment
- Corrective maintenance
  - Fix bugs
- Preventive maintenance
  - Refactor code to make it more maintainable

- Profiling concord.py
  - See <u>profiling1/</u>
    - concord.py
      - From Python Language (Part 5) lecture
    - writeprofile.py
    - buildandrun
    - · buildandrun.bat

- Profiling concord.py
  - See <u>profiling2/</u>
    - concord.py
    - writeprofile.py
    - buildandrun
    - buildandrun.bat

- Suppose you didn't spot that opportunity for improvement
- What would you do?

- Tool support for profiling
  - Python: cProfile module
    - Example...

```
$ cd profiling1
$ ./buildandrun
# Create concord.profile
python -m cProfile -o concord.profile concord.py < Bible.txt
welcome: 1
to: 13569
               alleluia: 4
you: 2621
have: 3905
               omnipotent: 1
               chalcedony: 1
arrived: 3
               sardonyx: 1
at: 1571
               chrysolyte: 1
a: 8178
               chrysoprasus: 1
plain: 76
               transparent: 1
text: 1
               proceeding: 1
               # Generate the report
               python writeprofile.py concord.profile > report.txt
               # To view the report examine the contents of report.txt
```

```
$ cat report.txt
Mon Apr 24 20:03:51 2023
                         concord.profile
        698882 function calls (698878 primitive calls) in 0.798 seconds
   Ordered by: internal time
   ncalls
         tottime percall
                                     percall filename:lineno(function)
                            cumtime
            0.277
                     0.000
                                       0.000 concord.py:13(process line)
   114157
                              0.659
   114157
            0.257
                     0.000
                            0.257
                                       0.000 {method 'findall' of 're.Pattern' objects}
            0.079
                     0.079
                              0.797
                                       0.797 concord.py:25 (main)
            0.058
                              0.058
                                       0.000 {built-in method builtins.print}
   12614
                     0.000
            0.050
                                       0.000 /usr/lib/python3.10/re.py:288( compile)
  114157
                     0.000
                              0.078
            0.029
                                       0.000 /usr/lib/python3.10/re.py:249(compile)
                     0.000
                              0.106
   114157
  114171
            0.027
                     0.000
                            0.027
                                       0.000 {built-in method builtins.isinstance}
  114157
            0.019
                     0.000
                              0.019
                                       0.000 {method 'lower' of 'str' objects}
      592
            0.001
                     0.000
                           0.002
                                       0.000 /usr/lib/python3.10/codecs.py:319(decode)
                                       0.000 {built-in method codecs.utf 8 dec
     592
            0.001
                     0.000
                              0.001
```

```
$ cd profiling2
$ ./buildandrun
# Create concord.profile
python -m cProfile -o concord.profile concord.py < Bible.txt
welcome: 1
to: 13569
               alleluia: 4
you: 2621
have: 3905
               omnipotent: 1
               chalcedony: 1
arrived: 3
               sardonyx: 1
at: 1571
               chrysolyte: 1
a: 8178
               chrysoprasus: 1
plain: 76
               transparent: 1
text: 1
               proceeding: 1
               # Generate the report
               python writeprofile.py concord.profile > report.txt
               # To view the report examine the contents of report.txt
```

```
$ cat report.txt
Mon Apr 24 20:07:54 2023
                       concord.profile
        356414 function calls (356410 primitive calls) in 0.577 seconds
  Ordered by: internal time
  ncalls tottime percall
                          cumtime percall filename:lineno(function)
                    0.000
                            0.451
          0.236
                                     0.000 concord.py:13(process line)
  114157
  114157
          0.196
                   0.000
                          0.196
                                    0.000 {method 'findall' of 're.Pattern' objects}
           0.068
                   0.068
                          0.577
                                    0.577 concord.py:24 (main)
                          0.057
   12614
           0.057
                   0.000
                                    0.000 {built-in method builtins.print}
  114157 0.018
                   0.000
                          0.018
                                    0.000 {method 'lower' of 'str' objects}
                          0.001
          0.001
                   0.000
                                    0.000 {built-in method codecs.utf 8 decode}
     592
                  0.000 0.002
           0.001
                                    0.000 /usr/lib/python3.10/codecs.py:319 (decode)
     592
           0.000
                   0.000
                          0.577
                                     0.577 concord.py:1(<module>)
```

# Aside: Performance vs. Coupling

Which version of concord.py is better?

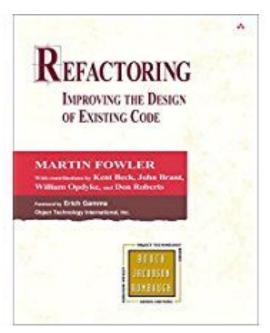
- Version 2 has:
  - Better performance
  - By a large margin
- Version 1 has:
  - Weaker function-level coupling
  - By a small margin

Language	Profiling Tool
Python	cProfile
Java	hprof & JPerfAnal *
C (x86-64 or ARM)	gprof *
C (x86-64)	OProfile *
JavaScript (browser)	Chrome Developer Tools Firefox Performance Tool
JavaScript (Node.js)	Node.js profiler

<sup>\*</sup> See me if you want an example



Martin Fowler



2000

#### Bad smells in code

Martin Fowler.

Refactoring: Improving the Design of Existing Code. Addison-Wesley. New York. 2000.

**Duplicated code** 

Long method

Long parameter list

Divergent change

**Shotgun surgery** 

Feature envy

Data clumps

Primitive obsession

**Switch statements** 

Parallel inheritance hierarchies

Lazy class

Speculative generality

Temporary field

Message chains

Middle man

**Inappropriate intimacy** 

Alternative classes with diff

interfaces

Incomplete library class

**Data class** 

Refused bequest

Comments

#### 1. Composing methods (9)

Extract method
Inline method
Inline temp
Replace temp with query
Introduce explaining variable
Split temporary variable
Remove assignments to parameters
Replace method with method object
Substitute algorithm

# 2. Moving features between objects (8)

Move method

Move field

Extract class

Inline class

Hide delegate

Remove middle man

Introduce foreign method

Introduce local extension

Martin Fowler.

#### 3. Organizing data (16)

Self encapsulate field

Replace data value with object

Change value to reference

Change reference to value

Replace array with object

Duplicate observed data

Change unidirectional association

to bidirectional

Change bidirectional association

to unidirectional

Replace magic number with

symbolic constant

Encapsulate field

**Encapsulate collection** 

Replace record with data class

Replace record with class data

Replace type code with subclasses

Replace type code with state/strategy

Replace subclass with fields

## 4. Simplifying conditional expressions (8)

Decompose conditional

Consolidate conditional expression

Consolidate duplicate conditional

fragments

Remove control flag

Replace nested conditional with

guard clauses

Replace conditional with

polymorphism

Introduce null object

Introduce assertion

Martin Fowler.

#### 5. Making method calls simpler (15)

Rename method

Add parameter

Remove parameter

Separate query from modifier

Parameterize method

Replace parameter with explicit methods

Preserve whole object

Replace parameter with method

Introduce parameter object

Remove setting method

Hide method

Replace constructor with factory method

Encapsulate downcast

Replace error code with exception

Replace Exception with test

#### 6. Dealing with generalization (12)

Pull up field

Pull up method

Pull up constructor body

Push down method

Push down field

Extract subclass

Extract superclass

**Extract Interface** 

Collapse hierarchy

Form template method

Replace inheritance with delegation

Replace delegation with inheritance

#### Martin Fowler.

#### 7. Big refactorings (4)

Tease apart inheritance Convert procedural design to objects Separate domain from presentation Extract hierarchy

Total: 72

Martin Fowler.

Refactoring: Improving the Design of Existing Code.

Addison-Wesley. New York. 2000.

### Replace Type Code with Subclasses

- You have an immutable type code that affects the behavior of a class
- Replace the type code with subclasses

Martin Fowler.

### Replace Type Code with Subclasses

```
public class Shape
                                                        Before
   private static final int RECTANGLE = 0;
   private static final int SQUARE = 1;
   private int shapeType;
   public void move()
       switch (shapeType)
          case RECTANGLE:
              break;
          case SQUARE:
              break:
                                 Martin Fowler
                                 Refactoring: Improving the Design of Existing Code.
                                 Addison-Wesley. New York. 2000.
```

### Replace Type Code with Subclasses

```
After
public abstract class Shape
   public abstract void move();
public class Rectangle extends Shape
   public void move { ... }
public class Square extends Rectangle
  public void move { ... }
```

Martin Fowler.

Smell	Common Refactorings
Alternative classes with diff interfaces	Rename method, move method
Comments	Extract method, introduce assertion
Data class	Move method, encapsulate field, encapsulate collection
Data clumps	Extract class, introduce parameter object, preserve whole object
Divergent change	Extract class
Duplicated code	Extract method, extract class, pull-up method, form template method
Feature envy	Move method, move field, extract method
Inappropriate intimacy	Move method, move field, change bidirectional association to unidirectional, replace inheritance with delegation, hide delegate

Martin Fowler.

Smell	Common Refactorings
Primitive obsession	Replace data value with object, extract class, introduce parameter object, replace array with object, replace type code with class, replace type code with subclasses, replace type code with state/strategy
Refused bequest	Replace inheritance with delegation
Shotgun surgery	Move method, move field, inline class
Speculative generality	Collapse hierarchy, inline class, remove parameter, rename method
Switch statements	Replace conditional with polymorphism, replace type code with subclasses, replace type code with state/strategy, replace parameter with explicit methods, introduce null object
Temporary field	Extract class, introduce null object

Martin Fowler.

Smell	Common Refactorings
Incomplete library class	Introduce foreign method, introduce local extension
Large class	Extract class, extract subclass, extract interface, replace data value with object
Lazy class	Inline class, collapse hierarchy
Long method	Extract method, replace temp with query, replace method with method object, decompose conditional
Long parameter list	Replace parameter with method, introduce parameter object, preserve whole object
Message chains	Hide delegate
Middle man	Remove middle man, inline method, replace delegation with inheritance
Parallel inheritance hierarchies	Move method, move field

Martin Fowler.

How should you order those stages?

# Agenda

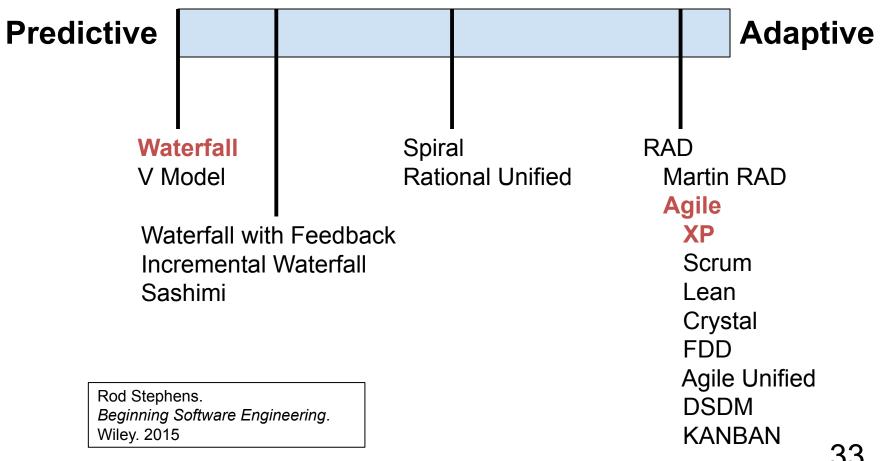
- Requirements analysis
- Design
- Implementation
- Debugging
- Testing
- Evaluation
- Maintenance
- Process models

### **Process Models**

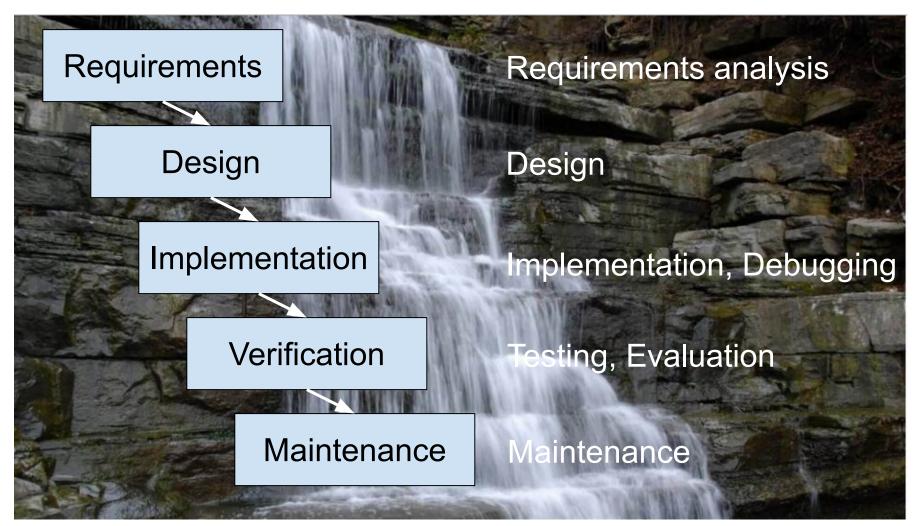
#### Process models

- How should you order those stages?
- (And much more)

### Process Models



### **Process Models: Waterfall**

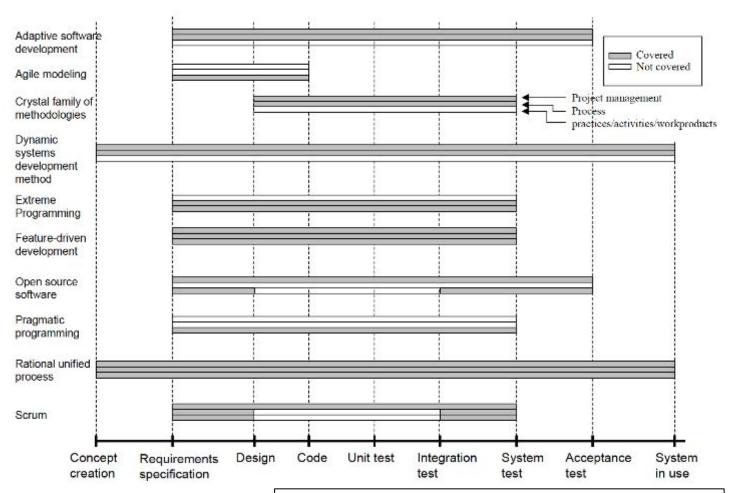


### **Process Models: Waterfall**

- Completely predictive (non-adaptive)
  - From manufacturing industry
- Used by many early software dev projects
  - No other process models were known!
- Required by many funding agencies
  - Agency defines requirements
  - SW company does the rest, while agency monitors progress

### Process Models: Waterfall

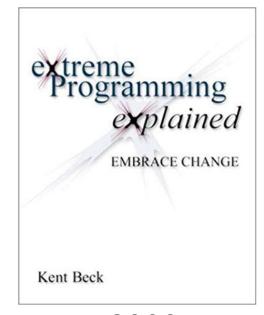
- Commentary
  - Perfect if all predictions are correct
  - It's hardly ever the case that all predictions are correct!



Abrahamson P, Salo O, Ronkainen J, Warsta J (2002). *Agile Software Development Methods: Review and Analysis*. (Technical report). VTT. 478.



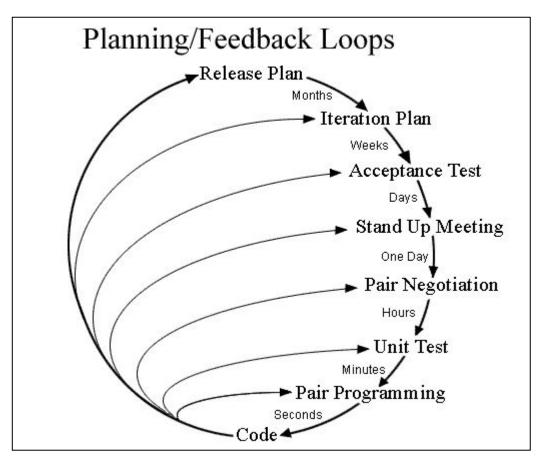
Kent Beck



2000

# Maintenance

#### Process Models: Agile



Requirements analysis

**Evaluation** 

Design

**Testing** 

Impl., Debugging

- · As adaptive (non-predictive) as possible
  - "Extremely" adaptive
  - "Embrace change"
- Essentially, code is the only artifact produced

- The planning game
- Small releases
- Metaphor
- Simple design
- Testing
- Refactoring
- Pair pgmming

- Collective ownership
- Continuous integration
- 40-hour work week
- On-site customer
- Coding standards

Kent Beck.

Extreme Programming Explained: Embrace Change. Addison-Wesley. New York. 2000.

- Commentary
  - Appealing!
  - Too extreme?
    - An excuse for programmers to avoid some tasks that they find less fun?

#### **Process Models**

#### Predictive vs. Adaptive models:

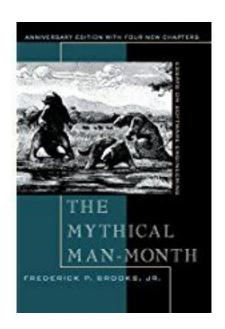
Use Predictive When:	Use Adaptive When:
<b>Developers</b> are plan-oriented, adequately skilled, and have access to external knowledge	<b>Developers</b> are agile, highly skilled, collocated, and collaborative
Customers are not collocated	Customers are collocated
Requirements are knowable early and largely stable	Requirements are largely emergent and change rapidly
Team and product are large	Team and product are small
Primary objective is high assurance	Primary objective is rapid value

Boehm, B.

"Get Ready for the Agile Methods, With Care" *Computer* 35 (1): 64-69.



Frederick Brooks



19751995

"All software involves **essential** tasks, the fashioning of the complex conceptual structures that compose the abstract software entity, and **accidental** tasks, the representation of those abstract entities in programming languages and the mapping of these onto machine languages within space and speed constraints. Most of the big gains in software productivity have come from removing artificial barriers that have made the **accidental** tasks inordinately hard."

Frederick Brooks.

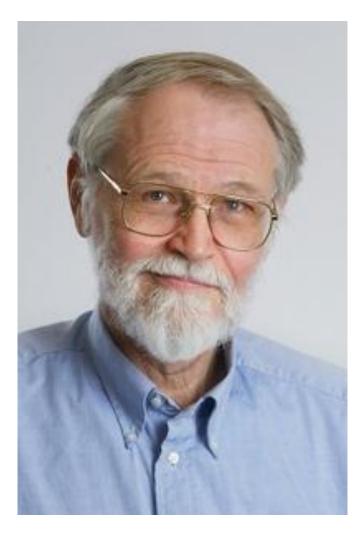
The Mythical Man Month: Essays on Software Engineering Addison-Wesley. New York. 1995.

"How much of what software engineers now do is still devoted to the **accidental**, as opposed to the **essential**? Unless it is more than 9/10 of all effort, shrinking all the **accidental** activities to zero time will not give an order of magnitude improvement."

"There is **no single development**, in either technology or management technique, which by itself **promises even one order of magnitude improvement** in productivity, in reliability, in simplicity."

Frederick Brooks.

The Mythical Man Month: Essays on Software Engineering Addison-Wesley. New York. 1995.



Brian Kernighan

#### Software Methodology and Snake Oil

- Each methodology has the germ of a useful idea
- Each claims to solve major programming problems
- Some are promoted with religious fervor
- In fact most don't seem to work well
- Or don't seem to apply to all programs
- Or can't be taught to others
- A few are genuinely useful and should be part of everyone's repertoire

Brian Kernighan
COS 333 Lecture Slides

- In summary...
- (Kernighan) Some process models offer good ideas, but...
- (Brooks) Software development is inherently hard, and...
- (Kernighan) Many process models are over-hyped, so...
- (Kernighan) View process models with healthy skepticism

- Every project is unique
  - Choose a process model that fits the project
  - Be willing to customize that process model

- Core points:
  - Requirements: First determine who the users are and what your system should do for them
    - Involve the users!!!
  - Design: Then determine how you want your system to work
  - Implement, test: Then code and test your system
  - Evaluate: Then evaluate your system
    - Involve the users!!!
  - Iterate as often as you reasonably can

#### Summary

 We have covered these software engineering topics:

- (1) Requirements analysis
- (2) Design
- (3) Implementation
- (4) Debugging
- (5) Testing
- (6) Evaluation
- (7) Maintenance
- (8) Process models