1. (Math) Suppose for multiclass logistic regression

\[ p(x|y = i) = N(x|\mu_i, \Sigma). \]

Compute

\[ a_i = \ln[p(x|y = i)p(y = i)]. \]

Is it still linear? What if \( p(x|y = i) \) has different covariance? That is,

\[ p(x|y = i) = N(x|\mu_i, \Sigma_i). \]

2. (Math) Recall that the SVM objective can be simplified as minimizing

\[
\hat{L}(\alpha) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \alpha_i - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{j=1}^{n} \alpha_i \alpha_j y_i y_j x_i^\top x_j
\]

subject to \( \alpha_i \geq 0 (\forall i) \), and \( \sum_{i=1}^{n} \alpha_i y_i = 0 \). Suppose the optimal solution is \( \alpha^* = (\alpha_1^*, \alpha_2^*, \ldots, \alpha_n^*) \).

Show that the margin \( \gamma \) satisfies

\[
\frac{1}{\gamma^2} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \alpha_i^*.
\]

3. (Coding) Download the benchmark dataset MNIST from [http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/](http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/). Implement multiclass logistic regression and try it on MNIST.

Comments: MNIST is a standard dataset for machine learning and also deep learning. It’s good to try it on one layer neural networks (i.e., logistic regression) before multilayer neural networks. Downloading the dataset from other places in preprocessed format is allowed, but practicing how to read the dataset prepares you for other new datasets you may be interested in. Also, it is recommended to try different initializations and learning rates to get a sense about how to tune the hyperparameters (remember to create and use validation dataset!).

4. (Coding) Consider the \( l_2 \)-regularized logistic regression. That is, add to the logistic regression loss a regularization term that represents \( l_2 \) norm of the parameters. More precisely, the regularization term is

\[
\lambda \sum_i (||w^i||^2 + ||b^i||^2)
\]

where \( \{w^i, b^i\} \) are all the parameters in the logistic regression, and \( \lambda \in \mathbb{R} \) is the weight for the regularization. Typically, \( \lambda \) is about \( C/n \) where \( n \) is the number of data points and \( C \) is some constant in \([0.01, 100]\) (need to tune \( C \)). Run the regularized logistic regression on MNIST, and compare the results to those in Problem 3.