

# Computer Science 320: Spring 2011 Midterm Examination

You have 1:20 to answer the following questions. This midterm is closed book/closed notes. For partial credit, show all work. Put your name on every page. Write out and sign the Honor Code pledge before turning in the test.

*“I pledge my honor that I have not violated the Honor Code during this examination.”*

**Problem 1: (15%)**

Provide a *Deterministic Finite Automaton* that matches all strings of “a”s and “b”s containing an odd number of “a”s.

**Problem 2: (15%)**

Provide a context free grammar for the language described in Problem 1.

**Problem 3: (20%)**

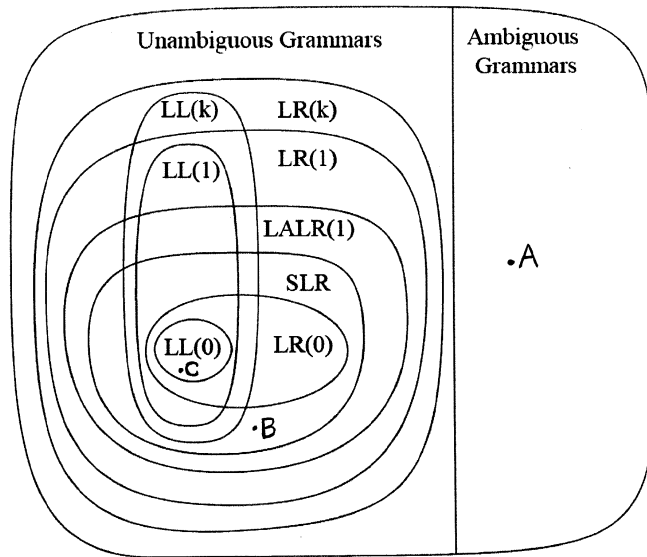
Consider the expression language from the typing lectures, without functions, products, or subtypes, as summarized below. Define the typing context  $\Gamma = [y : \mathbf{ref\ int}, b : \mathbf{bool}]$  and the expression  $e$  by

$\mathbf{let\ } x = 3 \mathbf{\ in\ if\ } (x < !y) \vee b \mathbf{\ then\ alloc\ } (x + 1) \mathbf{\ else\ let\ } z = y := 8 \mathbf{\ in\ 4\ end\ end.}$

Is there some type  $\tau$  such that  $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau$  is derivable using the rules? If no, say why not, i.e. show where an attempt to construct a typing derivation fails. If yes, give a suitable typing derivation.

$e ::= \dots \mid -1 \mid 0 \mid 1 \mid \dots \mid \mathbf{tt} \mid \mathbf{ff} \mid e \oplus e \mid \mathbf{if\ } e \mathbf{\ then\ } e \mathbf{\ else\ } e \mid x$   
 $\quad \mid \mathbf{let\ } x = e \mathbf{\ in\ } e \mathbf{\ end} \mid \mathbf{alloc\ } e \mid !e \mid e := e$   
 $\oplus ::= + \mid - \mid \times \mid \wedge \mid \vee \mid < \mid =$   
 $\tau ::= \mathbf{bool} \mid \mathbf{int} \mid \mathbf{ref\ } \tau \mid \mathbf{unit}$

$\mathbf{BOOL} \frac{e \in \{\mathbf{tt}, \mathbf{ff}\}}{\Gamma \vdash e : \mathbf{bool}} \quad \mathbf{NUM} \frac{n \in \{\dots, -1, 0, 1, \dots\}}{\Gamma \vdash n : \mathbf{int}} \quad \mathbf{VAR} \frac{x : \tau \in \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash x : \tau}$   
 $\mathbf{IOP} \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \mathbf{int} \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \mathbf{int}}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \oplus e_2 : \mathbf{int}} \oplus \in \{+, -, \times\} \quad \mathbf{BOP} \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \mathbf{bool} \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \mathbf{bool}}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \oplus e_2 : \mathbf{bool}} \oplus \in \{\wedge, \vee\}$   
 $\mathbf{COP} \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \mathbf{int} \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \mathbf{int}}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \oplus e_2 : \mathbf{bool}} \oplus \in \{<, =\} \quad \mathbf{ITE} \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \mathbf{bool} \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau \quad \Gamma \vdash e_3 : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \mathbf{if\ } e_1 \mathbf{\ then\ } e_2 \mathbf{\ else\ } e_3 : \tau}$   
 $\mathbf{LET} \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \sigma \quad \Gamma[x : \sigma] \vdash e_2 : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \mathbf{let\ } x = e_1 \mathbf{\ in\ } e_2 \mathbf{\ end} : \tau} \quad \mathbf{ALLOC} \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \mathbf{alloc\ } e : \mathbf{ref\ } \tau}$   
 $\mathbf{READ} \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \mathbf{ref\ } \tau}{\Gamma \vdash !e : \tau} \quad \mathbf{WRITE} \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \mathbf{ref\ } \tau \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 := e_2 : \mathbf{unit}}$



**Problem 4: (20%)**

Provide a simple grammar that resides in position A in the above figure. Prove that your grammar resides in position A in an organized manner.

**Problem 5: (20%)**

Provide a simple grammar that resides in position B in the above figure. Prove that your grammar resides in position B in an organized manner.

**Problem 6: (10%)**

Provide a simple grammar that resides in position C in the above figure. Prove that your grammar resides in position C in an organized manner.