

# BouncingBall.java

```

/*****
 * Compilation:  javac BouncingBall.java
 * Execution:    java BouncingBall
 * Dependencies: StdDraw.java
 * Implementation of a 2-d bouncing ball in the box from (-1, -1) to (1, 1).
 *
 * This code is already complete. You will make an object-oriented version
 * of it as described in the next file.
 *
 * The version differs from the one in Booksite 1.5 in the initial position
 * of the ball, and random factors for the velocity and radius.
 *****/
public class BouncingBall {
    public static void main(String[] args) {

        // set the scale of the coordinate system
        StdDraw.setXscale(-1.0, 1.0);
        StdDraw.setYscale(-1.0, 1.0);

        // initial values, random velocity and size
        double rx = 0.0, ry = 0.0;           // position
        double vx = 0.015 - Math.random() * 0.03; // x velocity
        double vy = 0.015 - Math.random() * 0.03; // y velocity
        double radius = 0.025 + Math.random() * 0.05; // size

        // main animation loop
        while (true) {
            // bounce off wall according to law of elastic collision
            if (Math.abs(rx + vx) > 1.0 - radius) vx = -vx;
            if (Math.abs(ry + vy) > 1.0 - radius) vy = -vy;

            // update position
            rx = rx + vx;
            ry = ry + vy;

            // clear the background
            StdDraw.setPenColor(StdDraw.GRAY);
            StdDraw.filledSquare(0, 0, 1.0);

            // draw ball on the screen
            StdDraw.setPenColor(StdDraw.BLACK);
            StdDraw.filledCircle(rx, ry, radius);

            // display and pause for 20 ms
            StdDraw.show(20);
        }
    }
}
```

# Ball.java

```
/*****  
Create an object-oriented version of BouncingBall.java that  
is capable of simulating any number of Ball instances. The first  
program should define the following API:
```

```
public class Ball
```

```
-----  
Ball()      create a ball at (0,0), random velocity, random size  
void draw()  draw ball at current position  
void move()  move using velocity and unit time increment
```

```
The second program (shown separately) will be a client  
BouncingBalls that takes a command-line argument N and  
creates/animates N bouncing balls.
```

```
*****  
*  Compilation:  javac Ball.java  
*  Execution:    java Ball  
*  Dependencies: StdDraw.java  
*  
*  Object oriented implementation of a 2-d Ball, Booksite 3.4  
*****/
```

```
public class Ball {
```

```
    // declare instance variables
```

```
    _____ // position  
    _____ // velocity  
    _____ // radius
```

```
    // other instance variables? up to you
```

```
    // constructor
```

```
    public Ball() {  
        // always start ball position at (0, 0)
```

```
        // initial velocity and size generated randomly
```

```
    }
```

```
    // draw the ball, but not the background
```

```
    public void draw() {
```

```
    }
```

```

// bounce off vertical wall by reflecting x-velocity
private void bounceOffVerticalWall() {

}

// bounce off horizontal wall by reflecting y-velocity
private void bounceOffHorizontalWall() {

}


// move the ball one step, but don't draw it
public void move() {
    // bounce off wall(s) if you are near the border


    // update position using unit change in time

}

// test client to create and animate just 2 balls.
// this part is already complete.

public static void main(String[] args) {
    // create and initialize two balls
    Ball b1 = new Ball();
    Ball b2 = new Ball();

    // animate them
    StdDraw.setXscale(-1.0, +1.0);
    StdDraw.setYscale(-1.0, +1.0);
    while (true) {
        StdDraw.setPenColor(StdDraw.GRAY);
        StdDraw.filledSquare(0.0, 0.0, 1.0);
        StdDraw.setPenColor(StdDraw.BLACK);
        b1.move();
        b2.move();
        b1.draw();
        b2.draw();
        StdDraw.show(20);
    }
}
}

```

# BouncingBalls.java

```

/*****
 * Compilation:  javac BouncingBalls.java
 * Execution:    java BouncingBalls N
 * Dependencies: Ball.java StdDraw.java
 * Booksite 3.4
 * Client to create and animate an array of N bouncing balls
 *****/

public class BouncingBalls {
    public static void main(String[] args) {

        // number of bouncing balls from command-line argument
        int N = _____(args[0]);

        // Set window coordinates between -1 and +1
        StdDraw.setXscale(-1.0, 1.0);
        StdDraw.setYscale(-1.0, 1.0);

        // create an array of N random balls
        Ball[] balls = _____
        for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
            balls[i] = _____

        // do the animation loop
        while(true) {
            // Gray Background
            StdDraw.setPenColor(StdDraw.GRAY);
            StdDraw.filledSquare(0.0, 0.0, 1.0);

            // draw N black balls
            StdDraw.setPenColor(StdDraw.BLACK);
            for (int i = 0; i < ____; i++) {
                _____
                _____
            }
            StdDraw.show(20);
        }
    }
}

/*****
Recommended Book Exercises: 3.2.5, 3.2.11 (Point.java code on Booksite)
 *****/

```