

# **Solid Modeling**

Adam Finkelstein Princeton University COS 426, Spring 2005

# **3D Object Representations**



- · Raw data
  - o Point cloud
    - o Range image
    - o Polygon soup
- Solids
  - o Voxels
  - o BSP tree
  - o CSG
  - o Sweep

- Surfaces
  - o Mesh
  - o Subdivision
  - o Parametric
  - o Implicit
- · High-level structures
  - o Scene graph
  - o Skeleton
  - o Application specific

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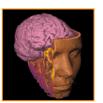
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# **Solid Modeling**



· Represent solid interiors of objects o Surface may not be described explicitly





Visible Human

SUNY Stoney Brook

## **Motivation 1**



· Some acquisition methods generate solids o Example: CAT scan

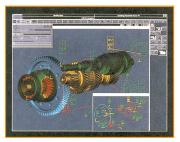


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# **Motivation 2**



- · Some applications require solids
  - o Example: CAD/CAM



Intergraph Corporation

# **Motivation 3**



· Some algorithms require solids

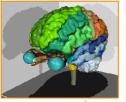
- o Example: ray tracing with refraction

Addy Ngan and Zaijin Guan COS 426, 1998 Princeton University

# **Solid Modeling Representations**



- What makes a good solid representation?
  - o Accurate
  - o Concise
  - o Affine invariant
  - o Easy acquisition
  - o Guaranteed validity
  - o Efficient boolean operations
  - o Efficient display



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# **Solid Modeling Representations**



- Voxels
- · Quadtrees & Octrees
- · Binary space partitions
- · Constructive solid geometry

# **Solid Modeling Representations**

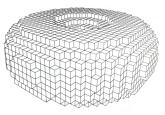


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## **Voxels**



- · Partition space into uniform grid
- o Grid cells are called a voxels (like pixels)
- · Store properties of solid object with each voxel
  - o Occupancy
  - o Color
  - o Density
  - o Temperature
  - o etc.

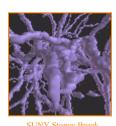


FvDFH Figure 12.20

# **Voxel Acquisition**

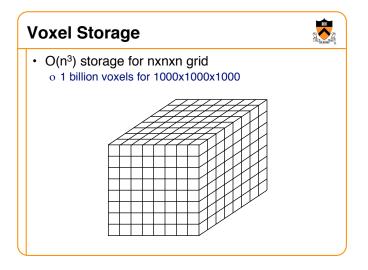


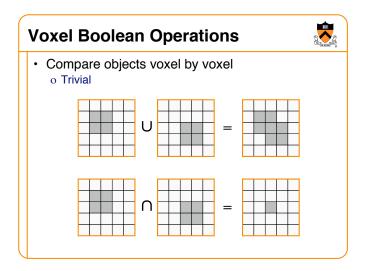
- · Scanning devices
  - o MRI
  - o CAT
- Simulation
  - o FEM

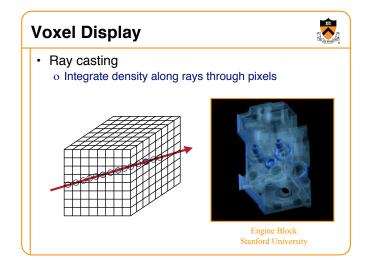


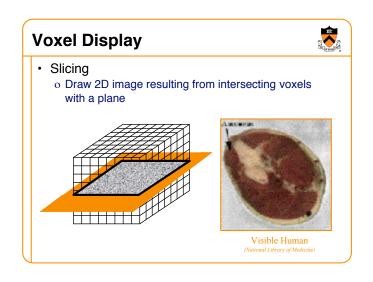


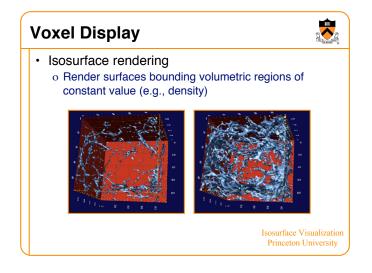
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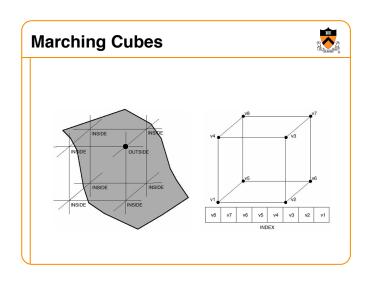


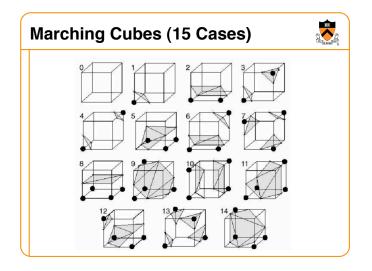


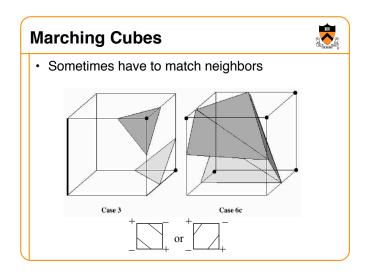


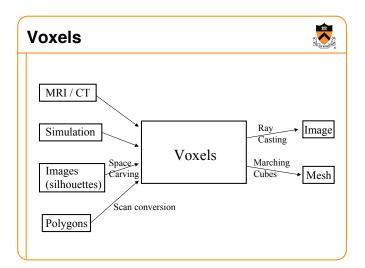


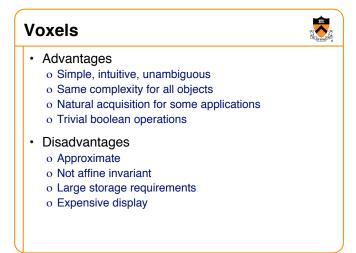


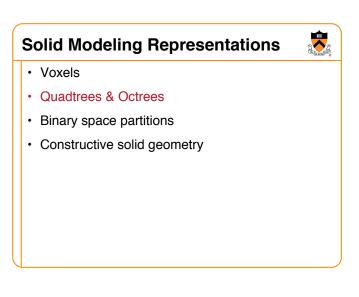


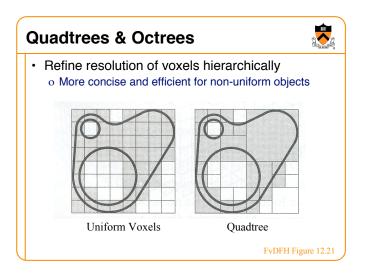


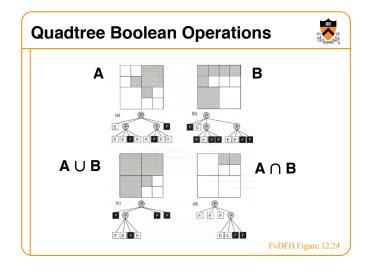


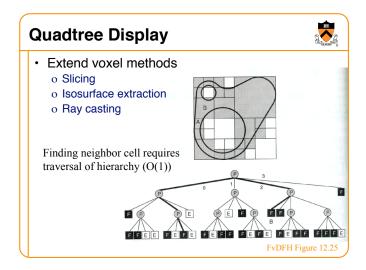












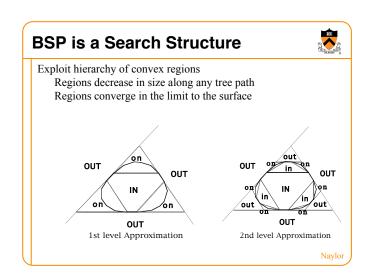
# **Solid Modeling Representations**

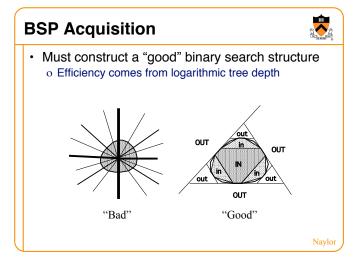


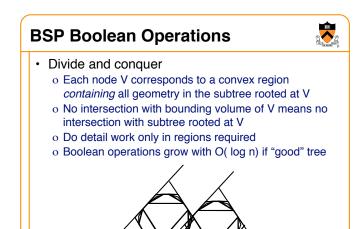
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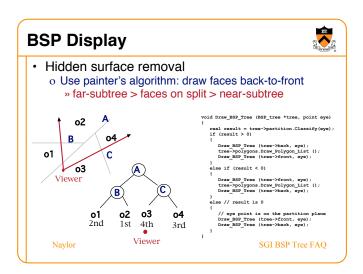
# 

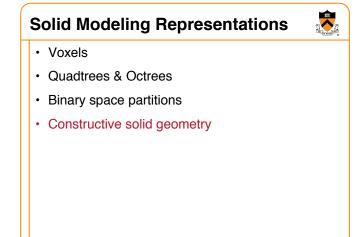
# Single geometric operation Partition a convex region by a hyperplane Single combinatorial operation Two child nodes added as leaf nodes Homogeneous region R Partitioned region R R New tree R New tree R Naylor

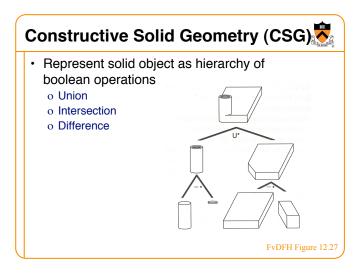


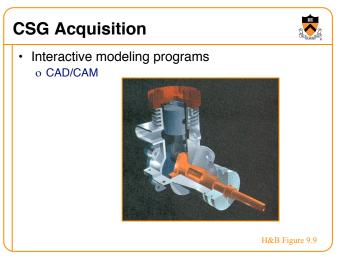


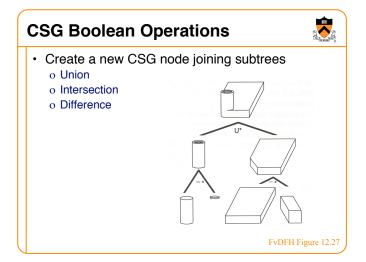


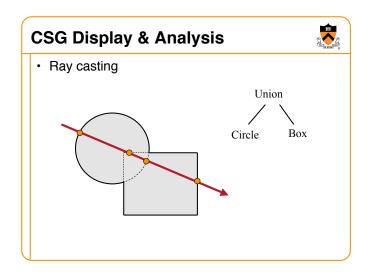












Summary				
	Voxels	Octree	BSP	CSG
Accurate	No	No	Some	Some
Concise	No	No	No	Yes
Affine invariant	No	No	Yes	Yes
Easy acquisition	Some	Some	No	Some
Guaranteed validity	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Efficient boolean operations	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Efficient display	No	No	Yes	No

