

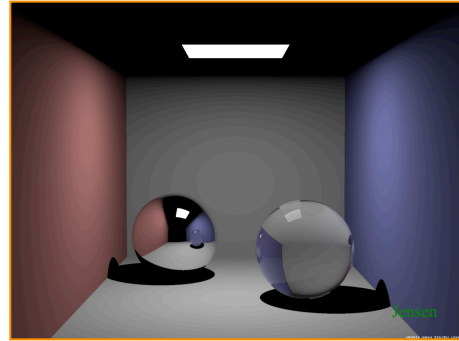


Global Illumination

Adam Finkelstein
Princeton University
COS 526, Fall 2005



Path Types

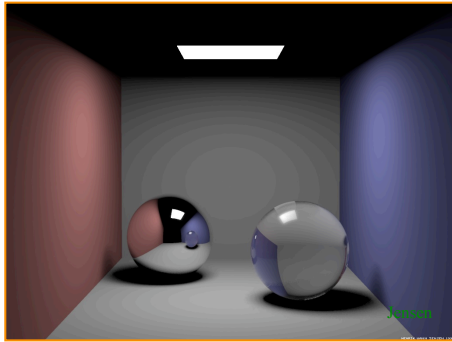


Ray tracing

Henrik Wann Jensen



Path Types

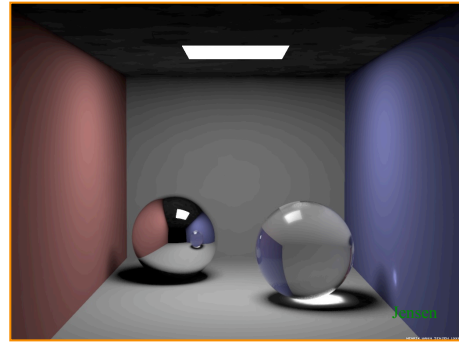


+ soft shadows

Henrik Wann Jensen



Path Types

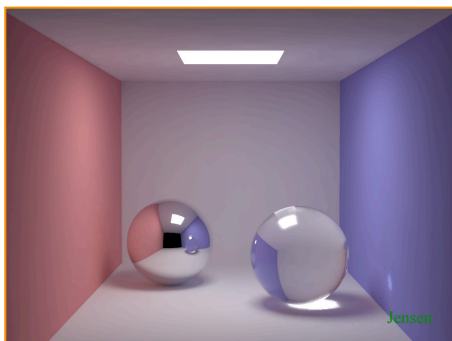


+ caustics

Henrik Wann Jensen



Path Types



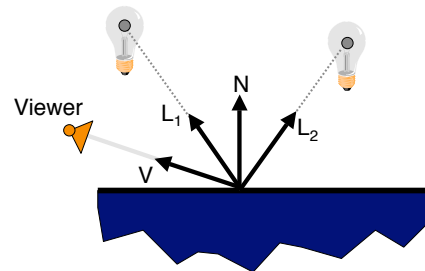
+ indirect diffuse illumination

Henrik Wann Jensen



Direct Illumination

- Multiple light sources:



$$I = I_E + K_A I_{AL} + \sum_i (K_D (N \cdot L_i) I_i + K_S (V \cdot R_i)^n I_i)$$

Overview

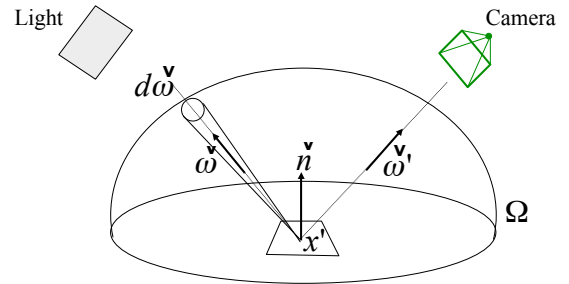


- Global illumination
 - Rendering equation
- Solution methods
 - OpenGL
 - Ray tracing
 - Path tracing
 - Radiosity
- Path types
 - L(SID)*E

Direct Illumination



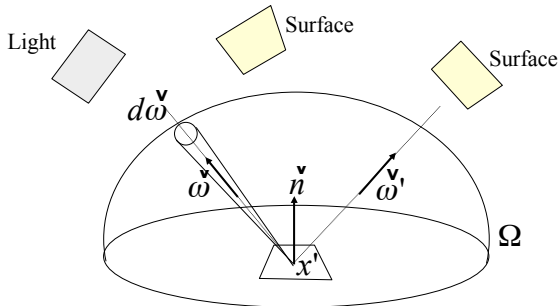
$$L_o(x', \omega') = L_e(x', \omega') + \int_{\Omega_L} f_r(x', \omega, \omega') L_i(x', \omega) (\omega \cdot \mathbf{n}) d\omega$$



Global Illumination



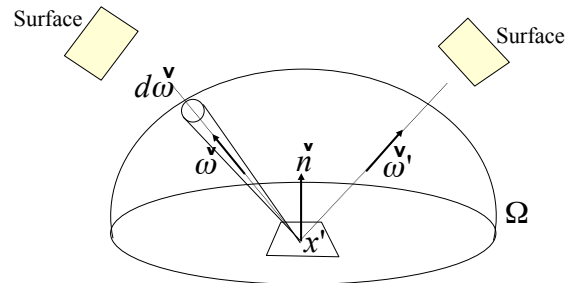
$$L_o(x', \omega') = L_e(x', \omega') + \int_{\Omega} f_r(x', \omega, \omega') L_i(x', \omega) (\omega \cdot \mathbf{n}) d\omega$$



Rendering Equation



$$L_o(x', \omega') = L_e(x', \omega') + \int_{\Omega} f_r(x', \omega, \omega') L_i(x', \omega) (\omega \cdot \mathbf{n}) d\omega$$

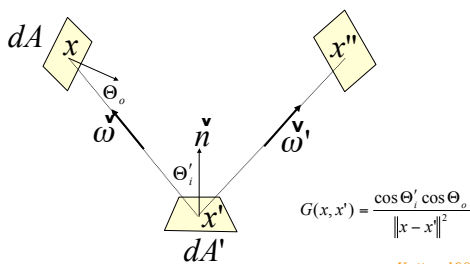


Kajiya 1986

Rendering Equation (2)



$$L(x' \rightarrow x'') = L_e(x' \rightarrow x'') + \int_S f_r(x' \rightarrow x' \rightarrow x'') L(x \rightarrow x') V(x, x') G(x, x') dA$$



Kajiya 1986

Photorealistic Rendering

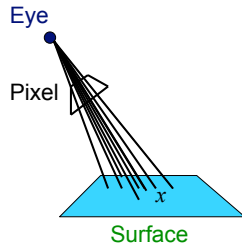


- Rendering = integration
 - Antialiasing
 - Soft shadows
 - Indirect illumination
 - Caustics

Photorealistic Rendering



- Rendering = integration
 - Antialiasing
 - Soft shadows
 - Indirect illumination
 - Caustics

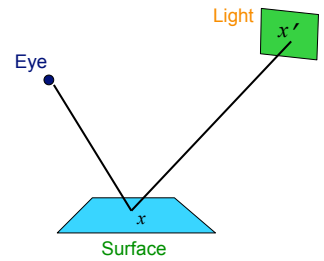


$$L_p = \int_S L(x \rightarrow e) dA$$

Photorealistic Rendering



- Rendering = integration
 - Antialiasing
 - Soft shadows
 - Indirect illumination
 - Caustics



$$L(x, \vec{w}) = L_e(x, x \rightarrow e) + \int_S f_r(x, x' \rightarrow x, x \rightarrow e) L(x' \rightarrow x) V(x, x') G(x, x') dA$$

Photorealistic Rendering



- Rendering = integration
 - Antialiasing
 - Soft shadows
 - Indirect illumination
 - Caustics



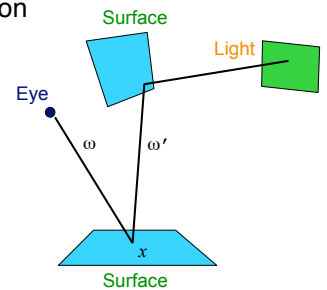
Herf

$$L(x, \vec{w}) = L_e(x, x \rightarrow e) + \int_S f_r(x, x' \rightarrow x, x \rightarrow e) L(x' \rightarrow x) V(x, x') G(x, x') dA$$

Photorealistic Rendering



- Rendering = integration
 - Antialiasing
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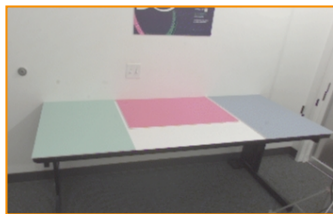


$$L_o(x, \vec{w}) = L_e(x, \vec{w}) + \int_{\Omega} f_r(x, \vec{w}', \vec{w}) L_i(x, \vec{w}') (\vec{w}' \cdot \vec{n}) d\vec{w}'$$

Photorealistic Rendering



- Rendering = integration
 - Antialiasing
 - Soft shadows
 - Indirect illumination
 - Caustics



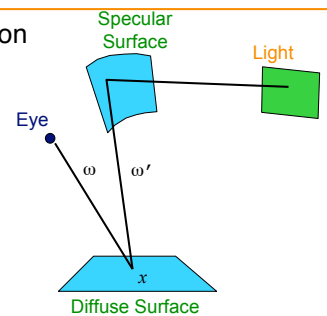
Debevec

$$L_o(x, \vec{w}) = L_e(x, \vec{w}) + \int_{\Omega} f_r(x, \vec{w}', \vec{w}) L_i(x, \vec{w}') (\vec{w}' \cdot \vec{n}) d\vec{w}'$$

Photorealistic Rendering



- Rendering = integration
 - Antialiasing
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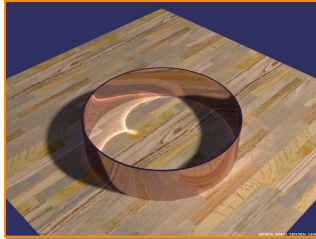


$$L_o(x, \vec{w}) = L_e(x, \vec{w}) + \int_{\Omega} f_r(x, \vec{w}', \vec{w}) L_i(x, \vec{w}') (\vec{w}' \cdot \vec{n}) d\vec{w}'$$

Photorealistic Rendering



- Rendering = integration
 - Antialiasing
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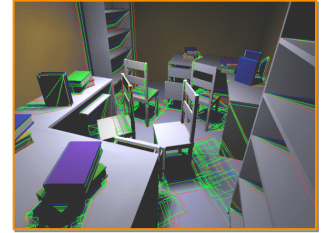
Jensen

$$L_o(x, \vec{\omega}) = L_e(x, \vec{\omega}) + \int_{\Omega} f_r(x, \vec{\omega}', \vec{\omega}) L_i(x, \vec{\omega}') (\vec{\omega}' \cdot \vec{n}) d\vec{\omega}'$$

Challenge



- Rendering integrals are difficult to evaluate
 - Recursion: $L = f(L)$
 - Multiple dimensions
 - Discontinuities
 - » Partial occluders
 - » Highlights
 - » Caustics



Drettakis

$$L(x, \vec{\omega}) = L_e(x, x \rightarrow e) + \int_S f_r(x, x' \rightarrow x, x \rightarrow e) L(x' \rightarrow x) V(x, x') G(x, x') dA$$

Challenge



- Rendering integrals are difficult to evaluate
 - Recursion: $L = f(L)$
 - Multiple dimensions
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Jensen

$$L(x, \vec{\omega}) = L_e(x, x \rightarrow e) + \int_S f_r(x, x' \rightarrow x, x \rightarrow e) L(x' \rightarrow x) V(x, x') G(x, x') dA$$

Overview



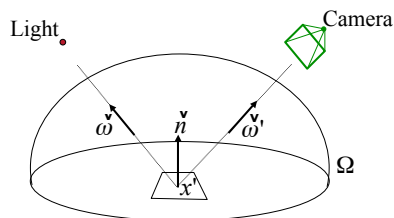
- Global illumination
 - Rendering equation
- Solution methods
 - OpenGL
 - Ray tracing
 - Path tracing
 - Radiosity
- Path types
 - $L(\text{SID}) * E$

OpenGL



$$L_o(x', \vec{\omega}') = L_e(x', \vec{\omega}') + \int_{\Omega} f_r(x', \vec{\omega}, \vec{\omega}') L_i(x', \vec{\omega}) (\vec{\omega} \cdot \vec{n}) d\vec{\omega}$$

Assume direct illumination from point lights and ignore visibility



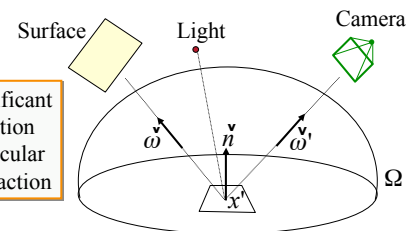
$$L_o(x', \vec{\omega}') = L_e(x', \vec{\omega}') + \sum_{i=1}^{nlights} f_r(x', \vec{\omega}, \vec{\omega}') L_i(x', \vec{\omega}) (\vec{\omega} \cdot \vec{n})$$

Ray Tracing



$$L_o(x', \vec{\omega}') = L_e(x', \vec{\omega}') + \int_{\Omega} f_r(x', \vec{\omega}, \vec{\omega}') L_i(x', \vec{\omega}) (\vec{\omega} \cdot \vec{n}) d\vec{\omega}$$

Assume only significant indirect illumination due to perfect specular reflection and refraction



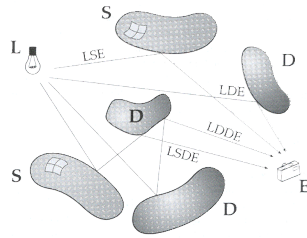
$$L_o(x', \vec{\omega}') = L_e(x', \vec{\omega}') + \sum_{i=1}^{nlights} f_r(x', \vec{\omega}, \vec{\omega}') L_i(x', \vec{\omega}) (\vec{\omega} \cdot \vec{n}) + \text{specular}$$

Monte Carlo Path Tracing



$$L_o(x', \omega') = L_e(x', \omega') + \int_{\Omega} f_r(x', \omega, \omega') L_i(x', \omega) (\omega \cdot \mathbf{n}) d\omega$$

Estimate integral for each pixel by random sampling



- Also:
- Depth of field
 - Motion blur
 - etc.

Indirect Diffuse Illumination

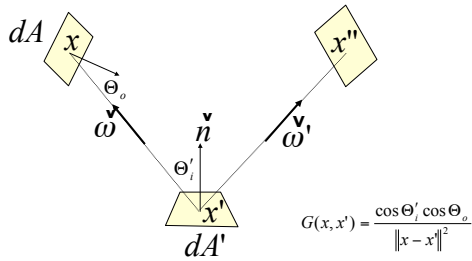


John R. Wallace
© 1988 Program of Computer Graphics
Cornell University

Rendering Equation



$$L(x' \rightarrow x'') = L_e(x' \rightarrow x'') + \int_S f_r(x \rightarrow x' \rightarrow x'') L(x \rightarrow x') V(x, x') G(x, x') dA$$



Kajiya 1986

Radiosity Equation



$$L(x' \rightarrow x'') = L_e(x' \rightarrow x'') + \int_S f_r(x \rightarrow x' \rightarrow x'') L(x \rightarrow x') V(x, x') G(x, x') dA$$

Assume everything is Lambertian

$$\rho(x') = f_r(x \rightarrow x' \rightarrow x'') \pi$$

$$L(x') = L_e(x') + \frac{\rho(x')}{\pi} \int_S L(x) V(x, x') G(x, x') dA$$

Convert to Radiosities

$$B = \int_{\Omega} L_o \cos \theta d\omega \quad L = \frac{B}{\pi}$$

$$B(x') = B_e(x') + \frac{\rho(x')}{\pi} \int_S B(x) V(x, x') G(x, x') dA$$

Radiosity Approximation

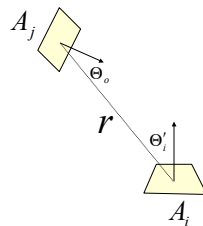


$$B(x') = B_e(x') + \frac{\rho(x')}{\pi} \int_S B(x) V(x, x') G(x, x') dA$$

Discretize the surfaces into "elements"

$$B_i = E_i + \rho_i \sum_{j=1}^N B_j F_{ij}$$

$$\text{where } F_{ij} = \frac{1}{A_i} \iint_{A_i} \iint_{A_j} \frac{V_{ij} \cos \theta'_i \cos \theta_o}{\pi r^2} dA_j dA_i$$



System of Equations



$$B_i = E_i + \rho_i \sum_{j=1}^N B_j F_{ij}$$

$$E_i = B_i - \rho_i \sum_{j=1}^N B_j F_{ij}$$

$$B_i - \rho_i \sum_{j=1}^N B_j F_{ij} = E_i$$

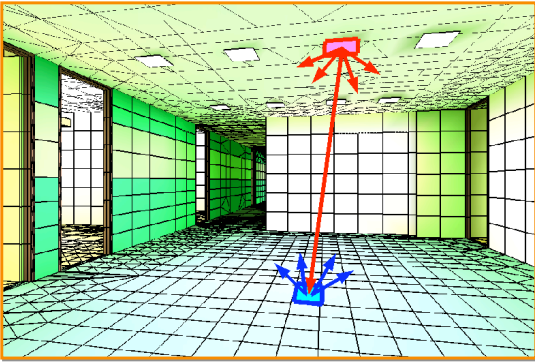
$$(1 - \rho_i \sum_{j=1}^N F_{ij}) B_i - \rho_i \sum_{j=1}^N F_{ij} B_j = E_i$$

$$B_i A_i = E_i A_i + \rho_i \sum_{j=1}^N F_{ij} B_j A_j$$

This is an energy balance equation

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 - \rho_1 F_{1,1} & \dots & \dots & \dots & -\rho_1 F_{1,n} \\ -\rho_2 F_{2,1} & 1 - \rho_2 F_{2,2} & \dots & \dots & -\rho_2 F_{2,n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ -\rho_{n-1} F_{n-1,1} & \dots & \dots & \dots & -\rho_{n-1} F_{n-1,n} \\ -\rho_n F_{n,1} & \dots & \dots & \dots & 1 - \rho_n F_{n,n} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} B_1 \\ B_2 \\ \vdots \\ B_n \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} E_1 \\ E_2 \\ \vdots \\ E_n \end{bmatrix}$$

Radiosity Intuition



Radiosity



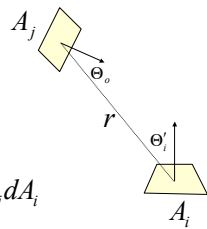
- Issues
 - Computing form factors
 - Selecting basis functions for radiosity
 - Solving linear system of equations
 - Meshing surfaces into elements
 - Rendering images

Form Factor



- Fraction of energy leaving element i that arrives at element j

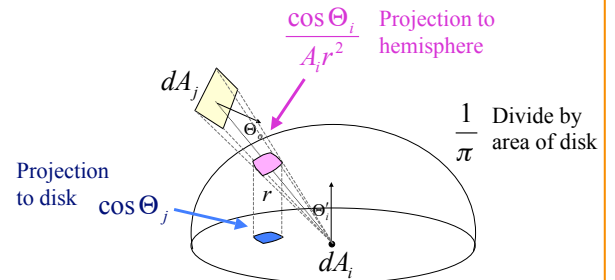
$$F_{ij} = \frac{1}{A_i} \iint_{A_i A_j} \frac{V_{ij} \cos \Theta'_i \cos \Theta_o}{\pi r^2} dA_j dA_i$$



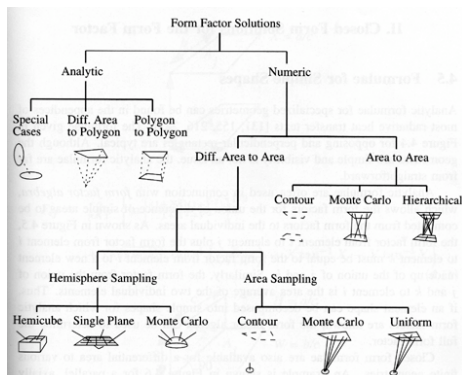
Form Factor Intuition



$$F_{di-dj} = \frac{1}{A_i} \frac{V_{ij} \cos \Theta_i \cos \Theta_j}{\pi r^2}$$



Computing Form Factors



Cohen & Wallace

Solving the System of Equations



- Challenges:
 - Size of matrix
 - Cost of computing form factors
 - Computational complexity

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 - \rho_1 F_{1,1} & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & -\rho_1 F_{1,n} \\ -\rho_2 F_{2,1} & 1 - \rho_2 F_{2,2} & \cdot & \cdot & -\rho_2 F_{2,n} \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ -\rho_{n-1} F_{n-1,1} & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & -\rho_{n-1} F_{n-1,n} \\ -\rho_n F_{n,1} & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & 1 - \rho_n F_{n,n} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} B_1 \\ B_2 \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \\ B_n \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} E_1 \\ E_2 \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \\ E_n \end{bmatrix}$$

$A \quad \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$

Solving the System of Equations



- Solution methods:
 - ~~Invert the matrix~~ – $O(n^3)$
 - Iterative methods – $O(n^2)$
 - Hierarchical methods – $O(n)$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 - \rho_1 F_{1,1} & \cdot & \cdot & -\rho_1 F_{1,n} \\ -\rho_2 F_{2,1} & 1 - \rho_2 F_{2,2} & \cdot & -\rho_2 F_{2,n} \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ -\rho_{n-1} F_{n-1,1} & \cdot & \cdot & -\rho_{n-1} F_{n-1,n} \\ -\rho_n F_{n,1} & \cdot & \cdot & 1 - \rho_n F_{n,n} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} B_1 \\ B_2 \\ \cdot \\ B_n \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} E_1 \\ E_2 \\ \cdot \\ E_n \end{bmatrix}$$

$\mathbf{A} \quad \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$

Gauss-Seidel Iteration



- 1 for all i
- 2 $B_i = E_i$
- 3 while not converged
- 4 for each i in turn
- 5 $B_i = E_i + \rho_i \sum_{j \neq i} B_j F_{ij}$
- 6 display the image using B_i as the intensity of patch i .

Gauss-Seidel Iteration



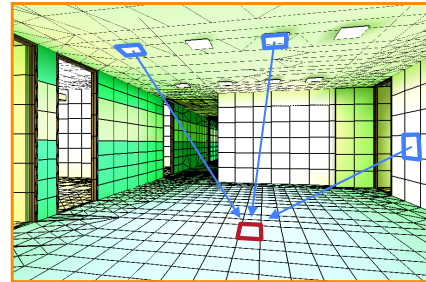
- Two interpretations:
 - Iteratively relax rows of linear system
 - Iteratively gather radiosity to elements

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 - \rho_1 F_{1,1} & \cdot & \cdot & -\rho_1 F_{1,n} \\ -\rho_2 F_{2,1} & 1 - \rho_2 F_{2,2} & \cdot & -\rho_2 F_{2,n} \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ -\rho_{n-1} F_{n-1,1} & \cdot & \cdot & -\rho_{n-1} F_{n-1,n} \\ -\rho_n F_{n,1} & \cdot & \cdot & 1 - \rho_n F_{n,n} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} B_1 \\ B_2 \\ \cdot \\ B_n \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} E_1 \\ E_2 \\ \cdot \\ E_n \end{bmatrix}$$

Gauss-Seidel Iteration



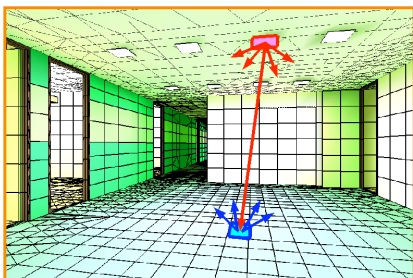
- Two interpretations:
 - Iteratively relax rows of linear system
 - Iteratively gather radiosity to elements



Progressive Radiosity



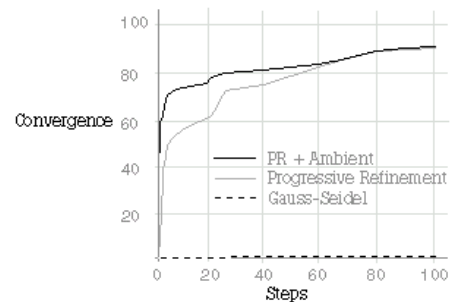
- Interpretation:
 - Iteratively shoot “unshot” radiosity from elements
 - Select shooters in order of unshot radiosity



Progressive Radiosity



- Adaptive refinement



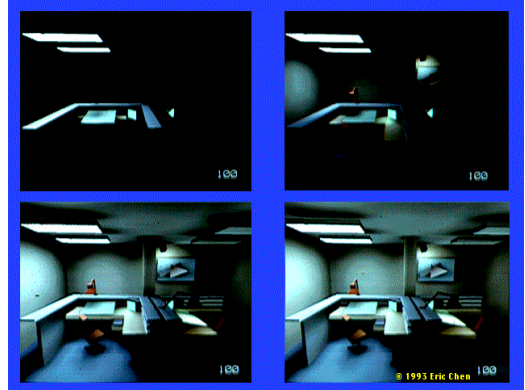
Progressive Radiosity



PROGRESSIVE SOLUTION

The above images show increasing levels of global diffuse illumination. From left to right: 0 bounces, 1 bounce, 3 bounces.

Progressive Radiosity



Surface Meshing



- Store radiosity across surface
 - Few elements
 - Represents function well
 - Few visible artifacts

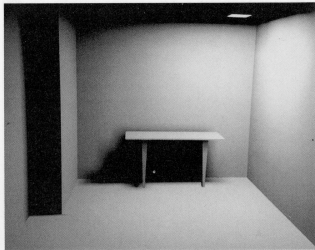
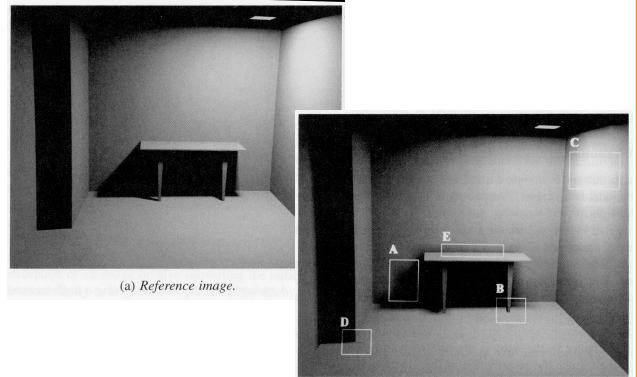


Figure 6.2: A radiosity image computed using a uniform mesh.

Cohen & Wallace

Artifacts of Bad Surface Meshing



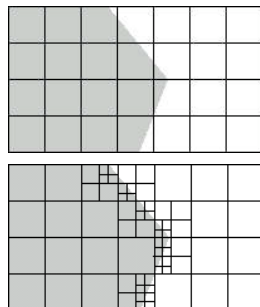
Cohen & Wallace

(b) Artifacts introduced by the approximation.

Adaptive Meshing

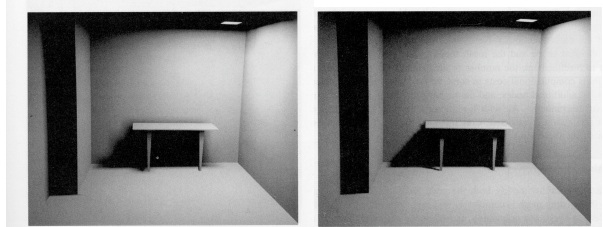


- Refine mesh in areas of high residual



Yeap

Adaptive Meshing



Uniform mesh

Adaptive mesh

Cohen & Wallace

Error Comparison

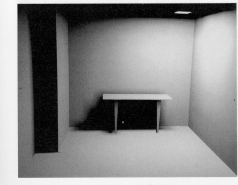


Figure 6.2. A radiosity image computed using a uniform mesh.

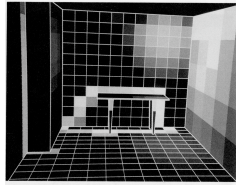


Figure 6.4. Error image.

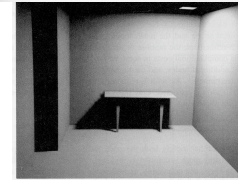


Figure 6.3. Adaptive subdivision. Compare to Figure 6.2.

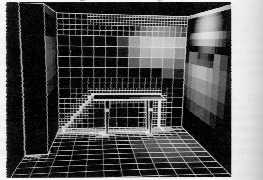
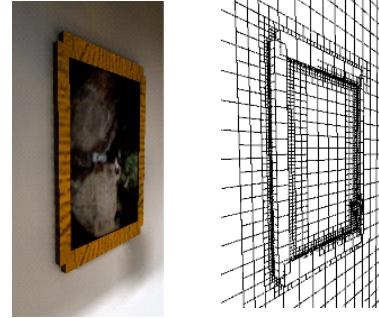


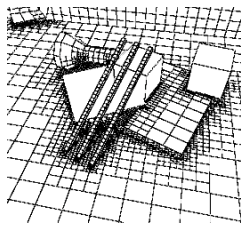
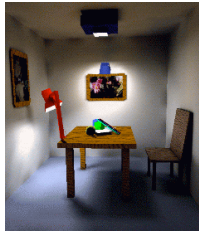
Figure 6.4. Error image for adaptive subdivision. Compare to Figures 6.4 and 6.2.

Cohen & Wallace

Adaptive Meshing



Adaptive Meshing



(table top from different angle)

Adaptive Meshing

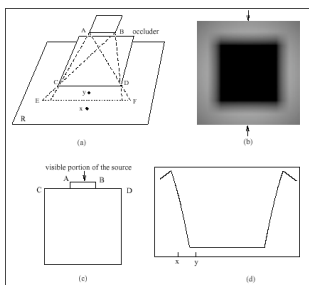


Baum et al.

Discontinuity Meshing



- Capture discontinuities in radiosity across a surface with explicit mesh boundaries

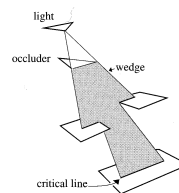


Lischinski et al.

Discontinuity Meshing



- Capture discontinuities in radiosity across a surface with explicit mesh boundaries



Discontinuity Mesh

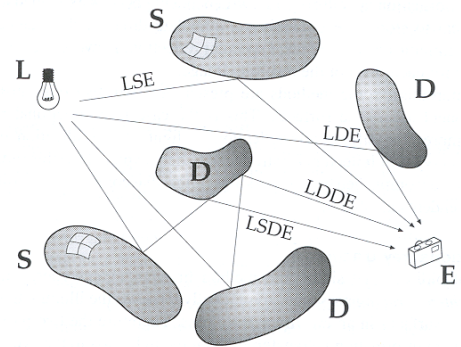
Lischinski et al.

Overview

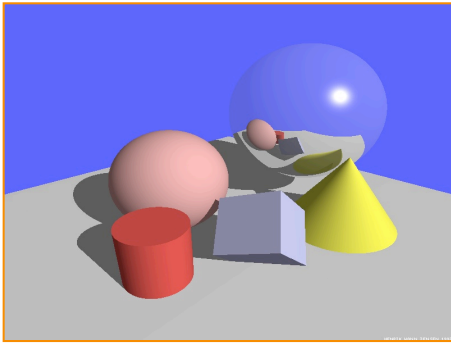


- Global illumination
 - Rendering equation
- Solution methods
 - OpenGL
 - Ray tracing
 - Path tracing
 - Radiosity
- Path types
 - $L(SID)^*E$

Path Types



Path Types?



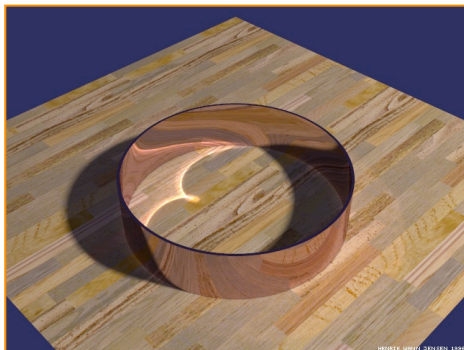
Henrik Wann Jensen

Path Types?



Paul Debevec

Path Types?



Henrik Wann Jensen

Path Types?

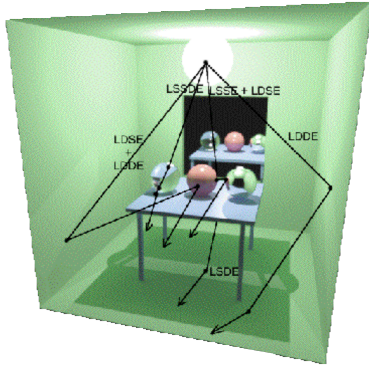


RenderPark

Path Types

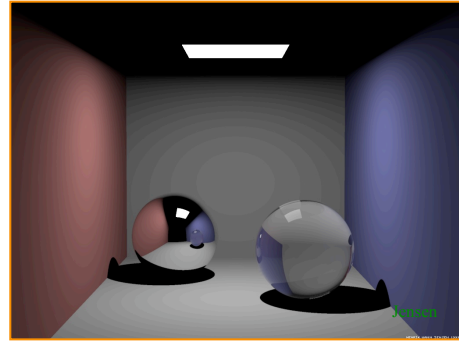


- OpenGL
 - LDE
- Ray tracing
 - LDS*E
- Radiosity
 - LD*E
- Path tracing
 - L(DIS)*E



John Hart

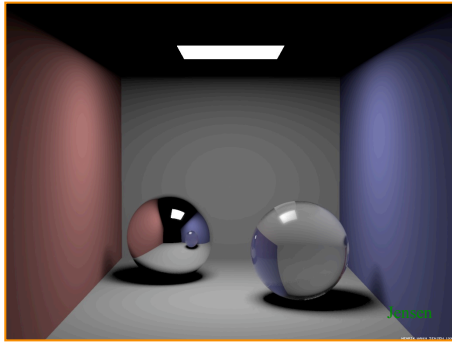
Path Types



Ray tracing

Henrik Wann Jensen

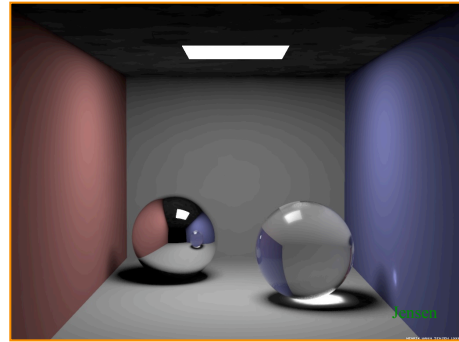
Path Types



+ soft shadows

Henrik Wann Jensen

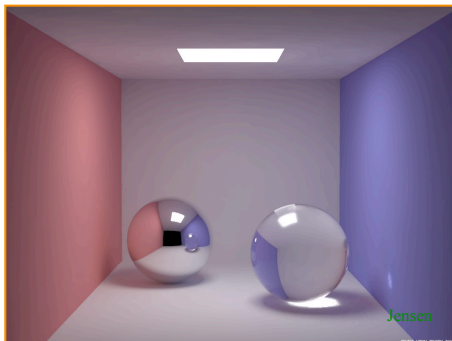
Path Types



+ caustics

Henrik Wann Jensen

Path Types



+ indirect diffuse illumination

Henrik Wann Jensen

Summary



- Global illumination
 - Rendering equation
- Solution methods
 - OpenGL
 - Ray tracing
 - Radiosity
 - Path tracing
- Path types
 - L(SID)*E