Princeton University COS 217: Introduction to Programming Systems A Minimal COS 217 Computing Environment

1. Access the Spring 2021 COS 217 Account on Ed

- 1.1. You can access Ed through Canvas.
- 1.2 Post questions and comments (that comply with the course communication policies) to Ed. Posts will be available to all other students and instructors. Remember to check Ed often, especially while working on assignments and preparing for exams.

2. Activating Your University Unix Account

One time only...

- 2.1. (If you're working off-campus) Perform the instructions on this web page to use GlobalProtect VPN. SonicWall SRA (secure remote access) instructions are also on this page. Either should work: http://helpdesk.princeton.edu/kb/display.plx?ID=6023
 You will need to install the software, whichever VPN service you select. When you click on connect with the GlobalProtect VPN icon, you will be prompted to enter a Portal Address. Enter vpn.princeton.edu
- 2.2. Use this link to activate your unix account: <u>https://eisess200l.princeton.edu/cgi-bin/Shell/nview.pl</u> You will need to be connected to the Princeton network to access the site. This can be done by connecting to Eduroam or using the VPN (as instructed in 2.1 above).
- 2.3. In the resulting *Update your Unix account* page: Select the *Enable my Unix account* radio button. Click on the *Enable my Account* button.

3. Making bash your login shell

One time only, continued from the previous section...

3.1. In the Update your Unix account page: https://eisess200l.princeton.edu/cgi-bin/Shell/nview.pl

Under the *Advanced settings* heading, select the */bin/bash – GNU Bash (/bin/bash)* radio button. Click on the *Submit Change* button. Wait about 5 minutes for the change to take effect. If you enroll in the COS 217 course after the start of the semester, then there will be a delay – typically a day or two – before you have authorization to perform the following steps.

4. Conducting an armlab Terminal Session

- The COS 217 course uses the armlab computer cluster. The cluster consists of 2 computers named armlab01 and armlab02. Both use the same file system.
- The first time you log into an armlab computer, you will be using an impoverished computing environment. Only after you configure the Bash shell (see the *Configuring the Bash Shell* section of this document) will your environment be reasonable.
- Your computer communicates with an armlab computer via any terminal application that can use the SSH (secure shell) protocol. Two such programs are PuTTY (for MS Windows) and Terminal (for Mac OS X).

Repeatedly throughout the semester as required...

4.1. Option 1: Use a computer running Microsoft Windows.

If your computer is running Microsoft Windows and you did not purchase your computer through Princeton in recent years, then you may need to download and install PuTTY. To do that: Use a web browser to visit the page <u>http://www.putty.org/</u>. Click on the *You can download PuTTY here* link. In the resulting page, click on the *putty.exe* link. In the *File Downloading* dialog box, click on the *Save* button. In the *Save As* dialog box, choose some appropriate location in your local file system.

Launch PuTTY.

Using Windows Explorer, double-click on the putty.exe file.

Log into the armlab computer.

In PuTTY:

Click on the *Window* | *Colours* Category, and make sure the *Use system colours* checkbox is checked. Click on the *Session* Category. In the *Host Name (or IP address)* text box, type this: armlab.cs.princeton.edu Make sure that the *Port* text box contains 22. Make sure the *Connection type* radio button panel is set to *SSH*.

Make sure the *Close window on exit* radio button panel is set to *Only on clean* exit.

Click on the Open button.

If a *PuTTY Security Alert* dialog box appears, click on the *Yes* button.

In the PuTTY window:

In response to the *login as:* prompt, enter your Princeton netid. If an *Access denied* message appears, ignore it.

In response to the *password:* prompt, enter your Princeton password. (The password will not echo as you type.)

Confirm that the PuTTY window displays a Linux shell prompt.

Use the armlab computer via PuTTY as desired.

Log out of the armlab computer.

In the PuTTY window, issue the exit command to disconnect from the armlab computer. (PuTTY will exit automatically.) 4.2. Option 2: Use a computer running Mac OS X.

```
Open a Terminal window.
```

Launch Spotlight by clicking on the magnifying glass icon at the right side of the menu bar. Type Terminal in Spotlight. In the resulting pop-up list click on *Terminal*.

Log into the armlab computer.

In the Terminal window:

Enter the ssh YOURNETID@armlab.cs.princeton.edu command, where YOURNETID is your Princeton netid. If an SSH-related message appears, enter yes. Enter your Princeton password. (The password will not echo as you type.)

Use the armlab computer via the Terminal window as desired.

Log out of the armlab computer. In the Terminal window, enter the exit command.

Close the Terminal window. Click on the red button at the upper left of the Terminal window.

5. Configuring the Bash Shell

One time only, in an armlab terminal session...

- 5.1. Enter the command printenv SHELL and confirm that the output is /bin/bash. If that is not the case, then redo the steps in the *Making Bash your Login Shell* section of this document.
- 5.2. Enter these two commands to copy reasonable Bash configuration files to your home directory:

```
cp /u/cos217/.bash_profile /u/YOURNETID
    where YOURNETID is your Princeton netid.
    Reply to the cp: overwrite `.bash_profile'? question by entering y.
cp /u/cos217/.bashrc /u/YOURNETID
```

where *YOURNETID* is your Princeton netid. Reply to the cp: overwrite `.bashrc'? question by entering y.

5.3. Suggestion: Enter the cat .bashrc and cat .bash_profile commands to examine the contents of the .bashrc and .bash_profile files.

The changes take effect during your next armlab terminal session.

6. Configuring the Emacs Editor

One time only, in an armlab terminal session...

6.1. Enter this command to copy a reasonable Emacs configuration file to your home directory:

cp /u/cos217/.emacs /u/YOURNETID where YOURNETID is your Princeton netid.

6.2. Suggestion: Enter the cat .emacs command to examine the contents of the .emacs file.

7. Configuring the Splint Source Code Checker

One time only, in an armlab terminal session...

7.1. Enter this command to copy a reasonable Splint configuration file to your home directory:

cp /u/cos217/.splintrc /u/YOURNETID where YOURNETID is your Princeton netid.

7.2. Suggestion: Enter the cat .splintrc command to examine the contents of the .splintrc file.

8. Copying Files between armlab and Your Computer

You can use github to create a repository of each assignment. Details will be covered in lectures.

You can also use the FileZilla application to copy files between the armlab file system and your computer's file system. FileZilla uses SFTP, the secure file transfer protocol.

One time only...

- 8.1. Download the FileZilla client and install it.
- -- (Linux) Use your Linux package manager to download and install the filezilla (or some similarly named) package.
- -- (Mac and MS Windows) Download the FileZilla client from http://filezilla-project.org/ and install it.

Note: if the link above does not work, you can try https://filezilla-project.org/download.php?show_all=1

Repeatedly throughout the semester as desired...

-- (Mac and Linux) Open a terminal application and issue this command: ssh -L localhost:8022:armlab.cs.princeton.edu:22

yournetid@armlab.cs.princeton.edu

Reply to the prompts to complete duo two-factor authentication. Subsequently communicating with port 8022 on your local computer(localhost) actually communicates with port 22 on armlab.

A sftp server is running on armlab at port 22.

-- (MS Windows) Open a command prompt and issue this command: plink.exe -L 8022:armlab.cs.princeton.edu:22 yournetid@armlab.cs.princeton.edu

Reply to the prompts to complete duo two-factor authentication. Subsequently communicating with port 8022 on your local computer(localhost) actually communicates with port 22 on armlab.

A sftp server is running on armlab at port 22.

8.2. Launch the FileZilla client application.

8.3. In the FileZilla client application:

- ---- In the Host text field type sftp://localhost.
- ---- In the Username text field type your Princeton netid.
- ---- In the Password text field type your Princeton password.
- ---- In the Port text field type 8022.
- ---- Click on the Quickconnect button.

8.4. In the FileZilla client application:

---- Repeatedly click in the left-side pane to navigate through your computer's file system.

---- Repeatedly click in the right-side pane to navigate through the armlab file system.

---- Drag-and-drop the name of the desired file from the right pane to the left pane, thus copying the file from the armlab file system to your computer's file system. Or drag-and-drop the name of the desired file from the left pane to the right pane, thus copying the file from your computer's file system to the armlab file system.

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