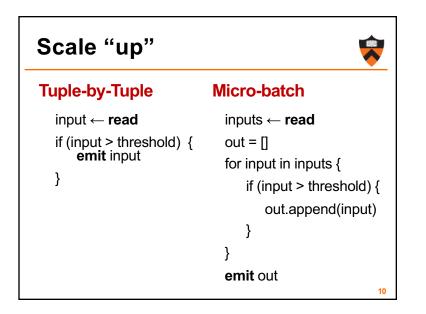
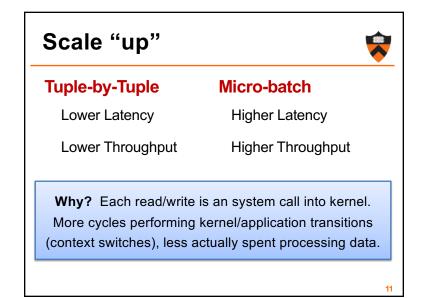


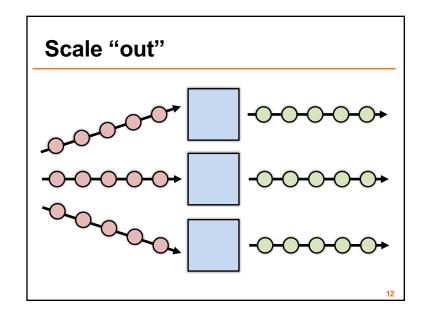


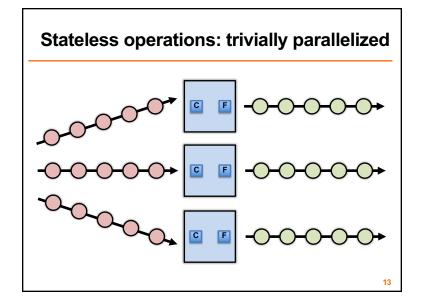
The challenge of stream processing

- · Large amounts of data to process in real time
- Examples
 - Social network trends (#trending)
 - Intrusion detection systems (networks, datacenters)
 - Sensors: Detect earthquakes by correlating vibrations of millions of smartphones
 - Fraud detection
 - Visa: 2000 txn / sec on average, peak ~47,000 / sec



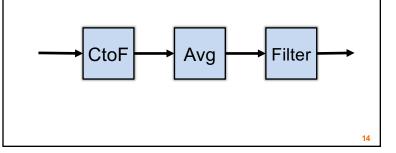


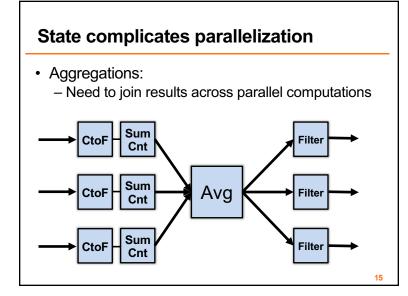






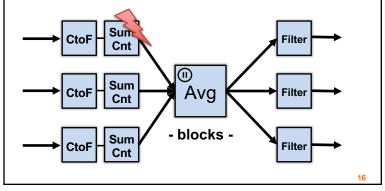
- Aggregations:
 - Need to join results across parallel computations

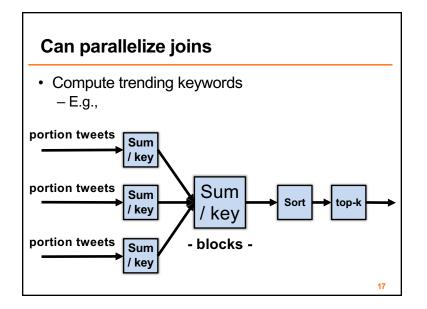


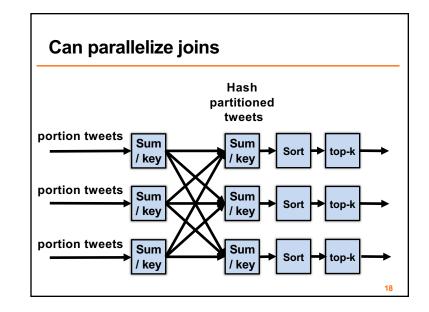


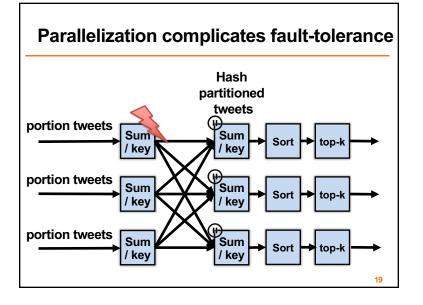
Parallelization complicates fault-tolerance

- Aggregations:
 - Need to join results across parallel computations



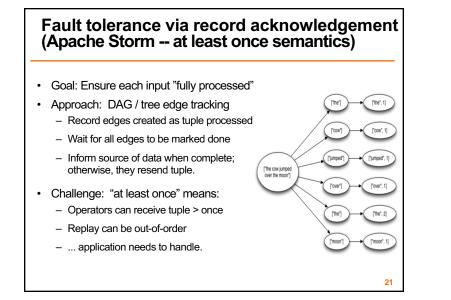






A Tale of Four Frameworks

- 1. Record acknowledgement (Storm)
- 2. Micro-batches (Spark Streaming, Storm Trident)
- 3. Transactional updates (Google Cloud dataflow)
- 4. Distributed snapshots (Flink)

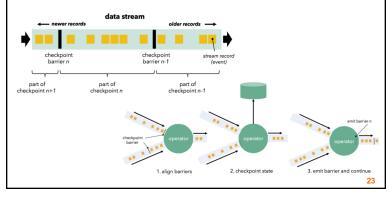


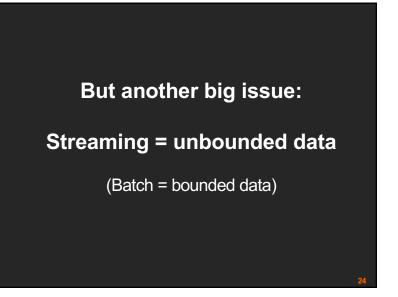
Fault Tolerance via distributed snapshots (Apache Flink)

- Rather than log each record for each operator, take system-wide snapshots
- Snapshotting:
 - Determine consistent snapshot of system-wide state (includes in-flight records and operator state)
 - Store state in durable storage
- · Recover:
 - Restoring latest snapshot from durable storage
 - Rewinding the stream source to snapshot point, and replay inputs
- Algorithm is based on Chandy-Lamport distributed snapshots, but also captures stream topology

Fault Tolerance via distributed snapshots (Apache Flink)

Use markers (barriers) in the input data stream to tell
 downstream operators when to consistently snapshot





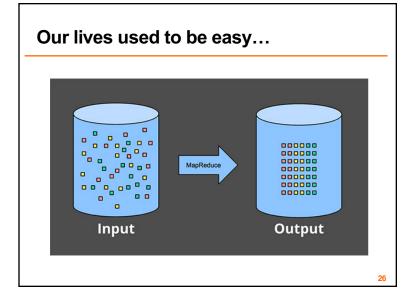
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Three major challenges

- Consistency: historically, streaming systems were created to decrease latency and made many sacrifices (e.g., at-most-once processing)
- Throughput vs. latency: typically a trade-off
- Time: new challenge

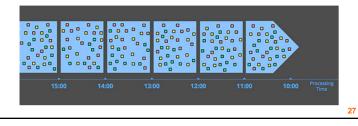
We've covered consistency in a lot of detail, let's investigate time

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New Concerns

- Once data is unbounded, new concerns:
 - Sufficient capacity so processing speed
 >= arrival velocity (on average)
 - Support for handling out-of-order data
- Easiest thing to do:



Windowing by processing time is great Easy to implement and verify correctness Great for applications like filtering or monitoring

