Q1: Give the value and type of each of the following Java expressions. If an expression will not compile or will cause an exception at runtime, put an X under value. If the value is a string, enclose it in double quotes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Expression</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 / 0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;800&quot; * 1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;1&quot; + &quot; - &quot; + &quot;1&quot;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.14159 + (int) Math.PI</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-1-1-1-1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 / 2.0 + 2 * 5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(8 &lt;= 2)</td>
<td></td>
<td>(2e8 &lt;= 8e2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Double.parseDouble(&quot;8.5*2&quot;)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;1&quot; + 1 + 1 + &quot;1&quot;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Q2: Consider the following code:

```java
public class MethodTester {
    private static void methodB(int[] c, int d) {
        c[0]++;  
        d += 42;
    }
    private static int methodA(int[] a, int b) {
        methodB(a, b);
        a[0]++;  
        return b/2;
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int[] arr = {8, 9, 10};
        int x = 1;
        x = methodA(arr, x);
        System.out.println(arr[0] + " " + x);
    }
}
```

Which one of the following is the output of this program? Circle your answer.

"8 3"
"8 10"
"8 21"
"9 1"
"9 3"
"9 21"
"10 0"
"10 1"
"10 21"
Q3: Here is a method that draws squares recursively:

```java
public static void draw(int n, double x, double y, double r) {
    if (n==0) return; // base case
    draw(n-1, x, y, r/4);
    StdDraw.square(x, y, r); // draw a square
    draw(n-1, x - r/2, y, r/4);
    draw(n-1, x + r/2, y, r/4);
}
```

Below, we plot the picture produced when `draw(3, 0.5, 0.5, 0.5)` is called. It draws thirteen squares, which we have also labelled with dashed circles and arrows. What is the order in which the squares were drawn? Write all of the integers from 1 to 13 in the circles to indicate this order, with 1 labelling the first square drawn and 13 the last.
Q4: Recursion: Consider the following program:

```
public class Series {
    public static int func(int j) {
        if (j==1) return 1;
        return 2 * func(j - 1) + 5 * func(j - 2);
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int N = Integer.parseInt(args[0]); // assume N >= 0

        System.out.println(func(N));
    }
}
```

a. Draw the recursion tree for \texttt{func(3)}. You only need to draw the tree up to 3 levels, which means the height of the recursion tree should be no greater than 3.

b. From the recursion tree in (a), do you see a problem with the program? Explain what is the problem.