COS 341, Fall 1998 October 26, 1998 Handout No. 4

## Last Year's Midterm Exam

**Problem 1**[30 points] In the very first class of the course, we discussed the *covering* problem. We showed that an  $8 \ge 8$  chessboard (consisting of 64 squares with unit-length sides) can be covered perfectly with dominos; but if we cut off two opposite corners from the chessboard, then the resulting chessboard can no longer be covered perfectly with dominos.

For this exam, consider a 9 x 9 board (consisting of 81 squares with unitlength sides). Clearly, it can be covered perfectly with *triminos*, where a trimino is a piece of dimension  $1 \ge 3$  or  $3 \ge 1$ .

*Question:* Prove that if we cut off any three (out of four) corners of the  $9 \ge 9$  board, the resulting board cannot be covered perfectly with triminos. Give a rigorous argument.

**Problem 2** [30 points] Let n be any positive integer. (a) Evaluate

$$\sum_{1 \le k \le n} \binom{2n}{2k-1} 2^{2k-1}.$$

(b) Evaluate

$$\sum_{1 \le k \le n} \binom{2n}{2k-1} k 2^k.$$

Give your answers in closed form.

**Problem 3** [30 points] Solve the following recurrence relation for  $a_n$ : (a)

$$a_0 = 3$$
  
 $na_n = (n-1)a_{n-1} + 1$ 

for  $n \ge 1$ .

(b)

$$a_0 = 3$$
  
 $na_n = (n-2)a_{n-1} + 1$ 

for  $n \ge 1$ .

Your answers must be in closed form.