

Precept 1: Bootloader

COS 318: Fall 2020

Project 1 Schedule



• Design Review:

- Monday 9/14, 3-7pm
- Tuesday 9/15, 3-7PM

Project 1 Schedule



• Precept:

Monday 9/14, 7:30-8:20 PM

• Tuesday 9/15, 7:30-8:20 PM

Project 1 Schedule



• Project Due:

• Sunday 9/20, 11:55 PM

Project 1 Overview



- Write a bootloader: **bootblock.s**
 - How to set up and start running the OS
 - Written in x86 assembly (AT&T syntax)
- Implement a tool to create a bootable OS image: **createimage.c**
 - Bootable OS image contains bootloader and kernel
 - How are executable files structured?
 - Become familiar with ELF format

General Suggestions

- Read assembly_example.s in start code pkg /u/318/code/project1
- Get bootblock.s working before starting on createimage.c
- Read documentation on ELF format
- If you haven't already started, *start now*



- Set %cs as needed in BL, zero it for the kernel
- Bootloader linked with offset of 0x0
 - **%ds** must compensate
- Kernel linked with offset of 0x1000
 - **%ds** must be set to 0x0



Bootloader

- Nothing in RAM on startup:
 - Load BIOS from ROM
 - BIOS loads bootloader from disk
 - Bootloader loads the rest





Boot Process

Loading the Bootloader



- Find bootable storage device (HDD, USB, etc.)
- Load first disk sector (MBR) into RAM at 0x7c00
- Switch control to this location



Master Boot Record



- First sector of a hard disk
 - Beginning: bootloader code
 - Remaining part: partition table
- BIOS sets %dl to the drive number
- For more info: see <u>MBR</u> and <u>Partition Table</u>

Bootloader Tasks



- 1. Load kernel into memory
- 2. Setup kernel stack
- Transfer
 control to
 kernel



BIOS Services



- Use BIOS services through INT instruction
 - Store the parameters in the registers
 - Triggers a software interrupt
- int \$INT_NUM
 - int \$0x10 # video services
 - int \$0x13 # disk services
 - int \$0x16 # keyboard services

BIOS INT 0x13



• Function 2 reads from disk

- o %ah: 2
- \circ %al: Number of sectors to read
- %ch: Cylinder number (bits 0-7)
- %cl: Sector number (bits 0-5); bits 6-7 are bits 8-9 of the cylinder number
- %dh: Starting head number
- %dl: Drive number
- %es:%bx: Pointer to memory region to place data read from disk

• Returns

- %ah: Return status (0 if successful)
- Carry flag = 0 if successful, 1 if error occurred
- For more information:
 - <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cylinder-head-sector</u>



Createimage + ELF

ELF Format



- Executable and linking format
- Created by assembler and link editor
- Object file: Binary representation of programs intended to execute directly on a processor
- Supports various processors/architectures
- Represents control data in a machine-independent format

ELF Object File Format



Execution View

ELF Header

Program Header Table

Segment 1

Segment 2

•••

Section Header Table optional

• Header (pp. 1-3 to 1-5)

- Beginning of file
- Roadmap, file organization

• Program Header Table (p. 2-2)

- Array, each element describes a segment
- Tells system how to create the process image
- Files used to create an executable program must have a program header



- **objdump**: Display information from object files
 - Read manual page (*man objdump*)
- **hexdump**: Display file contents in hexadecimal, decimal, octal, or ascii
 - Read manual page (*man hexdump*)



Questions?