

**COS 226 Data Structures and Algorithms**  
**Computer Science Department**  
**Princeton University**  
**Fall 2015**

## Week 1 Activities

### 1. Course website and Blackboard (5 mins)

Take a tour of the website. Show how to access lectures, readings, study guides, demos assignments, homework, old exams, grades (Blackboard).

### 2. Setting up the Programming Environment (15 mins)

Set up the course programming environment. Use drjava or eclipse. Install algs4.jar. Do a simple programming assignment with QuickFindUF class and WeightedQuickUnionUF class. A sample program is given below.

```
import edu.princeton.cs.algs4.WeightedQuickUnionUF;
import edu.princeton.cs.algs4.Stopwatch;
import java.util.Random;

public class UFExample1 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Stopwatch Clock = new Stopwatch();
        int n = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
        int nexttolast = n-1;
        WeightedQuickUnionUF UF1 = new WeightedQuickUnionUF(n);
        Random R = new Random();
        while (true) {
            int i = R.nextInt(n);
            int j = R.nextInt(n);
            if (!UF1.connected(i,j)){
                UF1.union(i,j);
                System.out.println("connecting " + i + " and " + j);
            }
            if (UF1.connected(0,n-1)) {
                System.out.println("\n EXITING ... now 0 and " + nexttolast + " are c
                break;
            }
        }
        System.out.println("The elapsed time is " + Clock.elapsedTime());
    }
}
```

### 3. Analysis of runtime (10 mins)

The runtime of an algorithm can be estimated by using experimental values.

- (a) Build a table of values,  $N$  versus runtime  $T$  using the WeightedQuickUnionUF. Consider only the values greater than 1 second. Explain why we would not consider times under 1 second.
- (b) Use the formula  $T = aN^b$  to estimate the values of  $a$  and  $b$

### 4. Percolation Assignment (15 mins)

The first programming assignment is to write a program to estimate the value of the percolation threshold via Monte Carlo simulation.

- (a) Explain the notion of percolation and how Union-Find can be used to simulate a percolating system.
- (b) Explain the methods in the class

```
public class Percolation {
    public Percolation(int N)           // create N-by-N grid, with all sites closed
    public void open(int row, int col)  // open the site (row, col) if it is closed
    public boolean isOpen(int row, int col) // is the site (row, col) open?
    public boolean isFull(int row, int col) // is the site (row, col) full?
    public int numberOfOpenSites()      // number of open sites
    public boolean percolates()         // does the system percolate?
}
```

- (c) Explain why all methods should take constant time. A good time to discuss the WeightedQuickUnionUF
- (d) Explain the backwash problem and ask students to come up with strategies to solve the backwash problem.
- (e) Discuss the deliverables, Percolation.java and PercolationStats.java and readme.txt files. More specifically discuss readme.txt