

Assignment #5

*Due: Thursday October 26**Sean Hallgren*

1. Show that a language is decidable iff some enumerator enumerates the language in lexicographic order.
2. Let $INFINITE_{PDA} = \{\langle M \rangle \mid M \text{ is a PDA and } L(M) \text{ is an infinite language}\}$. Show that $INFINITE_{PDA}$ is decidable.
3. Let $A = \{\langle R \rangle \mid R \text{ is a regular expression describing a language containing at least one string } w \text{ that has } 111 \text{ as a substring (i.e., } w = x111y \text{ for some } x \text{ and } y)\}$. Show that A is decidable.
4. Let $S = \{\langle M \rangle \mid M \text{ is a DFA that accepts } w^R \text{ whenever it accepts } w\}$. Show that S is decidable.
5. A useless state in a pushdown automaton is never entered on any input string. Consider the problem of determining whether a pushdown automaton has any useless states. Formulate this problem as a language and show that it is decidable.
6. (Optional) Let $E = \{\langle M \rangle \mid M \text{ is a DFA that accepts some string with more 1s than 0s}\}$. Show that E is decidable. (Hint: Theorems about CFLs are helpful here.)