# Princeton University COS 217: Introduction to Programming Systems C Operators

## **Grouped by Category:**

Operator	Precedence	Category	Description	Associativity
++	2	arithmetic	Increment	R to L
	2	arithmetic	Decrement.	R to L
+	2	arithmetic	Unary positive	R to L
_	2	arithmetic	Unary negative	R to L
*	3	arithmetic	Multiplication	L to R
,	3	+	Division	<b>+</b>
/		arithmetic		L to R
%	3	arithmetic	Modulus	L to R
+	4	arithmetic	Addition	L to R
-	4	arithmetic	Subtraction	L to R
=	14	assignment	Assignment	R to L
+=	14	assignment	Addition and assignment	R to L
-=	14	assignment	Subtraction and assignment	R to L
*=	14	assignment	Multiplication and assignment	R to L
/=	14	assignment	Division and assignment	R to L
%=	14	assignment	Modulus and assignment	R to L
<	6	relational	Less than	L to R
<=	6	relational	Less than or equal to	L to R
>	6	relational	Greater than	L to R
>=	6	relational	Greater than or equal to	L to R
==	7	relational	Equality	L to R
! =	7	relational	Inequality	L to R
			* *	
!	2	logical	Logical "not"	R to L
&&	11	logical	Logical "and"	L to R
	12	logical	Logical "or"	L to R
	12	rogrear	logical of	L CO K
[]	1	pointer	Array element select	L to R
*	2	pointer	Dereference	R to L
&	2	pointer	Address of	R to L
· ·		Political	ridar ebb or	R CO E
->	1	structure	Structure dereference and field select	L to R
	1	structure	Structure field select	L to R
•	-	beraceare	Belaceare freia Beleec	I co k
~	2	bitwise	Bitwise "not"	R to L
<<	5	bitwise	Bitwise shift left	L to R
>>	5	bitwise	Bitwise shift right	L to R
	8	_	Bitwise "and"	
&	9	bitwise	Bitwise "and"  Bitwise "exclusive or"	L to R L to R
		bitwise		
1	10	bitwise	Bitwise "or"	L to R
&=	14	bitwise	Bitwise "and" and assignment	R to L
^=	14	bitwise	Bitwise "exclusive or" and assignment	R to L
=	14	bitwise	Bitwise "or" and assignment	R to L
<<=	14	bitwise	Bitwise left shift and assignment	R to L
>>=	14	bitwise	Bitwise right shift and assignment	R to L
( )	1	function	Function call	L to R
(type)	2	cast	Cast	R to L
sizeof	2	sizeof	size of (compiletime)	R to L
?:	13	ternary	Conditional expression (ternary)	R to L
		_	_	
,	15	sequence	Sequence	L to R
<del></del>	•	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1

# **Grouped by Precedence:**

Operator	Precedence	Category	Description	Associativity
()	1	function	Function call	L to R
[]	1	pointer	Array element select	L to R
->	1	structure	Structure dereference and field	L to R
,	_	beraceare	select	1 00 K
	1	structure	Structure field select	L to R
•	<u> </u>	Beraceare	beraceare field beleet	E co k
!	2	logical	Logical "not"	R to L
~	2	bitwise	Bitwise "not"	R to L
++	2	arithmetic	Increment	R to L
	2	arithmetic	Decrement	R to L
+	2	arithmetic	Unary positive	R to L
-	2	arithmetic	Unary negative	R to L
*			Dereference	
	2	pointer		R to L
&	2	pointer	Address of	R to L
(type)	2	cast	Cast	R to L
sizeof	2	sizeof	size of (compiletime)	R to L
*	3	arithmetic	Multiplication	L to R
/	3	arithmetic	Division	L to R
રુ	3	arithmetic	Modulus	L to R
+	4	arithmetic	Addition	L to R
_	4	arithmetic	Subtraction	L to R
<<	5	bitwise	Bitwise shift left	L to R
>>	5	bitwise	Bitwise shift right	L to R
			1	
<	6	relational	Less than	L to R
<=	6	relational	Less than or equal to	L to R
>	6	relational	Greater than	L to R
>=	6	relational	Greater than or equal to	L to R
		relacionar	Greater than or equal to	H CO K
==	7	relational	Equality	L to R
!=	7	relational	Inequality	L to R
:=	/	relational	Inequality	L CO R
-	8	bitwise	Bitwise "and"	T +- D
&	8	DILWISE	Bitwise "and"	L to R
^	0	Indianal ma	Ditaring Warranian and	T t- D
	9	bitwise	Bitwise "exclusive or"	L to R
	10	bitwise	Bitwise "or"	L to R
&&	11	logical	Logical "and"	L to R
	12	logical	Logical "or"	L to R
?:	13	ternary	Conditional expression (ternary)	R to L
=	14	assignment	Assignment	R to L
+=	14	assignment	Addition and assignment	R to L
-=	14	assignment	Subtraction and assignment	R to L
*=	14	assignment	Multiplication and assignment	R to L
/=	14	assignment	Division and assignment	R to L
%=	14	assignment	Modulus and assignment	R to L
&=	14	bitwise	Bitwise "and" and assignment	R to L
^=	14	bitwise	Bitwise "exclusive or" and	R to L
		210,100	assignment	1. 00 1
=	14	bitwise	Bitwise "or" and assignment	R to L
=   <<=	14	bitwise	Bitwise of and assignment Bitwise left shift and assignment	R to L
	14		Bitwise right shift and assignment	
>>=	14	bitwise	assignment	R to L
	+		assignment	
	1.5			T
1	15	sequence	Sequence	L to R

#### Differences between C and Java

Java only:

>>> Right shift with zero extension

new Create an object

instanceof Is left operand an object of class right-operand?

C only:

-> structure member select

\* dereference & address of , sequence

sizeof compiletime sizeof

## Related to type boolean:

Java: Relational and logical operators evaluate to type boolean
 C: Relational and logical operators evaluate to type int
 Java: Logical operators take operands of type boolean
 C: Logical operators take operands of type int

## Related to class String:

Java: Operators + and += can concatenate String objects

C: Operators + and += do not concatenate String objects -- because there are no String objects

#### Java: Demotions are not automatic

C: Demotions are automatic

Copyright © 2005 by Robert M. Dondero, Jr.