

Average number of compares for QUICKSORT with distinct keys

Recurrence from recursive program

$$C_N = N - 1 + \frac{1}{N} \sum_{1 \leq j \leq N} (C_{j-1} + C_{N-j})$$

Change j to $N + 1 - j$ in second sum

$$C_N = N - 1 + \frac{2}{N} \sum_{1 \leq j \leq N} C_{j-1}.$$

Multiply both sides by N

$$NC_N = N(N - 1) + \frac{2}{N} \sum_{1 \leq j \leq N} C_{j-1}.$$

Subtract same equation for $N - 1$

$$NC_N - (N - 1)C_{N-1} = 2N + 2C_{N-1}$$

Rearrange terms

$$NC_N = (N + 1)C_{N-1} + 2N$$

Divide by $N(N + 1)$

$$\frac{C_N}{N + 1} = \frac{C_{N-1}}{N} + \frac{2}{N + 1}$$

Telescope

$$\frac{C_N}{N + 1} = 2(H_{N+1} - 1)$$

Approximate

$$C_N \approx 2N \ln N$$

Average number of compares for QUICKSORT with equal keys

Recurrence for average number of comparisons

$$C(x_1, \dots, x_n) = N + 1 + \frac{1}{N} \sum_{1 \leq j \leq N} x_j (C(x_1, \dots, x_{j-1}) + C(x_{j+1} \dots x_n))$$

Multiply both sides by $N = x_1 + \dots + x_n$

$$NC(x_1, \dots, x_n) = N(N - 1) + \sum_{1 \leq j \leq N} x_j C(x_1, \dots, x_{j-1}) + \sum_{1 \leq j \leq N} x_j C(x_{j+1}, \dots, x_n).$$

Subtract same equation for x_2, \dots, x_n (with $D(x_1 \dots x_n) \equiv C(x_1, \dots, x_n) - C(x_2, \dots, x_n)$)

$$(x_1 + \dots + x_n)D(x_1, \dots, x_n) = x_1^2 - x_1 + 2x_1(x_2 + \dots + x_n) + \sum_{2 \leq j \leq n} x_j D(x_1, \dots, x_{j-1})$$

Subtract same equation for x_1, \dots, x_{n-1}

$$(x_1 + \dots + x_n)D(x_1, \dots, x_n) - (x_1 + \dots + x_{n-1})D(x_1, \dots, x_{n-1}) = 2x_1x_n + x_n D(x_1, \dots, x_{n-1})$$

Simplify, divide by N

$$D(x_1, \dots, x_n) = D(x_1, \dots, x_{n-1}) + \frac{2x_1x_n}{x_1 + \dots + x_n}$$

Telescope (twice)

$$C(x_1, \dots, x_n) = N - n + 2 \sum_{1 \leq k \leq j \leq n} \frac{x_k x_j}{x_k + \dots + x_j}$$

Upper bound on QUICKSORT entropy

Quicksort entropy definition

$$Q = \sum_{1 \leq k < j \leq n} \frac{p_k p_j}{p_k + \dots + p_j}$$

Separate double sum

$$Q = \sum_{1 \leq k < n} p_k \sum_{k < j \leq n} \frac{p_j}{p_k + \dots + p_j}$$

Substitute $q_{ij} = (p_i + \dots + p_j / p_i)$ (**note:** $1 = q_{ii} \leq q_{i(i+1)} \leq \dots \leq q_{in} < 1/p_i$)

$$Q = \sum_{1 \leq k < n} p_k \sum_{k < j \leq n} \frac{q_{kj} - q_{k(j-1)}}{q_{kj}}$$

Bound with integral

$$Q < \sum_{1 \leq k < n} p_k \int_{q_{kk}}^{q_{kn}} \frac{1}{x} dx$$

Simplify

$$Q < \sum_{1 \leq k < n} p_k \ln q_{kn} \leq \sum_{1 \leq k < n} p_k (-\ln p_k) = H \ln 2$$