UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

STATE OF NEW YORK, et al

CA No. 98-1233(CKK)

Plaintiff,

. Washington, D.C.

v. . April 9, 2002

2:10 p.m.

MICROSOFT CORPORATION,

.

Defendant. . Volume 14

AFTERNOON SESSION

TRANSCRIPT OF TRIAL RECORD

BEFORE THE HONORABLE COLLEEN KOLLAR-KOTELLY

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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Proceedings reported by machine shorthand, transcript produced by computer-aided transcription.

Scott L. Wallace, RDR, CRR Official Court Reporter

- 1 PROCEEDINGS
- 2 THE COURT: Good afternoon, everybody.
- 3 THE COURTROOM: Good afternoon.
- 4 THE COURT: We are picking up with the
- 5 cross-examination of Mr. Schwartz by Mr. Holley.
- 6 MR. HOLLEY: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 7 CROSS-EXAMINATION OF LARRY SCHWARTZ
- 8 BY MR. HOLLEY:
- 9 O. Good afternoon, Mr. Schwartz.
- 10 A. Good afternoon, Mr. Holley.
- 11 Q. Sun believes that it has a significant head start over
- 12 Microsoft, IBM and other competitors in building out
- 13 network identity systems, correct?
- 14 A. I think we have a head start in thinking through what's
- 15 needed in the next generation of Internet applications
- 16 surrounding the network identity, yes.
- 17 Q. And you told the analysts on February 7th that the way
- 18 that Sun intended to monetize the Liberty Alliance was to
- 19 create network identity systems that used Sun's data center
- 20 systems, Sun's business logic, Sun's Web tier devices, as
- 21 well as Sun's secure identity technology?
- 22 A. As I pointed out -- yes. As I pointed out earlier in
- 23 my presentation to the analysts, I viewed the Internet as
- 24 being comprised of a number of different market segments,
- 25 and we intended on participating in all of them.

- Q. And in particular, with regard to identity systems, you 1
- intended to participate in them by providing single part
- numbers that enterprises could use to build out network 3
- identity systems which would be comprised of Sun hardware, 4
- Sun operating systems, Sun server applications, and Sun
- consulting services; is that right? 6
- 7 Α. Yes.
- Q. And Sun, on March 12th of this year, introduced two
- such part numbers; is that correct? 9
- 10 Α. Yes.
- One of those part numbers is a version of a network 11 0.
- 12 identity system for use inside corporate intranets; is that
- right? 13
- 14 Α. Yes.
- 15 And that version costs \$150,000; is that right?
- Yes. And I believe it supports -- I don't have the 16
- 17 numbers in front of me, if you are reading from a press
- 18 release -- I think 10,000 users.
- Q. You have a very good memory, Mr. Schwartz. 19
- 20 And the Internet version of Sun's network identity
- 21 platform costs at a price that only Kmart could love,
- \$999,995, right? 22
- 23 A. Yes.
- Okay. So, roughly a million dollars it costs? 24 Ο.
- 25 Just under, actually. Α.

- Q. Makes it very attractive. 1
- And how many users can that network identity system
- support? 3
- I may fail the quiz. I think if you have the release 4
- ahead of you, I think it will say. I think it's a quarter
- of a million, half a million, somewhere in there. 6
- 7 Quarter of a million is what this says. 0.
- Α. Yes.
- And does that comport with your recollection? 9
- 10 Α. I believe so, yes.
- Now, looking, sir, if you would, at Paragraph 117 of 11 Ο.
- 12 your written direct testimony, and tell me when you're
- 13 there.
- 14 A. I'm there.
- Q. You say here that Microsoft's proprietary extensions to 15
- 16 Kerberos ensure that PCs and other client devices running
- 17 non-Microsoft versions of Kerberos could not interoperate
- 18 securely with non -- with Microsoft's servers. Excuse me.
- And do you continue to believe that that is so, sir? 19
- 20 A. Yes.
- Now, Sun has an implementation of Kerberos called the 21
- 22 Sun Enterprise Authentication Mechanism or SEAM; is that
- 23 right?
- 24 A. I believe so, yes.
- 25 Q. And Sun is a leading sponsor of an industry consortium

- 1 called Connectathon that Sun founded in 1996; is that
- 2 right?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 Q. And one of the things that Connectathon does is permit
- 5 different vendors to come to a particular site and test to
- 6 see whether their implementations of various industry
- 7 standards are interoperable, correct?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. And at the 2000 Connectathon which Sun sponsored, one
- 10 of the things that was looked at was whether a Solaris
- 11 workstation running SEAM could interoperate with a Windows
- 12 2000 server?
- 13 A. For a specific function, which I believe was
- 14 authentication.
- 15 O. I'd like to show you what's been marked as Defendant's
- 16 Exhibit 932.
- 17 MR. HOLLEY: May I approach the witness, Your
- 18 Honor?
- 19 THE COURT: Yes.
- THE WITNESS: Thank you.
- 21 Q. Defendant's Exhibit 932 is a report from Sun
- 22 Microsystems concerning Connectathon 2000, correct?
- 23 A. Yes.
- MR. HOLLEY: Your Honor, I move for the admission
- of Defendant's Exhibit 932.

- 1 MS. FULTON: No objection.
- THE COURT: All right, then, I'll admit it.
- 3 (Defendant's Exhibit 932 admitted into evidence.)
- 4 BY MR. HOLLEY:
- 5 Q. Now, if you look at the second page of this document,
- 6 up at the top it says: "Presentation Objective," and it
- 7 says: "To present the actual testing configurations and
- 8 the test results of the interoperability between SEAM 1.f 0
- 9 and Windows 2000 Kerberos Version 5."
- 10 Do you see that, sir?
- 11 A. Yes, I do.
- 12 Q. And on the next page of the document, it shows a
- 13 configuration that was tested of a single Kerberos realm
- 14 with a Windows 2000 key distribution center. Do you know
- 15 what a key distribution center is in Kerberos, sir?
- 16 A. No, I do not.
- 17 O. And in this test, a Windows 2000 key distribution
- 18 center was tested with SEAM clients, and is it your
- 19 understanding that a SEAM client here is a client running
- 20 Sun's version of Kerberos?
- 21 A. Actually, I'm not very familiar with SEAM, so --
- THE COURT: I'm sorry?
- 23 THE WITNESS: I'm not very familiar with SEAM, so
- 24 I'm probably not the best person to talk to about this.
- 25 BY MR. HOLLEY:

- 1 Q. Well, you did testify, sir, to this Court about
- 2 Kerberos interoperability, did you not?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 Q. Do you see at the bottom of the page the line that
- 5 says: "Test results. All scenarios worked"?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. And do you know what that means in the context of SEAM
- 8 clients interoperating using Kerberos with a Windows 2000
- 9 server?
- 10 A. I don't, but I presume that for the scenarios it used
- 11 -- or for the scenarios it tested, it worked. But that's
- 12 not to suggest that all the scenarios were tested.
- 13 Q. But as you sit here today, you don't know which
- 14 scenarios the Sun engineers who prepared Defendant's
- 15 Exhibit 932 did test, do you?
- 16 A. I'm sorry, that I know which scenarios that tested?
- 17 O. Do you know which scenarios the Sun engineers who
- 18 prepared Defendant's Exhibit 932 tested?
- 19 A. I do not.
- 20 Q. Now, in Paragraph 129, Mr. Schwartz -- and tell me when
- 21 you're there -- of your written direct testimony, sir.
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 Q. Before we go there, Mr. Schwartz, if you look back at
- 24 Defendant's Exhibit 932, and flip through from Page 3 to
- 25 the end of the document, do you see any indication that the

- 1 result of any of the tests that were conducted by the Sun
- 2 engineers were that scenarios failed?
- 3 A. Well, again, this is the first time I've seen this
- 4 document. This document is now two years old, and it
- 5 addresses the interoperability of a set of scenarios with
- 6 which I'm unfamiliar, and moreover addresses Win 2K and not
- 7 either Passport or Win XP. So I'm heartened to see that
- 8 there are scenarios identified here that worked. But I
- 9 have no way of knowing if this is all the scenarios or if
- 10 that interoperability extends to today.
- 11 Q. Well, Mr. Schwartz, if you look back, sir, at Paragraph
- 12 117, what you told the Court was that Microsoft's
- 13 proprietary extensions to Kerberos ensured that PCs and
- 14 other client devices running non-Microsoft versions of
- 15 Kerberos, for example a SEAM client, could not interoperate
- 16 securely with Windows servers.
- Now, when you made that statement, Mr. Schwartz,
- 18 don't you think it was important to know what Sun engineers
- 19 had learned in tests about precisely the scenario you just
- 20 described?
- 21 A. The engineers with whom I spoke were working on today's
- technology with today's products and were not necessarily
- 23 involved in March of 2000 in a potentially limited
- 24 interoperability testing between a set of technologies that
- 25 existed then. And as best I understand from my

- 1 interactions with Sun's teams that are involved in the
- 2 development of our directory and security technologies,
- 3 that interoperability doesn't exist today.
- 4 Q. Well, you're entirely reliant on what you are told by
- 5 other people on this subject, are you not, because you are
- 6 not up to speed on Kerberos?
- 7 A. I am up to speed on the business issues and the use of
- 8 Kerberos in, you know, providing identity systems today.
- 9 I'm not a developer necessarily who can construct an
- 10 identity system from whole cloth.
- 11 Q. And, in fact, when you wanted to know about the
- 12 authorization data field in Microsoft's Kerberos tickets,
- 13 you went to one of your colleagues, Mark Terranova, to ask
- 14 him because you couldn't figure it out yourself; isn't that
- 15 right, sir?
- 16 A. I went to Peter Yared, who is the chief technology
- 17 officer for our Liberty internal project; to Stephen
- 18 Borcich, who is the director of our identity and directory
- 19 business unit. I went to Larry Abrahams, who has been
- 20 overseeing the technology developed to enable Liberty
- 21 interoperability, and I got a uniformed set of perspectives
- 22 from them.
- 23 Q. Now, let's go back to the question I asked you three
- 24 minutes ago, which was, if you look at Defendant's Exhibit
- 25 932, sir, do you see any indication here, as of the date of

- 1 this document, which is in 2000, that any scenario
- 2 involving Windows 2000 implementation of Kerberos and the
- 3 Sun implementation of Kerberos resulted in a test that
- 4 failed?
- 5 A. I would like to point out again that in March of 2000,
- 6 and for the scenarios that were defined here, that for the
- 7 tests that were identified, they appear to have worked, but
- 8 I have no way of knowing whether that is all of the tests
- 9 or if that involved anything more than the simplest
- 10 authentication.
- 11 Q. Now, let's go back, if you would, sir, to your written
- 12 direct testimony, Paragraph 129.
- 13 You say here that, "Microsoft's presence in the
- 14 server software market allows it to exert control over
- 15 servers hosting or running Web services in ways that will
- 16 protect the position of Windows."
- 17 Do you know what the relative share is of Apache
- 18 Web serves running on Linux relative to Microsoft servers?
- 19 A. I'm sorry, the relative share of --
- 20 Q. The relative share of Apache Web servers running on
- 21 Linux versus Windows servers as hosts for Web sites?
- 22 A. I believe I recently saw a Stat Market survey, or maybe
- 23 was a Net Craft survey, that suggested Microsoft had
- 24 something like half of those Web servers.
- 25 Q. And Apache the other half?

- I believe so, and other technologies and products. 1
- And contrary to what you say here in Paragraph 129, Sun
- tells customers that it offers interoperability solutions 3
- that permit everything in the heterogeneous network to work 4
- together, including Windows clients and non-Windows
- servers, right? 6
- 7 I'm sorry, what are --
- Q. My question is -- you say here in Paragraph 129 that
- Microsoft's presence in the server software market allows 9
- 10 it to exert control over servers hosting or running Web
- servers in ways that will protect the position of Windows. 11
- 12 By that do you mean to suggest that there is no
- interoperability between Windows operating systems and 13
- 14 other operating systems?
- 15 There is certainly some level of interoperability; Α.
- 16 it just is not complete interoperability.
- 17 Q. Well, is that what Sun tells customers? Does Sun say
- 18 to customers: We offer some interoperability, but it isn't
- 19 very good?
- 20 A. We certainly would not advertise incompatibilities; we
- would do our best to provide the interoperability that we 21
- 22 could possibly provide.
- Q. Well, let's look at what's been marked as Defendant's 23
- Exhibit 929. 24
- 25 MR. HOLLEY: May I approach the witness, Your

- 1 Honor?
- THE COURT: Yes.
- 3 THE WITNESS: Thank you.
- 4 BY MR. HOLLEY:
- 5 Q. Now, in this brochure from Sun Microsystems, the cover
- 6 says: "With Sun interoperability solutions, everything
- 7 works together."
- 8 That's what it says, right?
- 9 A. Yes, it does.
- 10 Q. And it doesn't qualify that statement in any way, does
- 11 it, sir?
- 12 A. No, it does not.
- 13 O. And if you look at the penultimate page of this
- 14 document, which has been marked as Defendant's Exhibit 929,
- 15 Sun tells the world that -- and I'm looking on the
- 16 left-hand column in the second paragraph -- that "Sun PCI
- 17 cards permit you to run Windows and DOS applications in a
- 18 Solaris environment, "right?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 Q. And on the right-hand column of this document, Sun
- 21 tells the world that "You can run a product called PC
- 22 Netlink and provide Windows NT network services, including
- 23 authentication to your PCs."
- Do you see that, sir?
- 25 A. Yes. And I would question, first of all, the date of

- 1 this document, which I don't see. And when, in fact, this
- 2 $\,$ was produced, it may have been in the duration when we had
- 3 licensed technology from AT&T to enable that NT
- 4 interoperability.
- 5 But shortly after that license was made, I believe
- 6 that Microsoft severed a relationship with AT&T that
- 7 provided us with the necessary interoperability. So I
- 8 don't know when this document was produced or to what
- 9 technology it refers.
- 10 Q. Have you seen this document at any time within the last
- 11 72 hours?
- 12 A. No, I have not.
- 13 O. Do you know whether you could walk over to a computer
- 14 right now and get a copy of this document from Sun's Web
- 15 site?
- 16 A. I do not. But once again, it is PC Netlink for an
- 17 unspecified version of Windows NT; not Win 2000 or Win XP.
- 18 It is for an unspecified version, and it is for an
- 19 unspecified level of interoperability.
- 20 Q. Okay. Well, assume with me for the purposes of this
- 21 question that if you went to the Internet right now to
- 22 www.sun.com, you could get a full color version of the
- 23 document that appears as Defendant's Exhibit 929. Does
- 24 that affect -- would that affect your testimony about what
- 25 this means to say that Sun PC Netlink provides Windows NT

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1 services, including authentication to PCs attached to a

- 2 Solaris server?
- 3 A. What would be interesting to me is to find out what
- 4 version of NT and to what degree each of these levels of
- 5 interoperability was actually provided. And given the
- 6 current information, I can't determine that.
- 7 And I guess that at a more fundamental level, it
- 8 seems like what we're talking about is the level of
- 9 disclosure required to interoperate. And if the assertion
- 10 is that Sun has all of the information it needs to
- interoperate, then it seems like the States' remedy for
- 12 disclosure would be entirely consistent with what you've
- 13 suggested we need.
- 14 Q. Well, doesn't that all depend on what the word
- 15 "interoperate" means, sir?
- 16 A. Absolutely.
- 17 Q. Correct. And if the word "interoperate" means what it
- 18 means in the non-Settling States' remedy proposal, then
- 19 Microsoft has to disclose sufficient information to permit
- 20 Sun or anyone else to create an exact functional equivalent
- 21 for a Windows 2000 server; do you agree with that?
- 22 A. I believe that it is designed to enable the creation of
- 23 substitutes. So to the extent that we will create an
- implementation that supports the same APIs, to me that
- 25 doesn't mean a clone or in some other way an illicitly

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- produced copy. Sun delivers a standard set of APIs, and 1
- multiple competing companies produce implementations of
- those APIs. They don't have to peek at one another's 3
- source codes to do so. 4
- 0. That's a business model that Sun has chosen, correct?
- Yes. And that was, I thought, as well, the intent of 6
- 7 the disclosure obligations.
- That's your understanding of what the non-Settling 0.
- States are seeking to achieve through Section 4? 9
- 10 Among them the capacity for multiple participants to
- produce competing implementation and for consumers to 11
- 12 choose, yes.
- Q. Now, look at Paragraph 158, if you would, sir, of your 13
- 14 written direct testimony which appears at Page 45.
- 158? 15 Α.
- Yes, sir. It's the second complete paragraph on Page 16 Ο.
- 17 45.
- 18 Α. Yes.
- 19 Now, in the last sentence of this paragraph, which is
- 20 referring to Section 1 of the non-Settling States' proposed
- 21 remedy, you say that this remedy contemplates removal of
- 22 the underlying code. Do you see that, sir?
- 23 A. Yes.
- 24 Q. And that's your understanding of what Section 1 would
- 25 require, correct; that Microsoft actually permit the

- 1 removal of software code from things that it ships
- 2 currently as Windows operating systems?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 Q. Now, you've never seen the source code for any
- 5 Microsoft operating system; is that right?
- 6 A. No, I have not.
- 7 Q. And you have no knowledge whatsoever about the internal
- 8 architecture of Windows operating systems; is that right?
- 9 A. Yes, that is correct.
- 10 Q. You, nonetheless, you believe, do you not,
- 11 Mr. Schwartz, that OEMs, computer manufacturers, should be
- 12 permitted to remove pieces of Windows that expose APIs to
- 13 software developers because that would lead to competition
- 14 to deliver the richest platform that delivers the best
- 15 operating environment for Web services?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 Q. And you acknowledge, do you not, Mr. Schwartz, that in
- 18 that world in which OEMs were free to delete whatever
- 19 portions of the Windows API they liked, software developers
- 20 would have to choose between Compaq's platform version of
- 21 Windows against the Dell platform version of Windows
- 22 against the Fujitsu version of Windows against the IBM
- 23 platform version of Windows?
- 24 A. In much the same way they originally had the
- 25 opportunity to choose the Netscape browser or the Internet

- 1 Explorer browser or the Java delivered by Microsoft or the
- 2 Java delivered by another licensee, yes.
- 3 Q. And I just want to be clear, when you say yes at the
- 4 end of that answer, you mean yes in the world created by
- 5 Section 1, there would be multiple versions of Windows
- 6 created by different OEMs, and software developers would
- 7 have to choose which of those platforms they wanted to
- 8 target?
- 9 A. I believe there would be multiple configurations of
- 10 Windows and that would put OEMs in a position to decide
- 11 which configuration was optimal for them to deliver into a
- 12 competitive marketplace. Developers would similarly have
- 13 the choice to determine which configuration and which set
- of middleware was appropriate for their intended purpose.
- 15 Q. Look, if you would, sir, at Paragraph 164 of your
- 16 written direct testimony in which you're commenting on
- 17 Section 3(d) and Section 3(e) of what's come to be known as
- 18 the SRPFJ, and tell me when you're there, sir.
- 19 A. I am there.
- 20 Q. Now, you criticize the SRPFJ in those two sections
- 21 because it does not cover, first of all, server-to-server
- 22 interactions, and that is a criticism that you have, is it
- 23 not, sir?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. And are you aware of any discussion, either in the

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- 1 Court of Appeals opinion in this case or the District Court
- 2 opinion in this case of one server interacting with
- 3 another?
- 4 A. I believe when you talk about Web services, and the
- 5 example I used, whether it's The New York Times home page
- 6 or the Amazon.com home page, there are multiple
- 7 interactions that are presented to a user through a
- 8 browser, all of which are contemplated by a browser.
- 9 Q. Okay. But I asked you a slightly different question,
- 10 sir, which is: Are you aware of any portion of either the
- 11 District Court opinion or the Court of Appeals opinion in
- 12 this case that discusses the interaction of one server to
- 13 another?
- 14 A. I am not a lawyer, and I have not read those opinions.
- 15 O. Okay. And I take it that if I asked you that same
- 16 question with regard to B, C and D, you would give me the
- 17 same answer, which is that you are not a lawyer and you
- 18 have not read either the District Court opinion or the
- 19 Court of Appeals opinion, and therefore you do not know; is
- 20 that correct?
- 21 A. Yes, that is correct.
- 22 Q. Now, you say in Paragraph 177, Mr. Schwartz, that the
- 23 desktop, what you refer to as the desktop flexibility
- 24 provisions in the SRPFJ in Paragraphs 3(c) and 3(h) are to
- 25 restrictive. Do you see that, sir?

- 1 A. Yes.
- 2 Q. You believe, do you not, that computer manufacturers $\operatorname{\mathsf{dr}}$
- 3 OEMs should be free to place icons on the Windows desktop
- 4 that are so large that the icons obscure the start menu?
- 5 A. I believe that OEMs should be given the choice to
- 6 configure their products as they see fit in the
- 7 marketplaces, and any that would choose to put the power
- 8 button on the back of the computer instead of on the front,
- 9 I would suggest, would face market forces that would either
- 10 correct their behavior or put them out of business.
- 11 Q. But, sir, can you answer the question that I asked you,
- 12 which is, if -- you believe that OEMs should be given the
- 13 right to place icons on the Windows desktop that are so
- 14 large that they obscure the start menu?
- 15 A. That would be the OEM's choice, yes.
- 16 Q. And you believe that's a choice they should be able to
- 17 make?
- 18 A. Absolutely.
- 19 Q. You also believe that OEMs should be in a position to
- 20 put an icon for Web browsing software in the control panel
- 21 of the operating system, correct?
- 22 A. If they chose to do so for whatever irrational reason,
- 23 that would be their choice, yes.
- 24 Q. But you believe that they should have that choice, do
- 25 you not, sir?

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- 1 A. I absolutely do.
- 2 Q. And you believe that OEMs should have the right to
- 3 place an icon for Web browsing software smack on top of the
- 4 start button of the operating system, do you not, sir?
- 5 A. I absolutely do. That would be their choice.
- 6 Q. And you believe that this Court should ensure that they
- 7 have the choice to do exactly that; which is to take an
- 8 icon for Web browsing software and put it right on top of
- 9 the start button of the operating system so that you can no
- 10 longer see the start button?
- 11 A. Yes. And I believe that I could probably paint an even
- 12 more absurd series of choices that an OEM might make, but
- 13 the point is the OEMs would be in a competitive marketplade
- 14 where users and consumers would be free to choose those
- 15 that were configured as they saw fit.
- 16 Q. You also believe, do you not, Mr. Schwartz, that
- 17 Microsoft should be prohibited from automatically invoking
- 18 Internet Explorer to perform functions like providing
- 19 HTML-based help to users?
- 20 A. I believe that Microsoft should -- or that OEMs should
- 21 have the flexibility to determine which products they use
- 22 for Web browsing, yes. And to the extent that that
- 23 removes, you know, functionality, that again is the OEM's
- 24 choice.
- 25 Q. And is your view in this regard informed at all by what

- 1 the Court of Appeals for this Circuit said about the
- 2 automatic invocation of Internet Explorer to provide HTML-
- 3 based help to end-users?
- 4 A. I'm sorry, is it based on what who said?
- 5 Q. Is it informed at all, your view, about what the Court
- 6 of Appeals in this case said about the automatic invocation
- 7 of Internet Explorer to provide HTML help to end-users?
- 8 A. I have not read that document.
- 9 Q. Now, you say in Paragraph 178 of your written direct
- 10 testimony that "The SRPFJ does not permit the inclusion by
- 11 OEMs of any competing identity authentication authorization
- 12 systems as a rival to .NET Passport."
- Do you see that, sir?
- 14 A. Yes, I do.
- 15 O. Now, under Microsoft's license agreements for Windows
- 16 operating systems, OEMs have precisely that right, do they
- 17 not.?
- 18 A. I'm uncertain as to Microsoft's current licensing
- 19 practice on that.
- 20 Q. So you don't know one way or the other whether OEMs can
- 21 do that, do what you are suggesting under their current
- 22 license agreements?
- 23 A. I do not.
- 24 Q. Now, Sun lobbied the Department of Justice prior to the
- 25 filing of this lawsuit in May of 1998; is that right?

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- I would disagree with that characterization. 1 We were
- approached by the Department of Justice for clarification
- on certain technical elements of the marketplace.
- And you personally participated in at least one meeting 0.
- with representatives of the Department of Justice to
- discuss Microsoft; is that right? 6
- 7 I believe at their invitation. Α. Yes.
- I would like to show you what's been marked for
- identification as Defendant's Exhibit 841. 9
- 10 MR. HOLLEY: May I approach the witness, Your
- Honor? 11
- 12 THE COURT: Yes.
- BY MR. HOLLEY: 1.3
- 14 This is a document that, as you can see from the
- 15 production numbers, was produced from the files of Sun
- 16 Microsystems, a letter addressed to Charles A. James,
- 17 Assistant Attorney General, United States Department of
- 18 Justice, sent by a Christopher Hankin, Director of Federal
- Affairs, Sun Microsystems, Inc. And attached to it is a 19
- 20 document entitled "Sun's Position Paper on Behavioral
- 21 Remedies in the United States versus Microsoft" dated
- 22 January -- well, I think this date doesn't make any sense,
- 23 but the footer on the second page says 1-18-2002.
- 24 Α. Yes.
- 25 Were you aware that in the fall of 2001 Sun

- representatives were communicating with the Department of 1
- Justice about this case and the remedies that should be
- awarded by the Court? 3
- The government approached us, and we responded in kind, 4
- seems completely understandable, and that those discussions
- continued for as long as the Department of Justice saw fit 6
- 7 doesn't surprise me.
- MR. HOLLEY: Your Honor, I move the admission of
- Defendant's Exhibit 841. 9
- 10 THE COURT: Any objection?
- MS. FULTON: No objection, Your Honor. 11
- 12 THE COURT: All right, then, I'll admit 841.
- (Defendant's Exhibit 841 admitted into evidence.) 13
- 14 BY MR. HOLLEY:
- 15 Now, in this letter on the first page from Mr. Hankin,
- the Director of Federal Affairs of Sun Microsystems, he 16
- 17 "Pursuant to the suggestion you made in your letter
- 18 of October 17, I enclose herewith a paper setting out Sun
- Microsystems' position on remedies in the Microsoft case." 19
- 20 And is it your understanding, Mr. Schwartz, that
- 21 the paper that he refers to in that paragraph is, in fact,
- 22 the one that appears starting at page -- the second page of
- this document? 23
- 24 I have no way of knowing, but I would assume, given
- 25 that they are stapled together.

- 1 Q. Now, look at this document starting at Page 19.
- 2 There's a section entitled VI, Roman VI: Remedies to
- 3 Redress Microsoft'S Monopoly Power. And I'd like to turn
- 4 first -- to the first of those proposed remedies from Sun
- 5 Microsystems which appears at Page 20. It's entitled
- 6 "Open Nondiscriminatory Licensing of Internet Explorer
- 7 Source Code." Do you see that?
- 8 A. I do.
- 9 Q. And do you have up there with you, sir, a copy of the
- 10 non-Settling States' proposed remedy?
- 11 A. Yes, I do.
- 12 Q. Can you look, sir, at Paragraph 12 of the non-Settling
- 13 States' proposed remedy and tell me what that one is about?
- 14 A. I'm sorry, Paragraph 12 or Section 12?
- 15 O. Section 12, I think, sir.
- 16 A. It's about the open source license for Internet
- 17 Explorer.
- 18 Q. So Sun's first proposed remedy, which is the open
- 19 source licensing of Internet Explorer source code, showed
- 20 up in the non-Settling States' proposed remedy, correct?
- 21 A. Yes. But again, I'd like to flip back, if we could, to
- 22 the front page of that letter, which begins: "Dear
- 23 Mr. James."
- 0. Um-hmm.
- 25 A. And in the second paragraph -- actually third paragraph

- 1 after "thank you," you'll note it says: "Pursuant to the
- 2 $\,$ suggestion you made in your letter of October 17th." So my
- 3 understanding is this was at the invitation of Mr. James.
- 4 Q. Okay. And I have no quarrel with that. I'm just
- 5 asking you a different question, which is: Is the proposal
- 6 contained in Paragraph A starting on Page 20 of Defendant's
- 7 Exhibit 841 reflected in the non-Settling States' proposed
- 8 remedy?
- 9 A. Clearly, yes.
- 10 O. And it's not in the SRPFJ, is it?
- 11 A. No, I do not believe so.
- 12 Q. So presumably Mr. James didn't think it was a very godd
- 13 idea?
- 14 A. Or Microsoft didn't, yes.
- 15 MS. FULTON: Objection, Your Honor.
- 16 Q. Okay. Let's look at the remedy labeled B that starts
- 17 on Page 22. It's entitled "Mandatory Distribution of Java
- 18 Run-time in Microsoft Platform Software."
- Now, this proposal from Sun appears at Paragraph 13
- of the non-Settling States' proposed remedy, does it not?
- 21 A. Yes, it does.
- 22 Q. Let's look at Sun's next suggestion.
- 23 A. And actually -- let me qualify that.
- Not having read this letter, I don't know if it is
- 25 exactly reflected, but given that they both say "Java

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- distribution, " I'm assuming that they're at least similar. 1
- They both relate to the mandatory distribution of Java
- run-times in Microsoft platform software, correct, sir? 3
- Α. Yes. 4

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- Now let's look at Proposal C from Sun Microsystems.
- talks about use of industry-standard platform interfaces 6
- and security protocols. 7
- Now, this is a subject that is addressed by the
- non-Settling States in Paragraph 16 of their proposed 9
- 10 remedy; is that correct?
- Again, not having read this before, I'm assuming that 11
- 12 reference to industry-standard and security protocols would
- be covered under Section 16 as well as the disclosures. 13
- 14 By the disclosures, you mean under Section 4 of the Ο.
- 15 non-Settling States' proposed remedy?
- 16 Yes. Α.
- 17 Ο. Now, in this particular instance, the non-Settling
- 18 States didn't go quite as far as Sun wanted, right? Sun
- asked that for a period of ten years from the date of entry 19
- 20 of final judgment -- and I'm on Page 25 of Defendant's
- 21 Exhibit 841 -- "Microsoft shall be enjoined from
- 22 introducing any new Microsoft platform interface in its
- platform software, modifying any existing Microsoft 23
- 24 platform interface in its platform software, or subsetting
- 25 or supersetting any industry-standard platform interface, "

- 1 and the non-Settling States didn't go that far. They just
- 2 said that if Microsoft subsets or supersets standards, it
- 3 has to say that it's done so. Is that your understanding,
- 4 sir?
- 5 A. Yes, to the extent that they claim that they are
- 6 supporting those standards.
- 7 Q. Now let's look at Sun's Proposal D, which appears at
- 8 the top of Page 27 entitled "Nondiscriminatory Disclosure
- 9 and Licensing of Platform Interfaces."
- Is it your understanding that the substance of this
- 11 Proposal D appears in Section 4A of the non-Settling
- 12 States' proposed remedy?
- 13 A. Again, without reading it, I wouldn't know exactly.
- 14 Q. Well, in this particular instance, Sun asked the
- 15 Justice Department to get a consent decree which forced
- 16 "Microsoft to disclose in whatever form and media Microsoft
- 17 disseminates such information to its own personnel, all
- 18 platform interfaces and technical information that
- 19 Microsoft employs to enable Microsoft platform software
- 20 installed on a personal computer to interoperate
- 21 effectively with applications and/or Microsoft platform
- 22 software installed on that or any other device, " and then
- 23 it goes on.
- 24 There is an uncanny similarity in that language to
- 25 the language in Section 4A, is there not, sir?

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- 1 A. Again, without having read this letter, you know, I
- 2 would not be surprised.
- 3 Q. You wouldn't be surprised?
- 4 A. Given what you have just indicated, no.
- 5 Q. Now, Sun's Proposal E in its White Paper says that
- 6 Microsoft should be required to port Microsoft Office to
- 7 other platforms. Do you see that, sir?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 O. And the non-Settling States changed that a little bit.
- 10 They decided that Microsoft shouldn't have to do the
- 11 porting itself, but rather Microsoft should have to auction
- 12 Office to three people and let them do the porting. Is
- 13 that your understanding of what Section 14 of the
- 14 non-Settling States' proposed remedy does?
- 15 A. I wasn't prepared to testify about it, but I will take
- 16 you at your word.
- 17 Q. Well, I don't want to put words in your mouth, sir.
- 18 you look at Paragraph 14 of the non-Settling States'
- 19 proposed remedy, it says: "Mandatory continued provision
- 20 of Office to Macintosh and mandatory licensing of Office
- 21 for the purpose of making Office available on other
- 22 operating systems."
- 23 A. Yes.
- 24 Q. Okay.
- 25 MS. FULTON: It's outside of the scope of direct,

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- 1 Your Honor.
- 2 MR. HOLLEY: Your Honor, it goes directly to the
- 3 bias of this witness.
- 4 THE COURT: I'll allow it
- 5 BY MR. HOLLEY:
- 6 Q. Section F of Sun's proposed remedy is entitled
- 7 "Knowing Interference with Non-Microsoft Middleware
- 8 Performance, and that appears at Paragraph 5 of the
- 9 non-Settling States' proposed remedy, does it not, which is
- 10 entitled: Knowing -- excuse me -- Notification of Knowing
- 11 Interference With Performance.
- 12 A. I'm sorry. It goes to or is similar to?
- 13 O. Well, at a minimum it's similar to it, isn't it?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. Okay. And then in Section G of Sun's position paper
- 16 entitled "Compliance," they encourage the creation of a
- 17 so-called secure facility where third parties can come to
- 18 study, interrogate and interact with the source code and
- 19 any related documentation for Microsoft platform software.
- 20 And that language almost inhaec verba appears in Section
- 21 4C?
- 22 A. What was that term?
- 23 Q. That means in those same words, in Latin. In the
- 24 section entitled "Compliance," 4C of the non-Settling
- 25 States' proposed remedy, correct?

- 1 A. Yes, he addresses creating a secure facility.
- 2 Q. And then Paragraph H of Sun's proposal is that
- 3 Microsoft be restricted from investing in additional lines
- 4 of business, and this concept is picked up in Paragraph 20
- 5 of the non-Settling States' proposed remedy where various
- 6 standard industry classifications are listed, and Microsoft
- 7 is supposed to give 60 days' prior notice before it makes
- 8 any acquisitions in those SIC code areas. Do you see that,
- 9 sir?
- 10 A. I'm sorry. Let me turn to that.
- 11 Section 20 addresses investments in specific types
- 12 of companies, yes.
- 13 Q. And then in a section of this White Paper entitled
- 14 "Procedure" under the heading Roman 7, one of the things
- 15 that Sun suggests is that there be a Special Master
- 16 appointed to determine that Microsoft is complying with the
- 17 consent decree. Do you see that, sir?
- 18 A. Yes, I do.
- 19 Q. And that suggestion is picked up in Paragraph 18 of the
- 20 non-Settling States' proposed remedy, which says that there
- 21 should be a Special Master to determine whether Microsoft
- 22 is complying with the consent decree?
- 23 A. Yes, that is the case.
- 24 Q. And then Sun suggests that there be, in Section 7C,
- 25 what is referred to as a crown jewel provision, where if

- 1 Microsoft fails to comply with the consent decree, in this
- 2 particular case the company would be broken up. Do you see
- 3 that? That's the Sun proposal.
- 4 A. Yes, I do.

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- 5 Q. And then the non-Settling States adopted a slightly
- 6 less draconian view of that. They say in Paragraphs 19B
- 7 and C that "If Microsoft engages in knowing acts of
- 8 noncompliance, then the Court may consider an order
- 9 requiring Microsoft to license the source code for the
- 10 Microsoft software products implicated in the acts of
- 11 material noncompliance." Do you see that, sir, in
- 12 paragraph 19C?
- 13 A. T do.
- 14 Q. Is there any suggestion that Sun made in its White
- 15 Paper to Mr. James that appears in the SRPFJ?
- 16 A. I wouldn't know. I haven't read the document.
- 17 Q. Okay. And is there any suggestion that Sun made in its
- 18 White Paper that does not appear in one form or another in
- 19 the non-Settling States' proposed remedy?
- 20 A. Once again, I haven't read the document.
- 21 THE COURT: Which document do you keep saying you
- 22 haven't read?
- THE WITNESS: I have not read the Sun letter to
- 24 Charles James.
- THE COURT: 841, the attachment?

- 1 THE WITNESS: Yes, I'm sorry, the White Paper.
- 2 MR. HOLLEY: I have no further questions, Your
- 3 Honor.
- 4 THE COURT: All right. Redirect.
- 5 REDIRECT EXAMINATION OF LARRY SCHWARTZ
- 6 BY MS. FULTON:
- 7 Q. Mr. Schwartz, I'd like to draw your attention to
- 8 Paragraph 63 of your written testimony.
- 9 A. Go ahead.
- 10 Q. In the second sentence in that paragraph, you testify
- 11 that it's your understanding that Netscape Navigator's
- 12 share is about 7 percent today, while Microsoft's Internet
- 13 Explorer share has risen to approximately 90 percent.
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. Is that your testimony?
- 16 A. That is my testimony.
- 17 Q. And can you please tell us what the basis is for that
- 18 testimony?
- 19 A. Sure. It's Stat Market, which is a service that
- 20 provides a vendor neutral analysis of the marketplace
- 21 similar to the survey that Mr. Holley alluded to provided
- 22 by Net Craft to look at Web servers. This one focuses on
- 23 the Web browser marketplace.
- 24 Q. And is Stat Market a market data service that you rely
- 25 on in the course of your business?

- I mean, it's relied upon for various, you know, 1 Α.
- and different market analyses, and the browser is one of
- them. 3
- Is it relied upon by other individuals and executives 4 Ο.
- in your industry?
- A. Absolutely. 6
- 7 MS. FULTON: No further questions, Your Honor.
- MR. HOLLEY: Your Honor, I move to strike that
- testimony on the grounds that those documents that he says 9
- 10 he relied on are hearsay. They're not before the Court.
- Well, I would agree with that. 11 THE COURT:
- 12 MS. FULTON: Your Honor, there is an exception in
- Federal Evidence 80317 for market reports that are relied 13
- 14 upon by people in the industry.
- 15 MR. HOLLEY: Your Honor, I could accept
- 16 Ms. Fulton's statement if she had bothered to bring them to
- 17 present them to Your Honor, but we don't have them, and
- 18 we're depending on Mr. Schwartz's memory about what they
- say. So I continue to suggest that they're hearsay, Your 19
- 20 Honor.
- 21 THE COURT: I will look at it. It does seem to me
- 22 that for me to make this decision, you haven't given me
- what it is that he's relied on. So I just have his views 23
- 24 that that's what it's in. But I'll take a look at it in
- terms of the rule and see how its considered. 25

- 1 MS. FULTON: Thank you, Your Honor. I have no
- further questions.
- 3 MR. HOLLEY: Your Honor, could I address two small
- housekeeping matters? I misspoke earlier when I said that 4
- Defendant's Exhibit 952 had been admitted into evidence. 5
- It has not. But I would move for its admission now. 6
- 7 THE COURT: Okay. Let me just find out. Do you
- want to indicate to her which one it is?
- 9 MR. HOLLEY: I think she has it, Your Honor.
- 10 MS. FULTON: I have it, Your Honor, and I'm going
- 11 to object. It's hearsay.
- 12 THE COURT: What is it?
- MS. FULTON: It is titled "Comparing Microsoft.net 13
- 14 with Sun One."
- THE COURT: Where is the document from? 15
- 16 MR. HOLLEY: Your Honor, it's produced from Sun.
- 17 It says at the bottom, "Sun, confidential, for internal use
- 18 only." It's dated January 16th of this year.
- I think it plainly falls within the business 19
- 20 records exception, and I would just note that the
- 21 non-Settling States did not object to the admission of this
- 22 document in the pretrial submissions.
- THE COURT: Is that correct? If you didn't object 23
- 24 to it, then I'm not sure what position -- and if it's one
- of Sun's documents themselves --25

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- MS. FULTON: Your Honor, I objected because the 1
- witness said he had not seen the document before.
- no clear author. It says, "Sun, confidential, for internal 3
- use only," but it doesn't even say it's written by anyone 4
- at Sun.
- THE COURT: You didn't -- the first question I have 6
- 7 is did you object originally to it?
- MS. FULTON: I just checked with my colleagues, and
- they have told me we did not. 9
- 10 THE COURT: Then it seems to me that the question
- that you have raised -- I would be inclined to admit it. 11
- 12 And the question that you have raised and the issues really
- go to the weight that the Court should accord it, and I 13
- 14 would handle it in that way if there was not an original
- 15 objection, and I'll look at the document in light of what
- 16 you've indicated --
- 17 MS. FULTON: Thank you.
- 18 THE COURT: -- in terms of what weight I accord it.
- MR. HOLLEY: Thank you, Your Honor. And one last 19
- 20 point.
- 21 In light of Mr. Schwartz's testimony on
- 22 cross-examination that the basis for his statement in the
- last phrase of Paragraph 110 was exclusively statements 23
- 24 made by Mr. Muglia at Forum 2000 and statements made to him
- 25 by members of the Liberate Alliance about what Microsoft

- 1 had said to them, I now move to strike that phrase as
- 2 hearsay.
- MS. FULTON: Your Honor, statements by Mr. Muglia
- 4 were clearly statements by a party. They're admitted under
- 5 that exception.
- 6 THE COURT: Do you want to answer in terms of
- 7 Mr. Muglia? I would agree with you in terms of his
- 8 discussing it with various engineers at Sun that aren't
- 9 going to testify as hearsay; however, Mr. Muglia is not.
- MR. HOLLEY: Well, but we're relying on
- 11 Mr. Schwartz's recollection of what Mr. Muglia said. It
- 12 would be one thing to have a written record of Mr. Muglia's
- 13 comments at Forum 2000, which I happen to know are
- 14 available on the Microsoft Web site, but the normal sort of
- 15 reliability that results from having something come in as
- 16 an admission depends on the idea that the substance of the
- 17 admission is known.
- Here we don't have any of those indicators of
- 19 reliability. We're depending entirely on what Mr. Schwartz
- 20 remembers what Mr. Muglia said. I don't know if the
- 21 hearsay exception that Ms. Fulton is relying on applies
- 22 here.
- THE COURT: Do you want to respond to that?
- MS. FULTON: I think that's the clear purpose of
- 25 the hearsay exception, Your Honor.

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- 1 THE COURT: What I will do is -- in terms of -- I
- 2 will strike the comments by participants -- various other
- 3 people that he -- I think these were comments by -- not
- 4 engineers, I got it mixed up with something else -- this is
- 5 comments by participants at the Liberty Alliance that said
- 6 that they repeated to Mr. Schwartz what Microsoft
- 7 supposedly said to them, and I think that that clearly is
- 8 hearsay within hearsay.
- 9 In terms of Mr. Muglia, what I will do is go back,
- 10 take a look at his exact testimony to make a decision as to
- 11 whether it fits as a statement of a party opponent. If it
- 12 does, then the issue will go to how much weight to give it.
- 13 But I need to look more carefully at his testimony in order
- 14 to make a decision about that in terms of how he described
- 15 it, but I will do that as part of my finding now that
- 16 there's a record of it.
- 17 MS. FULTON: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 18 THE COURT: Okay. One thing that could be done in
- 19 terms of the earlier document, which was the document that
- 20 Sun provided, which was 952, is if you've taken a portion
- 21 out of it, if it has a cover page, it probably would be
- 22 helpful, unless they didn't give it to you that way. I
- 23 mean, if it had a cover page that went with the document
- 24 I'll leave it up to you how you wish to do it in terms of
- 25 the weight to be given, but it would certainly be helpful

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- if it came with some cover as to what it was connected to. 1
- It probably would be helpful to the Court.
- MR. HOLLEY: I appreciate that suggestion, and I 3
- will look into it, and if there is such a cover page, I 4
- will bring it to the Court's attention.
- THE COURT: And opposing counsel as well, 6
- 7 obviously.
- You're excused, sir.
- We'll be moving to the next witness presumably. 9
- 10 Why don't we take just a short break at this point. This
- clock says 10 after; my watch says 5 after. But let's go 11
- 12 by mine, which says 5 after. We'll take an afternoon break
- and then begin so we don't interrupt the next witness's 13
- 14 testimony. It's a 15-minute break.
- 15 We'll be going until 5 today.
- 16 (Break taken from 3:10 to 3:25 p.m.)
- THE COURT: All right. Good afternoon. 17 We have
- one -- wait one second. 18
- We have one preliminary matter that's unrelated to 19
- 20 the next witness. I've received a phone call from
- 21 Mr. Brown representing the media about wanting access --
- 22 about wanting copies of four depositions. As I understand
- it, two of them were from the depositions that the 23
- 24 plaintiffs took which have been provided, I believe -- we
- 25 just got a message on the phone -- and two, I believe, from

- 1 Microsoft, and you have not provided it saying you needed a
- 2 court order.
- 3 And I guess the question I first have first is, am
- 4 I accurate that you all have given them two so that issue
- 5 is gone? Yes? No?
- 6 MR. SULLIVAN: Which two, Your Honor?
- 7 THE COURT: I don't know. I don't know who it is.
- 8 MR. KUNEY: I would have to talk to --
- 9 THE COURT: Somebody is putting their hand up.
- 10 Yes, sir.
- MR. WARDEN: I can respond for both of us, I think.
- 12 Mr. Kuney advised me that they were going to, after making
- 13 redactions, give the two that were requested, which were
- 14 Assistant Attorney General Greene and -- I can't remember
- 15 the other one. Borthwick, who has, of course, already
- 16 been --
- 17 THE COURT: So Greene and Borthwick, and --
- 18 presumably we'll be taking out the confidential, highly
- 19 confidential, which is the way we had done it for the
- 20 earlier ones we gave out, and then what's left?
- 21 MR. WARDEN: What's left is Mr. Gates and
- 22 Ms. Brock, and I advised Mr. Brown that we would not
- 23 consent to give them access to those transcripts, and I
- 24 told him that he'd had his bite at the apple. I did not
- 25 say, quote, "we need a court order," closed quote. I said

- 1 no. I said, you had your bite at the apple, and we can't
- 2 have this going on while we're on trial, and that's it;
- 3 enough is enough.
- 4 THE COURT: Okay. Well, it does seem to me -- I
- 5 think it's a fair inference on their part, then, that if
- 6 you are not going to give them out, to come to the Court.
- 7 So, in terms of -- is the reason strictly going to
- 8 be that it is burdensome, or are there other reasons, or do
- 9 you wish to brief it for me to make a decision? How do you
- 10 wish to handle it?
- MR. WARDEN: Your Honor, we would be happy to
- 12 follow whatever procedure that Your Honor wishes, including
- 13 briefing.
- 14 There are several grounds, one of which has already
- 15 been briefed, which is the distinction between actual
- 16 judicial proceedings, as to which the standards for sealing
- 17 are relatively rigorous, and Your Honor has been following
- 18 them faithfully, and deposition material that's never
- 19 introduced into evidence, which, as the Supreme Court has
- 20 observed is A, not the basis for any judicial action, and
- 21 B, customarily private.
- The second is -- they had their chance. They
- 23 should have asked for whatever it was they wanted. They
- 24 didn't. We're in the middle of a trial. We have to go
- 25 through these things and redact them before they can be

- turned over. That's burdensome. We have plenty of other 1
- things to do.
- 3 THE COURT: Okay. So it's the original arguments
- that were made about the difference between judicial 4
- procedures and depositions, which I addressed.
- MR. WARDEN: And other discovery materials, right. 6
- 7 THE COURT: Which I addressed in my last order.
- They didn't ask at the time, and they need --
- burdensomeness, which is probably your principle argument 9
- in terms of -- is there somebody here from the media, 10
- counsel from the media that's in a position to make an 11
- 12 argument?
- Are these requests for these individuals, were 13
- 14 these additional people within the -- you know, we had sort
- 15 of two rounds of this -- we had the original grouping of
- witnesses, and then there were some additional witnesses, 16
- 17 18 witnesses. Are they out of that group, or are they back
- 18 to --
- 19 MR. WARDEN: No, no, no, they're not.
- 20 THE COURT: They're not the newest depositions,
- 21 they're the old group, the original group?
- They are the original group of 22 MR. WARDEN:
- There is a waiver here. 23 witnesses.
- 24 THE COURT: I'm sorry?
- 25 They can't just be coming in, you MR. WARDEN:

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- know, every other day saying we want something more that 1
- they didn't ask for the last time.
- And these -- you know, Mr. Gates is scheduled to be 3
- a witness. Ms. Brock is also scheduled to be a witness. 4
- They can come to court and listen to their testimony. So
- the public interest they claim to be representing will be 6
- 7 served by the public record that will be made here.
- THE COURT: All right. I'm not quite sure -- I
- guess the one issue in terms of responding is I don't know 9
- 10 why they didn't ask. They asked for all of them, which I
- did not give them. 11
- 12 MR. WARDEN: Yes.
- 13 THE COURT: And they focused on five specific ones.
- 14 MR. WARDEN: And these weren't among them.
- 15 THE COURT: Which I'm not sure why they are coming
- 16 in at this point. So I'll get back to you on this one.
- 17 MR. WARDEN: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 18 THE COURT: All right. Let's get to the next
- witness. 19
- (ANDREW W. APPEL, PLAINTIFF'S WITNESS, SWORN) 20
- 21 DIRECT EXAMINATION OF ANDREW W. APPEL
- 22 BY MR. HODGES:
- MR. HODGES: Hello, Your Honor. Kevin Hodges on 23
- 24 behalf of the plaintiff litigating states.
- 25 Good afternoon, Dr. Appel. How are you?

- 1 THE WITNESS: Fine, thank you.
- THE COURT: Dr. Appel, if I could just give you a
- 3 few directions before I forget.
- 4 Make sure you speak in a large, clear voice. We
- 5 have the fan on. We need to have you speak up so we can
- 6 make sure we all hear you.
- 7 I'd ask that you not speak too quickly so I can
- 8 absorb the information and we get a record.
- 9 Allow counsel to finish their questions before you
- 10 start to answer, even though you know what they are going
- 11 to ask you, just so you are not interrupting each other.
- 12 They should wait for you, of course, as well, to finish
- 13 your answer.
- In terms of objections, if you see counsel at
- 15 either of the tables start to stand up, or you hear the
- 16 word "objection," if you haven't started to answer, please
- 17 don't; if you are in the middle, please stop. Let me hear
- 18 what their objections are, and then I'll make a ruling and
- 19 tell you whether to go forward. Okay?
- THE WITNESS: All right.
- 21 BY MR. HODGES:
- 22 Q. Please state your full name for the record.
- 23 A. Andrew W. Appel.
- MR. HODGES: Your Honor, may I approach the
- 25 witness?

- THE COURT: Yes. 1
- Q. Dr. Appel, I've shown you what's been marked as
- Plaintiffs' Exhibit 1833. Do you recognize this as your 3
- direct testimony in this case? 4
- Α. Yes.
- And do you affirm the testimony contained in 6 Ο.
- 7 Plaintiffs' Exhibit 1833?
- A. Yes.
- MR. HODGES: Your Honor, at Pages 4 through 7 of 9
- 10 Dr. Appel's written testimony is a statement of his
- background and qualifications. No objection has been made 11
- 12 to Dr. Appel's written direct testimony, and I would offer
- Dr. Appel as an expert in the field of computer science and 13
- 14 software engineering.
- 15 THE COURT: There was no objection?
- 16 MR. HOLLEY: No objection.
- 17 THE COURT: Presumably, then, I will go ahead and
- 18 qualify him, then, as such an expert.
- 19 Thank you, Your Honor. MR. HODGES:
- 20 One more preliminary matter. We have not
- 21 designated Dr. Appel's direct testimony as confidential.
- 22 However, as an expert witness, he's in an unusual situation
- of having based some of his opinions on information that 23
- 24 Microsoft may consider to be confidential. So I would
- 25 invite Microsoft to -- we've heard nothing from Microsoft

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- 1 on confidentiality, but I invite them to be heard if they
- 2 would consider anything in there requiring to be filed
- 3 under seal or a redaction or anything in that nature.
- 4 MR. HOLLEY: Your Honor, if we had thought there
- 5 was something, we would have made a motion. And Mr. Hodges
- 6 is correct; we have not.
- 7 THE COURT: All right.
- 8 MR. HODGES: Thank you.
- 9 THE COURT: All right. Then I will go ahead and
- 10 admit 1833, which is the direct testimony of Dr. Appel, and
- 11 we can proceed.
- 12 (Plaintiff's Exhibit 1833 admitted into evidence.)
- 13 CROSS-EXAMINATION OF ANDREW W. APPEL
- 14 BY MR. HOLLEY:
- 15 O. Good afternoon, Dr. Appel. How you are?
- 16 A. Fine. Good afternoon.
- 17 Q. Now, if you look, sir, at your written direct
- 18 testimony, which you have in front of you; is that correct?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 Q. It says on the cover in a parenthetical: Remedies 1,
- 21 4, and 16. Do you see that, sir?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 Q. And am I correct in interpreting that to mean that you
- 24 are only offering your expert opinions with regard to those
- 25 three sections of the non-Settling States' proposed remedy?

- 1 A. Yes. In the written direct testimony, I've only
- 2 addressed those points.
- 3 Q. You were not expressing any opinion about the technical
- 4 feasibility of any other sections of the non-Settling
- 5 States' proposed remedy, correct?
- 6 A. I believe in the written direct testimony I have
- 7 expressed no opinions about those other sections.
- 8 Q. And you're not expressing any view as to the technical
- 9 accuracy of various complaints that have been leveled at
- 10 Microsoft by representatives of a number of competitors who
- 11 testified as fact witnesses at this hearing?
- 12 A. I'm not sure whether I've addressed that in my written
- 13 testimony.
- 14 Q. Well, as you sit here today, do you have in mind any
- 15 particular complaints leveled at Microsoft by competitors
- 16 who appeared as fact witnesses that you do intend to
- 17 address in your testimony?
- 18 A. I'm not sure. I think at this point what I address in
- 19 my testimony will be responsive to the questions you ask
- 20 me.
- 21 Q. Okay. And in your written direct testimony, you don't
- 22 recall, as you sit here, addressing the technical accuracy
- of any complaints leveled at Microsoft by competitors who
- 24 have appeared as witnesses in this hearing?
- 25 A. I have at points in my direct testimony cited testimony

- 1 of other witnesses in this case. I can't remember if it's
- 2 both plaintiffs' witnesses and defense witnesses. And I
- 3 only cited testimony of plaintiffs' witnesses to the extent
- 4 I thought that there was anything substantive to cite.
- 5 Q. Okay. As a housekeeping matter, I'd like to show you
- 6 now your two deposition transcripts in this case as well as
- 7 a copy of the non-Settling States' proposed remedy so you
- 8 have them up there with you.
- 9 MR. HOLLEY: May I approach the witness, Your
- 10 Honor?
- 11 THE COURT: Yes.
- 12 BY MR. HOLLEY:
- 13 O. Looking first at the first provision on the
- 14 non-Settling States' proposed remedy which you address in
- 15 your testimony, Section 1, you agree, do you not, sir, that
- one purpose of Section 1 is to facilitate the creation of
- 17 substitutes for all or part of Windows operating systems?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. The obligation imposed by Section 1 on Microsoft is to
- 20 ensure that no matter what components of Windows a
- 21 third-party licensee elects to remove, the remainder of the
- 22 operating system will continue to function effectively and
- 23 without degradation other than the elimination of the
- 24 functionality that was provided by the component that has
- 25 been removed?

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- 1 A. Not exactly. The provision 1 requires Microsoft to
- 2 make it possible for OEMs to remove individual Microsoft
- 3 middleware products. So it's not the case that any
- 4 individual component of the operating system must be
- 5 removable according to the provisions of this paragraph,
- 6 but only the individual Microsoft middleware products.
- 7 Q. Well, take a look, if you would, sir, at your second
- 8 deposition, which occurred on March 13th, 2002, and I call
- 9 your attention to Page 264, Line 8, and tell me when you're
- 10 there, sir.
- 11 A. I'm there.
- 12 Q. Do you recall being asked the question: "And the
- obligation imposed by Section 1 on Microsoft is to ensure
- 14 that no matter what component or components the licensee
- 15 elects to remove, the remainder of the operating system
- 16 will continue to function without degradation?"
- 17 And you answered: "Other than the elimination of
- 18 the functionality that's been removed."
- 19 And then I asked you the question: "Okay. But
- 20 with that caveat that obviously functionality removed
- 21 doesn't magically stay, the operating system is supposed to
- 22 continue to function effectively and without degradation
- 23 despite the removal of these components by the licensee?"
- And you answered that: "That's right."
- Do you remember being asked those questions and

- 1 giving those answers, sir?
- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 Q. Section 1 applies to five different Microsoft operating
- 4 systems; is that right, sir?
- 5 A. I believe that may be right. I could look more closely
- 6 at the remedy, if you would like.
- 7 Q. Well, I direct your attention, sir, to the definition
- 8 of a Windows operating system product in Paragraph 22RR?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. So a Windows operating system product is defined in
- 11 this paragraph as Windows 95, Windows 98, Windows 98 Second
- 12 Edition -- Well, actually it doesn't say that. It says
- 13 Windows 95, Windows 98, Windows 2000 Professional, Windows
- 14 ME -- do you understand that to mean a reference to Windows
- 15 Millennium Edition?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 Q. Windows XP and their successors. So that's how Windows
- 18 operating system product is defined in the non-Settling
- 19 States' proposed remedy, correct?
- 20 A. Yes.
- 21 Q. And then if you turn back to Section 1.
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 Q. It says: "Microsoft shall not in any Windows operating
- 24 system product," that defined term we just looked at,
- 25 "excluding Windows 98 and Windows 98SE, it distributes,

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- 1 beginning six months after the date of entry of this final
- 2 judgment, bind any Microsoft middleware product to the
- 3 Windows operating system" -- and then it proceeds on to
- 4 explain what Microsoft has to do.
- 5 So the only two operating systems that are excluded
- 6 from the definition in 22RR are Windows 98 and Windows 98
- 7 Second Edition, correct?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 O. So that leaves Windows 95, Windows Millennium, Windows
- 10 2000 Professional, Windows XP Home, and Windows XP
- 11 Professional as operating systems that are subject to the
- 12 requirements of Section 1 of the non-Settling States'
- 13 proposed remedy?
- 14 A. It has been my understanding that Windows ME is just a
- minor variant to Windows 98, and I wouldn't say that the
- 16 definition of RR covers exactly a certain number of
- 17 operating systems. It lists the ones you mentioned. It
- 18 includes the Windows operating systems for personal
- 19 computers code named this and that.
- I think the -- we could certainly interpret the
- 21 intent of Provision 1 to treat Windows ME similarly to
- 22 Windows 98 and Windows 98SE.
- 23 Q. Well, where are you getting that, sir? Windows
- 24 operating system product is a defined term in this
- 25 document, is it not? Look back at Page 26 of the

- 1 non-Settling States' remedy. It says, "Windows operating
- 2 system product means, and it lists a variety of operating
- 3 systems, including Windows ME.
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. And then if we flip back to Section 1, there's no
- 6 exclusion of Windows ME in that parenthetical in the first
- 7 sentence of Section 1, is there, sir?
- 8 A. No, there is not.
- 9 Q. And there is no exclusion of Windows 95 in that
- 10 parenthetical, is there, sir?
- 11 A. That is also true.
- 12 Q. And you believe that Microsoft would be required to
- 13 create so-called unbound versions of both Windows 95 and
- 14 Windows ME if Microsoft continued to distribute those
- 15 operating systems after Section 1 became effective?
- 16 A. I think that is true of Windows 95. I'm not sure
- 17 whether it's true of Windows ME.
- 18 Q. And the basis for your equivocation on Windows ME is
- 19 your understanding that it is a minor variant of Windows
- 20 98?
- 21 A. That's right.
- 22 Q. You have made no effort to estimate how much time and
- 23 effort would be required to create the unbound versions of
- 24 Windows that are required by Section 1, have you?
- 25 A. I have actually studied that issue in some ways.

- 1 Q. In what ways have you studied that issue?
- 2 A. One thing I've done is I've examined a tool called
- 3 Windows XP Embedded, and another thing I've done is I've
- 4 given some thought to various technical options open to
- 5 Microsoft in complying with the provisions of Remedy 1.
- 6 So, yes, I have studied this issue in various ways.
- 7 Q. In that study, have you had occasion to look at the
- 8 source code for Windows XP Home or Windows XP Professional?
- 9 A. Yes, I have had a chance to look at the source code for
- 10 Windows XP.
- 11 Q. Okay. And how many hours have you spent studying the
- 12 38 million lines of software code that comprise Windows XP?
- 13 A. Since the time available -- since the source code was
- 14 made available to the plaintiffs, it wasn't enough to read
- 15 all 38 million lines of the source code in detail. I have
- 16 engaged two assistants to -- and I've directed them in
- 17 making various kinds of quantitative measurements and
- 18 analytical nonquantitative measurements of different
- 19 aspects of the operating system's source code and binary
- 20 code from which I have been able to draw some conclusions.
- 21 Q. Have you yourself spent any time looking at the source
- 22 code of Windows XP, or has it entirely been your directing
- 23 these assistants to do so?
- 24 A. I have spent some time looking at the source code.
- 25 Q. And who are these two assistants that you have engaged

- 1 to help you in this project?
- 2 A. The names are Joe Magura and Kelly Campbell, and
- 3 they --
- 4 THE COURT: Spell the first person's name.
- 5 THE WITNESS: Magura is M-a-g-u-r-a. They work at
- 6 a consulting company called Interface Technologies
- 7 BY MR. HOLLEY:
- 8 O. Which is located where?
- 9 A. In Research Triangle Park, North Carolina.
- 10 Q. Is it affiliated with anyone else?
- 11 A. Not that I know of.
- 12 Q. Did they sign anything binding them to comply with the
- 13 protective order in this action?
- 14 A. Yes, I believe they have signed the protective order.
- 15 Q. You believe, do you not, Professor Appel, that any
- 16 software code in Windows that is not part of what you call
- 17 the operating system kernel can be viewed as a species of
- 18 application; is that right?
- 19 A. Application or middleware or what we might call library
- 20 code.
- 21 Q. Well, look, if you would, sir, at Page 16 of your first
- 22 deposition. I'll direct your attention to the answer that
- 23 you gave starting at Line 11.
- You say there: "An operating system has a clear
- 25 function, and that is to manage hardware resources and

- 1 provide a largely hardware-independent view of those
- 2 resources to applications programs, to manage access
- 3 privileges to those hardware resources, and provide only
- 4 those privileges to applications programs as specified by
- 5 policy, and to protect hardware resources and applications
- 6 programs from unauthorized access by other applications
- 7 programs. So that's the purpose of an operating system,
- 8 and, roughly speaking, most other things are applications."
- And do you continue to subscribe to that view, sin?
- 10 A. Yes, roughly speaking.
- 11 Q. How many kernels are shipped with Windows XP
- 12 Professional?
- 13 A. There is different ways to configure the kernel of the
- 14 operating system, so there are several kernel components
- 15 that are shipped with Windows XP. And depending on the
- 16 hardware and software installed on the particular machine,
- 17 these components are put together in different ways to
- 18 configure a kernel. So there are many, many combinations
- 19 of these components that could make, in a sense, many
- 20 different kernels.
- 21 O. And there are four different executable files in
- 22 Windows XP for building a kernel, depending on whether
- 23 you're using a single processor or a multiprocessor system
- 24 and whether you have a system that is capable of accessing
- 25 physical memory in excess of 16 gigabytes; is that correct?

- 1 A. There are those four files, and there are several
- 2 others that are also part of the operating system kernel
- 3 that manage windows and graphics, that manage hardware
- 4 devices. There are many parts and components of the Windows
- 5 XP operating system kernel.
- 6 Q. And when you refer in your testimony to things that are
- 7 middleware outside the kernel, which of the four executable
- 8 files with associated other files are you referring to?
- 9 A. I'm referring to any of those. Any way that the kernel
- 10 is configured on a particular machine, the middleware sits
- 11 at a layer that is above them. So the answer would be any
- 12 and all of them.
- 13 O. Okay. How big is the kernel of Windows XP relative to
- 14 the total size of the operating system?
- 15 A. The kernel of Windows XP is several megabytes, and the
- 16 rest of the operating system is larger than that.
- 17 Q. By a couple of orders of magnitude, right?
- 18 A. It's difficult sometimes to count exactly. I would say
- 19 there may be at least an order of magnitude, partly because
- 20 what we're counting there includes many Microsoft
- 21 middleware products.
- 22 Q. Which are included in the product made available to the
- 23 marketplace in the case of Windows XP as Windows XP
- 24 Professional or Windows XP Home, correct?
- 25 A. That's right.

- Q. Are you aware that the two files in Windows XP called 1
- ntoskrnl.exe and ntkrnlpa.exe are only 1.8 megabytes of
- code apiece? 3
- Yes, I am aware of that, but they don't actually 4
- represent the kernel; they are a portion of the kernel.
- And what other files comprise the kernel of Windows XP? 6
- 7 Well, there is at least the file that manages windows
- and graphics display. There are many device driver files
- that in any particular installation may be used as part of 9
- 10 the kernel. And there's TCP/IP networking code that's not
- in those files, I believe, that is also linked into part of 11
- 12 the kernel.
- It would be difficult at this point for me to give 13
- 14 an exhaustive list of all the files that can be used in the
- 15 operating system kernel.
- I would like you to take a look at what's been marked 16
- 17 for identification as DX 1447.
- 18 MR. HOLLEY: May I approach the witness, Your
- Honor? 19
- 20 THE COURT: Yes.
- 21 Have you had occasion, Dr. Appel, in preparing for your
- 22 testimony here today to go to Windows XP Professional and
- look in the System32 subdirectory of the Windows directory 23
- 24 of a machine running Windows XP?
- 25 Α. Yes.

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- Can you identify for me, based on this list of files in 1 0.
- that subdirectory, what comprises the kernel, as you refer
- to it, of Windows XP Professional? 3
- This appears to be a very long list of files, and it 4
- might be difficult for me at this point to go through everly
- one and identify which ones are in the kernel. I can give 6
- 7 some examples of files that I believe are in the kernel.
- I believe that some of the files or all of the
- files labeled ACM file on Page 2 may be used in kernel 9
- 10 There are some files that are device driver files
- with the DRV extension. This is not paginated, so it's 11
- 12 difficult for me to refer you to a specific page number.
- There are certain .sys files that I believe are 13
- 14 used in kernel mode that are linked in with the .exe files
- 15 whose names you mentioned previously, so I can't at this
- point give you an exhaustive list. 16
- 17 Q. And if we looked at everything else in the System32
- 18 subdirectory of the Windows directory of Windows XP, is it
- all middleware, in your view? 19
- 20 Α. No, I don't think so necessarily. I mean, I haven't
- really had the opportunity to look at every single file 21
- 22 name here and determine what exactly it does. And I think
- that would have been a difficult task even if I had spent 23
- 24 all my time since February 20th just doing that. So I
- 25 can't say categorically that everything else in here is

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- 1 middleware.
- 2 Q. Okay. But you believe that middleware is, as that term
- 3 is used in the non-Settling States' proposed remedy, is any
- 4 block of software code in Windows that is outside the
- 5 kernel, as you define the kernel, that exposes one or more
- 6 APIs to software developers, and if ported to other
- 7 operating systems would make code more portable, correct -
- 8 make applications portable?
- 9 A. That's approximately right, but there are certain
- 10 qualifications you listed that I wouldn't have put in
- 11 there. I wouldn't have felt it necessary, for example, to
- 12 say outside the kernel, because I believe that there's
- 13 nothing naturally in the kernel that would naturally fit in
- 14 that definition. So we could simplify the definition in
- 15 that way.
- The basic idea of middleware is it's software that
- 17 exposes APIs or otherwise serves as a platform for
- 18 applications, and to the extent that applications rely on
- 19 services provided by that middleware instead of getting
- 20 services directly from the operating system, if those
- 21 middlewares can be ported, then the applications will be
- 22 easier to port to run on other operating systems.
- 23 So some of the software in this directory would fit
- 24 that definition, and I think others would not.
- 25 Q. Okay. Well, let's take a couple of examples and look

- 1 at them. If you look at the second page of Defendant's
- 2 Exhibit 1447, there's a reference there to an ActiveX
- 3 control called msscript.ocx. Do you see that about
- 4 two-thirds of the way down the column?
- 5 A. Yes, I see that.
- 6 Q. And the product name is Microsoft Script Control, and
- 7 the description is Microsoft script control. Is the
- 8 Microsoft Script Control in Windows XP middleware under the
- 9 non-Settling States' proposed remedy?
- 10 A. I'm not familiar with exactly what the Microsoft Script
- 11 Control does.
- 12 Q. Okay. Well, let's look at -- and I apologize for the
- 13 lack of pagination, but if you count to the ninth page of
- 14 DX 1447, at the first entry on that page is sdbinst.exe.
- 15 Do you see that, sir?
- 16 A. Yes, I do.
- 17 Q. Looking down the page at the executable file called
- 18 svchost.exe, which is identified in the product name as
- 19 Microsoft Windows operating system and in the description
- 20 as generic host process for Win32 services. Can you tell
- 21 me, sir, whether that file, that executable file in this
- 22 directory is middleware under the non-Settling States'
- 23 proposed remedy?
- 24 A. No, I can't.
- 25 Q. And if you turn two pages further into this document

- where the first entry is -- has a question mark in yellow, 1
- and it says winhlp.exe. Do you see that, sir?
- 3 Α. Yes.
- If you look down at the bottom, there's a reference to 4 Ο.
- a dynamically linked library called advapi32.dll.
- indicated as the product name Microsoft Windows operating 6
- 7 system; description, advanced Windows 32 base API.
- Can you tell me, sir, whether that dynamically
- linked library in this system, System32 subdirectory, is a 9
- 10 Microsoft middleware product under the non-Settling States'
- proposed remedy? 11
- 12 Α. What did you say the name of it was?
- 13 Advapi32.dll. It's the last entry on this page. Ο.
- 14 Α. I didn't see it at first because it was highlighted.
- No, I'm not directly familiar with the function of 15
- 16 that particular DLL.
- 17 It's called advanced Windows 32 base API.
- 18 exposes the base of the Win32 API set to developers, would
- it meet your definition of a middleware product? 19
- 20 Α. There's a difference between the definition of a
- 21 middleware product and middleware, per se. I can guess
- 22 what this might do from its name. I'm not sure what it
- does. It's conceivable it might be middleware. 23 I'm not at
- 24 all sure that it would be a Microsoft middleware product.
- 25 Q. Well, if you look at the definition of a Microsoft

- 1 middleware product in Section X, little Roman ii of the
- 2 non-Settling States' proposed remedy, does that assist you
- 3 in making a determination?
- 4 A. I think it's extremely unlikely that this has been
- 5 distributed separately from an operating system product.
- 6 don't see that it provides functionality similar to that
- 7 provided by middleware offered by a Microsoft competitor.
- 8 Q. Well, is there anything, as you read Section X(ii) that
- 9 says that the middleware at issue has to be distributed all
- 10 by itself separately from a Microsoft -- from an operating
- 11 system product?
- 12 A. I don't see those words.
- 13 O. Okay. And does it say that Microsoft has to have done
- 14 that separate distribution in X(ii) Arabic I?
- 15 A. First of all, I'm not sure that it's middleware, but it
- does not say distributed by Microsoft separately from an
- 17 operating system product.
- 18 Q. Well, let's -- okay. Well, let's unwrap it. Let's gd
- 19 back to the definition of middleware in W on Page 22 of the
- 20 non-Settling States' proposed remedy. It says, "Middleware
- 21 means software, " so that we don't have any limiting
- 22 principles yet, "whether provided in the form of files
- 23 installed on a computer" -- well, this advapi32.dll would
- 24 meet its software, and it's installed in the form of files
- 25 on a computer, right?

- 1 A. Yes.
- 2 Q. So, so far, so good.
- 3 And then it says: "That operates directly or
- 4 through other software within an operating system or
- 5 between an operating system, whether or not on the same
- 6 computer, and other software, whether or not on the same
- 7 computer -- " well, so far we haven't excluded advapi32.dll
- 8 by anything that's said there, have we, because it's
- 9 operating between layers of software?
- 10 A. Right.
- 11 O. "-- by offering services via APIs to other software."
- 12 So if any application running on Windows calls
- 13 advapi32.dll, it meets that test for middleware, right?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. "And could, if ported to or made interoperable with
- 16 multiple operating systems enable software products written
- 17 for that middleware to be run on multiple operating system
- 18 products."
- And so presumably if we took this file called
- 20 advapi32.dll and moved it to Linux, it would contribute to
- 21 the ability to run Windows applications on Linux, and so it
- 22 would meet that part of the test for middleware, correct?
- 23 A. I'm still not sure exactly what this file does. I have
- 24 not studied this particular file.
- 25 Q. But based on -- can you -- if you assume with me that

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- 1 if it exposes one or more APIs that are called by
- 2 third-party applications, you would agree with me, would
- 3 you not, sir, that if it were ported, the file advapi32.dll
- 4 were ported to Linux, for example, it would help to enable
- 5 software products written for that middleware to run on
- 6 multiple operating systems?
- 7 A. I'm just trying to figure out whether it would make
- 8 sense to port that, and therefore whether any port would,
- 9 in fact, make their applications for that interoperable
- 10 with multiple operating systems.
- 11 Q. Well, you believe that if a piece of software exposes
- 12 just one API, it could still be middleware, right?
- 13 A. If by making it run on multiple operating systems it
- 14 could make applications easier to port, I would guess that
- 15 this DLL does expose at least one API, and that's not
- 16 really the issue here.
- 17 Q. Your problem is, you don't know what this block of code
- 18 does, and thus you can't tell whether moving it to Linux
- 19 would assist anyone in running Windows applications on
- 20 Linux; is that your testimony, sir?
- 21 A. That's right.
- 22 Q. Now, have you made any effort to assess what the cross
- 23 dependencies are among the approximately 300 executable
- 24 files that one finds in the System32 subdirectory of the
- 25 Windows directory of Windows XP Professional?

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- I have begun such an effort, but it's quite a large 1
- task to assess those interdependencies, and I certainly
- have not been able to do it in the time I've had in the 3
- last few weeks. 4
- Okay. I'd like you to look at -- and spend as much
- time as you need to -- at the list of dynamically linked 6
- 7 libraries that appear in Defendant's Exhibit 1447. I think
- there are roughly 1100 of them.
- Have you made any efforts, sir, to determine what 9
- 10 the cross dependencies or interdependencies are among all
- of these different DLLs in Windows XP Professional? 11
- 12 Α. I have examined what kind of APIs these export in
- a general quantitative way, but I have not, as I've said, 13
- 14 been able to analyze all of their cross dependencies.
- Is there anything in Section 1 of the non-Settling 15
- 16 States' proposed remedy that makes any reference to
- 17 operating system kernels?
- 18 Α. I don't believe so.
- So when you said earlier that Microsoft's obligations 19
- 20 under Section 1 would not extend to things that are in the
- 21 kernel, what is the basis for that testimony, sir?
- 22 Because the States' remedy has specific API disclosure
- requirements, and those API disclosure requirements are at 23
- 24 the boundaries of Microsoft middleware products and of the
- 25 core operating system. And I know that none of those

- 1 boundaries fall in the middle of internal interfaces of
- 2 such core operating system components as the kernel.
- 3 So it's not because it says the word "kernel" in
- 4 Section 1. It's because the boundaries of what needs to be
- 5 removable under Section 1 and what APIs need to be
- 6 disclosed under other sections of the remedy, are not
- 7 internal APIs inside the major components of the Windows
- 8 operating system product.
- 9 Q. But they are the boundaries among all 5,000 files
- 10 listed in Defendant's 1447, are they not, sir?
- 11 A. No, I don't think so. I think that the -- Section 1
- 12 requires removability of, not middleware in general, but
- 13 Microsoft -- and not even Microsoft middleware in general,
- 14 but Microsoft middleware products, which is a much coarser
- 15 grain.
- 16 O. I missed the last two words. A much?
- 17 A. Coarser grain.
- 18 O. Coarser grain?
- 19 A. Of module.
- 20 Q. As you look at Defendant's Exhibit 1447, can you tell
- 21 me how granular the obligation imposed by Section 1 is?
- 22 How many of these 5,000 files have to be made optionally
- 23 removable? Can you answer that question, sir?
- 24 A. I think we could turn for quidance to the definition of
- 25 Microsoft middleware product where in definition X(i) I

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- think there's been a substantive attempt to list most of 1
- the Microsoft middleware products, and we can see that this
- is not a list of 5,000 components, it's a list of a dozen 3
- or so major components of the Microsoft operating system 4
- product. And, in fact, some parts of this are sold
- separately, are not part of the Microsoft operating system 6
- 7 product.
- Q. Right. Some of these things don't make any sense as
- Microsoft middleware components of Microsoft operating 9
- 10 systems because they aren't even part of Microsoft's
- operating system; isn't that right? 11
- 12 It is true that the Section 1 removability requirements
- don't apply to a Microsoft middleware product that 13
- 14 Microsoft doesn't bind into the operating system in the
- 15 first place, one that it might, for example, sell
- 16 separately.
- 17 Right. So it's a nonsense to say that Exchange or
- 18 Office aren't Microsoft middleware products because they
- aren't shipped with Microsoft operating systems, right? 19
- 20 Α. No, that's not the case at all. What it means is that
- 21 those particular Microsoft middleware products are not
- 22 implicated in Provision 1 of the remedy; that Microsoft has
- no unbinding obligation with respect to those products that 23
- 24 it has not already bound into the operating system.
- 25 Q. But the obligations of Section 4 do apply to all of the

- 1 products listed in Section X(i), correct?
- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 Q. And under Section X(ii), there is a different
- 4 definition of middleware, isn't there, of Microsoft
- 5 middleware products?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. And that is much broader than the list of Microsoft
- 8 middleware products in Section X(i)?
- 9 A. I'm not sure that it's much broader. It's a
- 10 categorization by kind rather than by enumeration, and I'm
- 11 not at all sure that if the number of particular products
- 12 would be much greater in Section ii.
- 13 Q. Well, have you done this analysis? Have you gone
- 14 through all of the files that appear in the product shipped
- 15 to the public as Microsoft Windows XP Professional to
- 16 determine which of them fall within the definition of
- 17 Microsoft middleware product under X sub (ii)?
- 18 A. No, I have not.
- 19 O. You believe that the Windows user interface is
- 20 middleware, correct?
- 21 A. I'm not sure whether I've considered that specific
- 22 question.
- 23 Q. Well, I'll direct your attention, sir, to Page 16 of
- 24 your deposition, the first volume. This is Line 25, and
- 25 carrying on to Page 17 through Line 6. Do you remember me

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- asking you the question: "In your view, the Windows shell 1
- is an application?
- Answer: Yes." 3
- Was that answer correct?
- I said that it's an application, by which I meant
- an application-level component that is provided with the 6
- 7 operating system and conventionally considered to be part
- of the operating system.
- O. Well, under the definition of Microsoft middleware 9
- 10 product in the non-Settling States' proposed remedy, it
- could be middleware under Section X sub (ii) right, the 11
- 12 shell of Windows?
- I'm not sure to what extent it falls under the 13
- 14 definition of "if ported," then it would render
- 15 applications for it portable. I quess it's conceivable.
- 16 Well, there are shells or user interfaces like GNOME dr
- 17 KDE that are portable across operating systems, correct?
- 18 Α. Yes, I believe so.
- Q. Are there components of Windows operating systems as to 19
- 20 which you are uncertain about whether they ought to be
- 21 regarded as part of the kernel or instead to be regarded as
- 22 a species of application?
- 23 I have not looked at every component of the Windows
- 24 operating system in enough detail to have made that
- 25 determination, so, yes.

- 1 Q. So, you can't look at Section 1 of the non-Settling
- 2 States' proposed remedy and give me an exhaustive list of
- 3 the things that would be encompassed by the definition of
- 4 Microsoft middleware products under Section X sub (ii)?
- 5 A. I'm not sure how that follows from the previous
- 6 question. We've already discussed that Section 1 does not
- 7 refer to the kernel as a criterion. When I discussed the
- 8 kernel, it was merely to make the point that the States'
- 9 remedy imposes sufficiently few API disclosure and
- 10 removability requirements not to implicate internal
- 11 interfaces.
- 12 Q. Well, I thought you drew a distinction earlier between
- 13 things that were part of the kernel, which you told me
- 14 could never be Microsoft middleware products under the
- 15 definition in the non-Settling States' proposed remedy, and
- other things which could be encompassed by that definition,
- 17 assuming they have the other characteristics required. Did
- 18 I misunderstand you, sir?
- 19 A. I said that I believed that things in the kernel could
- 20 never be Microsoft middleware products, and that therefore
- 21 anything that's a Microsoft middleware product must not be
- 22 in the kernel.
- 23 Q. Okay. Now, what about the Andrew file system that was
- 24 developed while you were at Carnegie Mellon University
- 25 getting your Ph.D.? Is that part of the kernel when it's

- 1 installed on Windows XP Professional, or is it an
- 2 application?
- 3 A. I don't know when it's installed on Windows XP.
- 4 Q. Do you agree with me, Professor Appel, that there is an
- 5 exponential relationship between the number of components
- of Windows that get labeled as Microsoft middleware
- 7 products under the non-Settling States' decree, and
- 8 therefore that must be made optionally removable under
- 9 Section 1, and the number of possible configurations of an
- 10 unbound version of Windows that Microsoft has to create?
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 Q. And so if there are ten components of one of the five
- 13 operating systems as to which Microsoft has to create
- 14 unbound versions that fall within the definition of
- 15 Microsoft middleware product, the number of possible
- 16 configurations of that one operating system is
- 17 mathematically of necessity two to the tenth or 1,024
- 18 configurations; is that correct, sir?
- 19 A. No. As I already explained, there are already many
- 20 different components of the base Microsoft operating system
- 21 that it already sells that are includable or not includable
- 22 in a configuration that a user might already run.
- 23 If there are 20 such components, and we've already
- 24 discussed what some of those components are just in the
- 25 kernel alone, but there are many device drivers as well

- which get included or not included, depending on which 1
- brand of disk drives is installed in the user's machine.
- Now, since there are many such components already 3
- in what Microsoft already sells, the number of 4
- configurations of the operating system that Microsoft
- already sells is exponential in that number. 6
- 7 I believe there are dozens of such components. Sd
- we already have two to the dozens. That's millions, or 8
- billions even, of configurations of Microsoft's current 9
- 10 operating system product.
- Well, let's look at paragraph -- excuse me -- Page 265 11
- 12 of the second volume of your deposition, sir, starting on
- Line 2, and tell me when you're there. 13
- 14 A. Yes, I'm there.
- Do you remember me asking you the question: "And just 15
- as under the prior iteration of Section 1, if there are ten 16
- 17 components that are optionally removable, just as a matter
- 18 of mathematics, the number of possible configurations is
- two to the tenth or 1,024, configurations?" 19
- 20 And your answer was: "The number of configurations
- 21 that the licensee could create by removing some combination
- 22 in that hypothetical would be two to the tenth."
- Do you remember being asked that question and 23
- 24 giving that answer, sir?
- 25 Α. Yes.

- Q. Now, you don't have any doubt in your mind, do you, 1
- Professor Appel, that when you remove components from an
- operating system like Windows, the functionality that was 3
- supplied by those components disappears? 4
- That's right.
- And you think that one way that Microsoft could comply 6
- 7 with Section 1 of the non-Settling States' proposed remedy
- is to make a copy of each optionally removable component,
- and include those copies as internal elements of Windows 9
- such that they did not make APIs externally available 10
- outside of the operating system? 11
- 12 Yes. If you take a software component and arrange that
- it does not expose APIs as a platform for applications, 13
- 14 then it's not middleware, all right, because it does not
- 15 provide a platform for applications and thus makes them
- 16 easier to port to another operating system.
- 17 And if we take as an example of this principle that
- 18 we're discussing the file in Windows XP called
- mshtml.dll -- which stands for Microsoft HTML dynamically 19
- 20 linked library, correct?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 -- your view is that Microsoft could include two copies
- of that file in Windows, one that is removable by OEMs and 23
- 24 third-party licensees, and one that always stays in the
- 25 operating system but doesn't expose APIs to third-party

- 1 software developers?
- 2 A. I think I would now phrase that in a different way.
- 3 Microsoft could take the functionality from that file and
- 4 incorporate it into a different part of the operating
- 5 system so that it provides functionality to that part of
- 6 the operating system, but not expose HTML rendering APIs as
- 7 a platform for application development, and that software
- 8 would then not be required to be removable by the OEMs,
- 9 except inasmuch as it forms a part of some other Microsoft
- 10 middleware product which the OEMs would designate
- 11 removable.
- 12 Q. Well, let me direct your attention, Professor Appel, to
- 13 Page 266 of the second volume of your deposition starting
- 14 at Line 11. Do you remember me asking you the question:
- 15 "So in the case of the file in Windows called mshtml.dll,
- 16 which is the HTML rendering engine, Microsoft could include
- 17 two copies in the unbound version, one which is removable
- and exposes APIs to third-party developers, and one which
- is utilized by the operating system but does not expose
- 20 APIs to third-party developers?"
- 21 And you answered: "That's right."
- Do you remember being asked that question and
- 23 giving that answer, sir?
- 24 A. Yes. I would remark that when you have a second copy
- 25 of the HTML rendering that does not expose APIs to

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- third-party developers, it's also necessary that it not 1
- expose APIs to Microsoft middleware platforms -- products,
- that other Microsoft middleware products do not use it as a 3
- platform, as a middleware platform. 4
- So I think the situation you describe in your
- question expressed part of the scenario under which it 6
- 7 would be permissible under the States' remedy Provision 1
- to do that, but I'm not sure that it told the whole story.
- Q. So are you now saying that when you said, "that's 9
- 10 right," in response to my question on March 13th, you'd
- like to withdraw that answer and give a different answer, 11
- 12 sir?
- I think it's basically right, and I think that it 13
- 14 would be useful to clarify the situation you described.
- Q. Well, Professor Appel, I'm trying to understand what it 15
- is you mean when you say that it would be possible for 16
- 17 Microsoft to comply with Section 1 by moving the
- 18 functionality in a Microsoft middleware product to some
- other part of the operating system where it did not expose 19
- 20 APIs to third-party developers. Does that mean that the
- 21 only thing that can call upon that newly moved
- 22 functionality is the kernel?
- What can -- this functionality can be moved into a 23
- 24 Microsoft middleware product or into the core operating
- 25 system, which includes more than just the kernel. And in

- 1 whichever of those it is included -- let us say it is
- 2 included in the core operating system -- then it can be
- 3 called upon only by the core operating system. Or if it's
- 4 included in another Microsoft middleware product, then it
- 5 can be called upon only by that Microsoft middleware
- 6 product.
- 7 In that way, the API between this component, the
- 8 HTML rendering component and some other component in which
- 9 its embedded, would be a purely internal API, so that this
- 10 piece of software would not be serving as a middleware
- 11 platform for other applications and middleware.
- 12 Q. Now, if we look at Defendant's Exhibit 1447, can you
- 13 help me identify what comprises what you just referred to
- 14 as the core operating system?
- 15 A. I don't think that this list of several hundred files
- in roughly alphabetical order is a really good way to
- 17 explain which things are core operating systems and which
- 18 are not.
- 19 O. Well -- but assume for me that I need to know the
- 20 answer to that question because I need to know how to
- 21 comply with Section 1, and I know that all of these
- 22 5,000-odd files are in Windows XP, and I want to know which
- 23 of them are in what you call the core operating system.
- 24 How do I make that determination, Professor Appel?
- 25 A. As I've explained, we're discussing where you can put

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- 1 functionality that had been a piece of a Microsoft
- 2 middleware product, and I've said you can put it here or
- 3 there in the core operating system or in another Microsoft
- 4 middleware product. So there are many places you can put
- 5 it.
- 6 The question is, does it expose APIs across these
- 7 major boundaries? And we've already discussed these major
- 8 boundaries. They are the boundaries between the Microsoft
- 9 middleware products, which are ones defined in the States'
- 10 remedy. These are fairly major subcomponents, and I think
- 11 they are on the order of, you know, order of magnitude ten
- 12 or so of them, and not several hundred.
- So I don't really understand the point of trying to
- 14 do this file-by-file.
- 15 O. Well, you like to refer to Section X(i) of the
- 16 definition of Microsoft middleware products, and I like to
- 17 refer to Section X(ii), and they're different, are they
- 18 not? There is no list of middleware products, Microsoft
- 19 middleware products in X(ii), is there?
- 20 A. Yes. And I think there is a reason for that. I think
- 21 the intent of definition X(ii) is to be forward looking,
- 22 not to craft a remedy that will be immediately obsolete on
- 23 the day it goes into effect. We can expect in the future
- 24 that there will be other novel kinds of middleware, and
- 25 that some of these may become Microsoft middleware

1 products, and if we tried to do this only by enumeration of

- 2 a specific set of what are the Microsoft middleware
- 3 products in the year 2001, I don't think we'd get the right
- 4 remedy.
- 5 Q. Well, put yourself in the position of James Allchin,
- 6 the senior vice president in charge of Windows operating
- 7 systems of the Microsoft Corporation. When Section 1
- 8 becomes effective, and he's trying to figure out what he
- 9 can do to comply with Section 1 consistent with your view
- 10 that it would be all right for him to move functionality
- 11 that used to be in Microsoft middleware products into the
- 12 core of the operating system, and what he will need to know
- is, what is the core of the operating system? Can you tell
- 14 me the answer?
- 15 A. What I said was that he can move this functionality
- into the core of the operating system or into middleware
- 17 products. So when he's examining where he might want to
- 18 move some functionality, he doesn't have to make that
- 19 distinction.
- 20 Q. So in the case of HTML rendering, he might decide that
- 21 he's got to have one HTML rendering engine in Internet
- 22 Explorer, because it uses HTML; he has to have one in MSN
- 23 Explorer, because it uses HTML; he has to have one in
- Outlook Express, because it uses HTML; he has to have one
- 25 in Windows Media Player, because it uses HTML; he has to

- 1 have one in the Windows user interface, because it uses
- 2 HTML; he has to have one in the Windows help system,
- 3 because it uses HTML.
- Where does it end, Professor Appel? Are we
- 5 supposed to put an HTML rendering agent in every component
- of Windows that uses HTML rendering?
- 7 A. Well, in fact, the States' remedy does not require you
- 8 to do that. The States' remedy gives Microsoft a great
- 9 deal of flexibility in technical options that it has
- 10 available to it to comply with Remedy 1, and I can
- 11 enumerate them for you, if you would like.
- 12 Q. Well, I'd like to focus, sir, if you could, please, at
- 13 the first technical option that you proffered at your
- 14 deposition, which is the one that we have been discussing,
- and that is the one that says that Microsoft doesn't have
- 16 to remove anything; it can move the functionality that was
- in a Microsoft middleware product either to the core of the
- 18 operating system or to other Microsoft middleware products.
- 19 Can we focus on that?
- 20 A. All right.
- 21 Q. Okay. And in that circumstance, how many different
- 22 places in Windows does Microsoft have to put an HTML
- 23 rendering engine in order to comply with this approach to
- 24 Section 1?
- 25 A. If it chooses to use this approach to comply with

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- 1 Section 1, which is not necessarily the approach I would
- 2 recommend, then it might have to put a copy of this
- 3 rendering engine in several different Microsoft middleware
- 4 products, which is approximately a dozen or so, and in the
- 5 core operating system.
- 6 Q. And you told me, sir, previously that that could lead
- 7 to a waste of system resources, that sort of redundancy,
- 8 correct?
- 9 A. Yes, it could.
- 10 Q. And it can also lead to incompatibilities if all those
- 11 different HTML rendering engines diverged over time,
- 12 correct?
- 13 A. Yes. Although usually subject divergence is observed
- in software written by different people or produced by
- 15 different companies. When we have several pieces of --
- 16 several versions of software that are all under the control
- of the same company, then it's relatively easy for that
- 18 company to avoid such divergence.
- 19 O. You would agree with me that it is much more difficult
- 20 to fix a bug in the HTML rendering engine in Windows if
- 21 there are 12 of them in different parts of the operating
- 22 system than if there's only one?
- 23 A. No, I don't think I would. I think that to a large
- 24 extent, these different copies of the rendering engine
- 25 could be compiled from the same source code, so that fixing

- 1 the bug once in that source code would fix it in all of the
- 2 places that it's installed.
- 3 Q. So it's your testimony that there would be no material
- 4 difference in fixing bugs in Windows XP if there were 12
- 5 different HTML rendering engines, 12 different copies of
- 6 the same HTML rendering engines as opposed to just one that
- 7 everybody could call upon?
- 8 A. Well, you said much easier, and I don't think it would
- 9 be much easier or much harder one way or the other. There
- 10 might be some difference. I can't say there's no
- 11 difference.
- 12 Q. Now, if an OEM or a third-party licensee under
- 13 Section 1 decided in the unbound version of Windows to
- 14 replace the HTML rendering engine with an alternative that
- 15 did not perform well, then things like Windows help, which
- 16 rely on the HTML rendering engine, would be adversely
- 17 affected?
- 18 A. I take it you're assuming that Microsoft is using one
- 19 of the other technical alternatives available to it under
- 20 Provision 1?
- 21 O. Right.
- 22 A. Which is not to include copies of the HTML rendering in
- 23 all the different middleware products, but to continue to
- let each Microsoft middleware product rely on the
- 25 mshtml.dll?

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- 1 Q. That is correct, sir. So in this situation, Microsoft
- 2 decides to reduce redundancy and have shared code available
- 3 to different parts of the operating system, and somebody
- 4 decides -- some OEM or third-party licensee decides to
- 5 replace the HTML rendering engine in Windows with an
- 6 alternative that doesn't work very well. That's my
- 7 hypothetical.
- 8 A. If the OEM were to decide for some reason to make that
- 9 replacement, then the performance of any application or
- 10 middleware that depended on HTML rendering would suffer
- 11 some, yes.
- 12 Q. And that would include parts of the Windows operating
- 13 system like the Windows help system that you regard as
- 14 species of applications, correct?
- 15 A. Yes. Their performance in HTML rendering might suffer.
- 16 O. And in those circumstances, when customers encountered
- 17 those problems with the Windows help system, you're not
- 18 really sure who is supposed to help them, are you, sir?
- 19 A. I think that Microsoft already has experienced
- 20 supporting customers who run non-Microsoft software on
- 21 their operating system. The purpose of an operating system
- 22 is to run different kinds of software upon it, and when
- 23 someone has a problem with the HTML rendering, even if its
- 24 an end-user, it's very easy for whoever is doing customer
- 25 support, for them to find out which HTML rendering engine

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- 1 is installed on the computer, whether it's a Microsoft HTML
- 2 rendering engine or a non-Microsoft HTML rendering engine.
- 3 Q. In forming that opinion, did you have occasion to
- 4 consider what happened in 1995 when various Internet
- 5 service providers, including CompuServe, decided that they
- 6 would replace the file called winsock.dll in the Windows
- 7 system directory with a copy of their own creation? Did
- 8 you think about that? Do you know about what happened
- 9 then, sir?
- 10 A. No, I don't.
- 11 O. Are you aware of other circumstances in which third
- 12 parties have taken copies of files in the Windows System
- directory and replaced them with their own versions which
- 14 do not perform identically to the Microsoft version on
- which other parts of the operating system are relying?
- 16 A. Can you repeat the first part of the question, please.
- 17 Q. Sure. Are you aware of other situations in which third
- 18 parties have taken files that appear in the Windows System
- 19 directory, replaced them with their own versions with
- 20 exactly the same names? Are you aware of other situations
- 21 in which that's occurred and what effect it has had on
- 22 pieces of the operating system that rely on those files?
- 23 A. Yes. For example, Professor Felton, when he made the
- 24 experiments leading up to his testimony in the liability
- 25 phase of this trial, wrote software that modified and

- 1 applied a different version of one or two DLLs in the
- 2 system folder, and therefore the system operating system
- 3 performed differently. It respected the user's choice of
- 4 default browser in many cases rather than overriding it,
- 5 but it didn't perform worse, for example.
- 6 Q. Oh, it did, indeed, did it not, sir? Are you not aware
- 7 that in the first version of Dr. Felton's i.e. removed
- 8 program, he created a serious memory leak which caused
- 9 Windows 98 to crash? Were you aware of that?
- 10 A. No, I was not aware of that.
- 11 Q. All right. Do you have any expertise in the area of
- 12 providing customer support for operating systems?
- 13 A. No, I don't.
- 14 Q. And you have no experience in providing customer
- 15 support for software products that are distributed in
- 16 excess of a hundred million people a year as Windows is, do
- 17 you, sir?
- 18 A. No.
- 19 Q. And you have no knowledge about the way in which
- 20 Microsoft actually provides customer support for Windows
- 21 operating systems?
- 22 A. I have not studied that, no.
- 23 Q. And you don't know what it means in Section 1 of the
- 24 non-Settling States' proposed remedy to say that Microsoft
- 25 has an obligation to directly and indirectly support the

- 1 so-called unbound versions of five different Windows
- 2 operating systems?
- 3 A. I think I know something about what that means. That
- 4 what Microsoft does to support its operating system
- 5 products is to fix bugs in them when discovered, to advise
- 6 OEMs, licensees and end-users about how to use the
- 7 products, to provide documentation about the products, to
- 8 make the products run on various kinds of hardware. I do
- 9 understand what is meant in general by support.
- 10 Q. Okay. But my question was slightly different, sir.
- 11 You don't know what it means to say in Section 1 that
- 12 Microsoft has an obligation to, quote, "directly and
- indirectly support, " closed quote, the unbound versions of
- 14 Windows operating system?
- 15 A. I haven't thought about the precise meanings of those
- 16 terms in this context.
- 17 Q. Well, in fact, if you look at Page 227 of your
- 18 deposition, starting at Line 10 --
- 19 THE COURT: Is that the first or the second?
- 20 MR. HOLLEY: The first volume, Your Honor.
- 21 A. Yes
- 22 BY MR. HOLLEY
- 23 Q. And I asked you the question, the words -- "Well, the
- 24 addition of the words, quote, "both directly and
- 25 indirectly, " closed quote, after the word, quote,

- 1 "support," closed quote, does that in your view alter the
- 2 normal meaning of support?"
- And your answer was: "I'm not exactly -- I'm not
- 4 sure exactly what that's intended to mean."
- 5 Do you recall being asked that question and giving
- 6 that answer?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. You are aware, are you not, sir, that there are
- 9 thousands and thousands of existing Windows applications
- 10 that call upon functionality supplied by modules in Windows
- 11 operating systems that would need to be made optionally
- 12 removable under Section 1 of the non-Settling States'
- 13 proposed remedy?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. Do you know whether in the Macintosh OS X operating
- 16 system that things outside the kernel are optionally
- 17 removable?
- 18 A. No.
- 19 Q. Are you aware that in Mac OS X, the kernel is referred
- 20 to as Darwin, and is open source?
- 21 A. Yes, I believe so. I know that Darwin is either the
- 22 kernel or a part of the kernel.
- 23 Q. I'd like to have you look at what's been marked for
- 24 identification as Defendant's Exhibit 1445.
- 25 MR. HOLLEY: May I approach, Your Honor?

- 1 THE COURT: Yes.
- 2 BY MR. HOLLEY:
- 3 Q. Have you had occasion to look at what's been marked for
- 4 identification as DX 1445 in the last 48 hours?
- 5 A. I did see a copy of it when it was provided as an
- 6 exhibit to the plaintiffs.
- 7 Q. And this is a diagram, is it not, sir, of the system
- 8 architecture of the Mac OS X operating system from Apple
- 9 Computer?
- 10 A. That's what it purports to be.
- 11 Q. And Apple, in telling the world about the system
- 12 architecture of Mac OS X, talks about everything from the
- 13 Darwin kernel all the way up to the aqua user interface; is
- 14 that correct?
- 15 A. Can you repeat the question?
- 16 O. Yes.
- In describing its new operating system to the
- 18 world, Apple refers to everything from the Darwin kernel up
- 19 to the aqua user interface, correct?
- 20 A. The only basis I would have for judging that would be
- 21 from reading this page.
- 22 Q. Well, that's the interpretation that you draw from
- 23 looking at this page, correct; that when Apple refers to
- 24 something called Mac OS, which stands for operating system,
- 25 10, and its system architecture, Apple is talking about

- 1 everything from the kernel all the way up to the user
- 2 interface?
- 3 MR. HODGES: I object to his asking what Apple is
- 4 referring to.
- 5 MR. HOLLEY: I'm just asking him, Your Honor, what
- 6 his understanding is as a computer science expert looking
- 7 at this chart.
- 8 THE COURT: Well, if he can answer it, he can
- 9 answer; and if he can't, I'm sure he'll tell us so.
- 10 THE WITNESS: It appears that that might be what it
- 11 means. It doesn't say explicitly that these are the
- 12 operating system components.
- 13 BY MR. HOLLEY:
- 14 Q. Well, I'd like to show you what's been marked as
- 15 Defendant's Exhibit 1446.
- MR. HOLLEY: May I approach, Your Honor?
- 17 THE COURT: Yes.
- 18 BY MR. HOLLEY:
- 19 Q. Have you had occasion, Dr. Appel, over the last 48
- 20 hours to review this brochure from Apple entitled "Mac OS
- 21 X, An Overview for Developers"?
- 22 A. I have seen it. I have not had time to read it.
- 23 Q. Well, if you look at Page 4, sir, under the heading
- 24 Stability and Power, there's a reference to Darwin, and it
- 25 says: "The stability of Mac OS X begins with Darwin, the

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- open source core of the system. Darwin integrates a number 1
- of technologies, including the Mock 3.0 kernel, operating
- system services based on BSD UNIX, Berkeley Software 3
- Distribution, high performance networking facilities, and 4
- support for multiple integrated file systems."
- Reading that statement, does that suggest to you, 6
- 7 sir, that Apple views Darwin, the lowest of the components
- listed on DX 1445, as only the beginning of Mac OS X?
- Based on the sentence you read, it appears to be 9
- 10 something like that, yes.

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- Now, the Mock 3.0 kernel was something developed at 11
- 12 Carnegie Mellon University by Mr. Rashid and various other
- people; is that correct? 13
- 14 I know that at Carnegie University, the Mock operating
- system was developed, but I don't know whether Mock 3.0 was 15
- 16 developed there. I know that the Mock project ended at
- 17 Carnegie Mellon several years ago, so it may be some
- 18 versions of Mock had been developed there, yes.
- O. Now, as you read this description of Darwin in the Mad 19
- 20 OS X operating system, can you discern what the kernel of
- 21 the operating system is?
- 22 I would think that's some of the things listed in the
- second sentence beginning with "Darwin integrates" are 23
- 24 kernel, and some may be nonkernel.
- Okay. Can you tell me, first of all, the things in 25 0.

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- 1 that sentence that you think are part of the kernel of Mad
- 2 OS X?
- 3 A. I have not studied Mac OS X, so this would be pure
- 4 quesswork based on this sentence. I would think that the
- 5 Mock 3.0 kernel is part of the kernel. I would think that
- 6 some of the operating system services would be part of the
- 7 kernel, and I'm not sure that all of them would be; that
- 8 some of the high performance networking facilities would be
- 9 part of the kernel and some not; and support for multiple
- 10 integrated file systems would probably be part of the
- 11 kernel.
- 12 Then in the next sentence where it says, "Further,
- 13 Darwin's modular design" --
- 14 THE COURT REPORTER: I'm sorry.
- 15 THE COURT: You need to slow down a little bit.
- 16 THE WITNESS: In the next sentence where it says,
- 17 "Further, Darwin's modular design," I would imagine that
- 18 such things as device drivers are part of the kernel. Some
- 19 of the networking extensions may be part of the kernel.
- 20 And new file systems might be part of the kernel.
- 21 And there are several more paragraphs that may also
- 22 describe some parts of the software that are kernel and
- 23 some that are nonkernel.
- 24 Q. And do you know, sir, whether the things that are
- 25 listed in the first sentence that are outside what you

- 1 would call the kernel are optionally removable from the Mac
- OS X operating system?
- 3 A. No, I don't.
- 4 Q. All right. I would like you to turn, if you would,
- 5 please, to the page numbered 9 of this document under the
- 6 heading "Development Options."
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 O. And there's a list here of four different sets of APIs
- 9 that developers can use to write applications to run on Mac
- 10 OS X. One's called the Carbon, one's called Cocoa, one is
- 11 the Java, J2SE APIs, and one is a set of traditional UNIX
- 12 APIs. Do you know whether these API subsystems are
- optionally removable from the operating system called Mac
- 14 OS X?
- 15 A. No, I don't.
- 16 Q. Okay. Turn back one page, sir. There's a statement
- 17 here that says: "Mac OS X supports the following industry
- 18 standard protocols." And there's a list of approximately
- 19 ten or so protocols, including HTTP, the hypertext
- 20 transport protocol; FTP, the file transfer protocol; LDAP,
- 21 the lightweight directory access protocol; and DHCP, the
- 22 dynamic host configuration protocol. Do you know which of
- 23 those protocols in Windows operating systems are
- 24 provided -- are supported in the code called Internet
- 25 Explorer?

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- 1 A. What do you mean exactly by "the code called Internet
- 2 Explorer"?
- 3 Q. Well, you could tell me, if you have been studying the
- 4 source code. What do you understand the code in Windows
- 5 called Internet Explorer to be?
- 6 A. I understand the code in Internet Explorer to be the
- 7 browser product, and by browser I understand the software
- 8 that permits users to select, receive and perceive
- 9 information from the worldwide Web.
- 10 So to select -- for users to select information,
- 11 there is a graphic user interface that underlines
- 12 hyperlinks and allows users to click on them and allows
- 13 users to type Web addresses into a title bar, and has a
- 14 back and forward button and so on.
- To receive the information, there's a network
- 16 protocol, the hypertext transport protocol, that allows the
- 17 Web browser to communicate with Web servers on other
- 18 machines.
- 19 And to perceive the information, there is an HTML
- 20 rendering software that displays the text on the screen in
- 21 the right fonts and with the right paragraphing.
- There are also some other things that are part of
- 23 browsers, such as support for certain kinds of scripting,
- 24 sometimes support for Java or other languages, support for
- 25 content filtering and so forth that are part of the

- 1 browsing experience.
- 2 Q. And so --
- 3 A. And that's what I understand by Internet Explorer.
- 4 Q. Okay. And in that answer, sir, are you speaking of
- 5 functionality in categories, or are you speaking in
- 6 particular blocks of software code in the operating system?
- 7 A. I have studied which blocks of software code in the
- 8 operating system fall under those categories.
- 9 Q. Okay. Let's start with one called urlmon.dll. Is that
- 10 part of Internet Explorer?
- 11 A. I believe it is.
- 12 Q. And a file called wininet, wininet.dll, do you believe
- 13 that that is part of Internet Explorer?
- 14 A. I believe it is.
- 15 O. And --
- 16 A. No. And in particular I believe WinInet may contain
- 17 commingled some code that is specific to Web browsing with
- 18 HTT transport protocol and some code that is not specific
- 19 to Web browsing.
- 20 Q. Not specific to that particular protocol?
- 21 A. Right, that may implement other protocols that are not
- 22 specific to Web browsing.
- 23 Q. Right. And what about the file called shdocview,
- 24 shdocvw.dll, is that part of Internet Explorer?
- 25 A. I believe that file is also commingled code of Explorer

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- functionality and some non-Explorer functionality. 1
- Q. And when you say it's commingled code, how do you come
- to that conclusion? What tests have you done to determine 3
- that? 4
- That particular file -- first of all, I haven't studied
- the internals of every single DLL file in the Microsoft 6
- 7 Internet Explorer browser product. I believe there are at
- least a couple dozen such files.
- So in some cases I've used one means or another, 9
- 10 including looking at the source code and including looking
- at Microsoft's documentation of the purpose of each DLL, to 11
- 12 understand what functions are provided by that DLL.
- believe in the case of shdocvw.dll, I've used information 13
- 14 from Microsoft's documentation of what's provided there and
- 15 also information from the liability phase of this trial
- 16 where witnesses described the different kinds of
- 17 functionality found in that piece of software.
- 18 Q. What particular evidence are you relying on from the
- liability phase of the trial to draw conclusions about what 19
- shdocvw.dll does? 20
- 21 I believe -- and I can't remember specifically -- I
- 22 believe there was discussion of the fact that certain
- DLLs -- and I believe that was one of them -- contained 23
- 24 browser functionality, some functions that are purely
- 25 browser functionality and some functions that are clearly

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- nonbrowser functionality. 1
- Q. Have you come to a conclusion, sir, about which of the
- couple of dozen files that you say are associated with 3
- Internet Explorer must be made optionally removable under 4
- Section 1 of the non-Settling States' proposed remedy?
- Yes, I have. 6
- 7 And can you tell me which files, in your view, have to Ο.
- be removable optionally?
- I will tell you the methodologies -- one of the 9
- 10 methodologies that I used in order to make this
- determination, because I think --11
- 12 Q. Can you answer my -- can you start off, sir, by
- answering the question that I asked you, and then we can 13
- 14 talk about methodology?
- No, because the list of files is more than two dozen, I 15
- 16 believe, DLLs, and I cannot remember all of their names.
- 17 So I will tell you how I went about determining what the
- 18 boundaries of Internet Explorer were.
- I used the Microsoft XP embedded target designer. 19
- 20 This is a tool provided by Microsoft to OEMs who use it to
- 21 determine which components to select or remove from the
- 22 Windows XP operating system. Microsoft licenses it to
- these OEMs for the purpose of reselling the operating 23
- 24 system for embedded machines. And one of the features of
- 25 the Microsoft XP embedded target designer tool is to group

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- 1 files such as DLL files in groups corresponding to the
- 2 major categories or products of the operating system.
- So, for example, in the category of HT -- of XP
- 4 embedded target designer designating HTML rendering, I find
- 5 a few DLLs, about half a dozen files, including the one you
- 6 mentioned, mshtml.dll, that all appear to have to do with
- 7 HTML rendering.
- 8 In the category called Internet Explorer, I find
- 9 about two dozen files, all of which have to do with
- 10 different features of Internet browsing, especially its
- 11 user interface components, but not including the HTML
- 12 rendering component which is found in the other category.
- There is also a category basically called WinInet,
- in which we find support for the HTTP protocol, which is
- one invented for the purpose of Web browsing, but not, for
- 16 example, support for the TCP/IP protocol, which is a more
- 17 core Internet protocol that predated the invention of Web
- 18 browsing.
- 19 So by selecting a few -- and by few I mean
- 20 approximately four of these major subsystems of the XP
- 21 operating system, namely, for example, HTML rendering,
- 22 Internet Explorer, WinInet, we can find how Microsoft
- 23 apparently technically and internally designates the
- 24 boundaries of the browser. And in large part, as far as ${\tt I}$
- 25 have been able to examine within the last couple of weeks,

- 1 this is a reasonable boundary that one could draw to
- 2 designate what is the -- what is the Internet Explorer
- 3 browser product.
- 4 Q. And have you determined, sir, from your experimentation
- 5 with target designer how many other components of the
- 6 operating system have cross dependencies with these
- 7 components that you have just identified?
- 8 A. No, I have not done that.
- 9 THE COURT: I think we need to stop at this point.
- 10 All right.
- 11 Let me ask you to return tomorrow. We'll start at
- 12 nine. I do need, say, 15 or 20 minutes before we start
- 13 with the witness to discuss with you the motion that was
- 14 filed about the use of depositions as part of the trial so
- 15 I get some additional information in order to make a
- 16 decision. So we'll start with that and then move to the
- 17 witness.
- MR. HOLLEY: Yes, Your Honor.
- 19 THE COURT: All right. Everybody have a good
- 20 evening. The parties are excused.
- 21 (Proceedings adjourned at 5:03 p.m. until
- 22 Wedensday, April 10, 2002.)
- 23
- 24
- 25

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2	CERTIFICATE
3	I, Scott L. Wallace, Official Court
	Reporter for the U.S. District Court for the District
4	of Columbia, do hereby certify that as such reporter I
	took down in stenotype all of the proceedings had in
5	said U.S. District Court in the above-entitled cause;
	that I have transcribed my said stenotype notes into
6	typewritten form, as appears in the foregoing
	Transcript of Proceedings; that said transcript is a
7	complete record of the proceedings had in the trial of
	said cause and constitutes a true and correct
8	Transcript of Proceedings had therein.
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10	
11	Scott L. Wallace, RDR, CRR
	Official Court Reporter
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