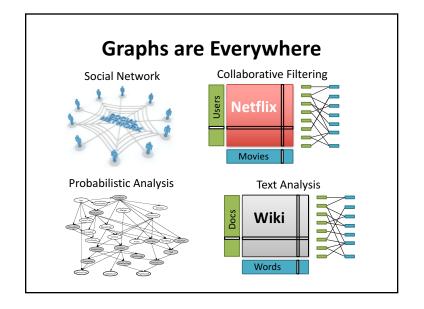
# Graph Processing COS 518: Advanced Computer Systems Lecture 12

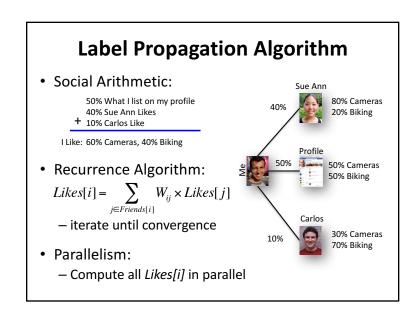


# **Concrete Examples**

Mike Freedman

[Content adapted from K. Jamieson and J. Gonzalez]

Label Propagation
Page Rank

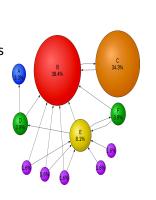


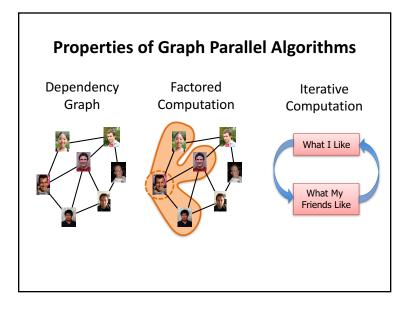
# **PageRank Algorithm**

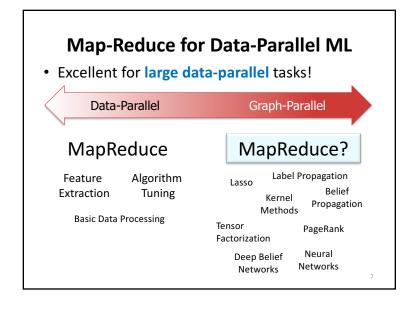
- PageRank of u is dependent on PR of all pages linking to u, divided by the number of links from each of these pages
- Recurrence Algorithm:

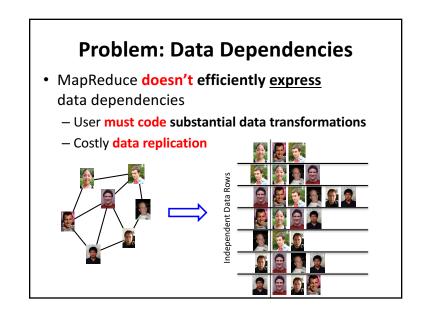
$$PR[u] = \sum_{v \in Bu} PR[v] / L[v]$$

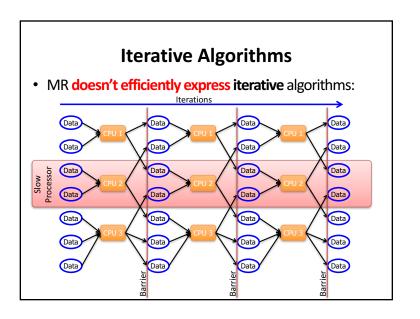
- iterate until convergence
- Parallelism:
  - Compute all PR[u] in parallel

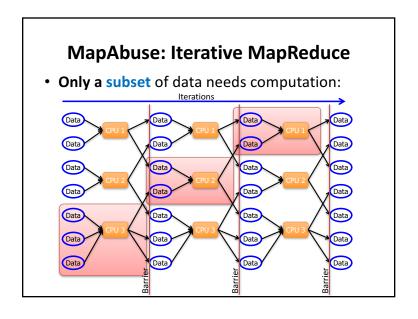


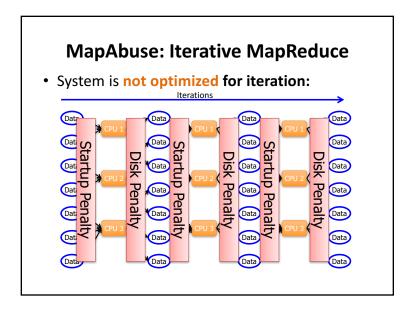


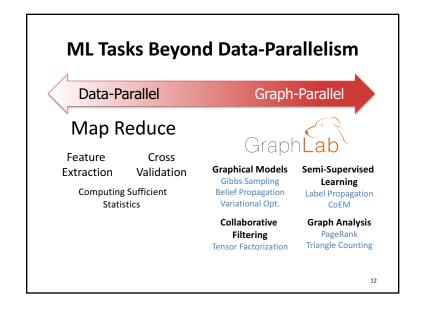












### This week's lectures

- Graph processing
  - Why relationships, sampling, and iterations often use in graph processing not well fit by MapReduce
  - How to take a graph-centric processing perspective
- Machine learning
  - These are solving one type of ML algorithm
  - What other systems are needed, particularly given heavy focus on iterative algorithms

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## Today's readings

- What about major data processing approaches for bounded & unbounded data?
- Challenges/needs for unbounded include:
  - time-agnostic, approximation, windowing by processing time, windowing by event time
- Key mechanisms (in Cloud DataFlow)
  - Watermarks: ideal vs. heuristic
  - Triggers
  - Discarding, accumulating, accumulating + retracting

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# Today's readings

- Streaming is about unbounded data sets, not particular execution engines
- Streaming is in fact a strict superset of batch, Lambda Architecture destined for retirement
- Needs of good streaming systems: correctness and tools for reasoning about time.
- Differences between event time and processing time, and the challenges they impose

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