User interface design

"The interface <u>is</u> the product." Jef Raskin *originator of the Apple Macintosh*

"A user interface is well designed when the program behaves exactly how the user thought it would."

Joel Spolsky

User Interface Design for Programmers

Uniformity, consistency

- uniform visual appearance throughout: sizes, colors, fonts, ...
 - CSS is your friend for web pages
- \cdot always put similar items in standard places
 - File / Edit / View ... / Help
 - OK / Cancel at the bottom right
 - consistency with other systems if it makes sense
 - use the local look and feel

follow conventions

- ... means "more to come"
- grayed out means inactive
- checkmark means currently selected

- ...

Legibility

- not everyone is 18 years old!
- use large enough text sizes
- \cdot use legible fonts
- use contrasting colors
 - don't use dark blue letters on black background!
- \cdot don't assume a screen size
 - text should adapt to screen size, not require scrolling
- \cdot mobile is different but the same principles apply



Home

Venue

Sitemap

Travel and

accommodation

Call for Papers

Sitemap

.....

Relevant topics Submission procedures Workshop/tutorial proposals Conference Programme Steering Important dates ProDoc@DocEng Registration Support for students

- DocEng 2013 Call for Papers Committees Home Important dates ProDoc@DocEng
 - Registration
 - Support for students

Collapse all

• Venue

Ease of use

- pick good defaults
- don't get too deep
 - multi-level menus
 - drop-downs that don't fit on the screen
- remember useful information
 - previous text entries
 - position in file system
 - settings
- but do it consistently
- provide text-based alternatives
 - let me type filenames instead of forcing a dialog
- think about accessibility
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ think about other languages and cultures

Safety first

- \cdot don't do irrevocable actions without confirmation
 - don't quit without warning if changes are not saved
- but do it right
 - don't ask about saving if there were no changes
 Excel and Word both do this wrong
 - show an indicator of whether changes have occurred
- provide a way to interrupt long-running computations safely
- watch out for security warnings that are clicked automatically

Usability testing (Krug, Rocket Surgery Made Easy)

- figure out a small set of important tasks
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ tell the user what task to do
 - but not how to do it
- try it yourself
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ write it down so the user can refer to it
- get the user to talk out loud about his/her thought processes while performing it

Useful reading

- Windows user experience interaction guidelines:
 - http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/windows/desktop/aa511258.aspx
- Steve Krug, Rocket Surgery Made Easy
- Joel Spolsky, User Interface Design for Programmers
- \cdot World's worst web site (one of a million similar sites)
- http://www.angelfire.com/super/badwebs/