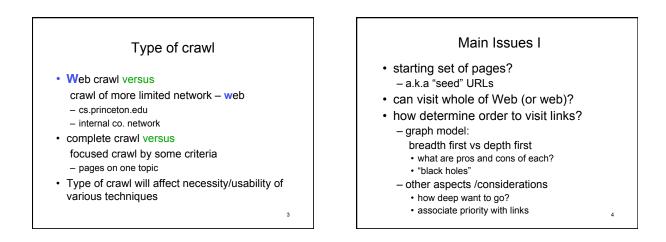


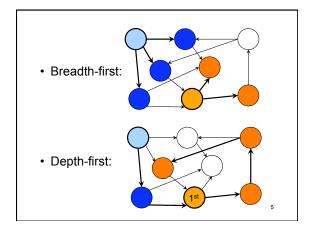


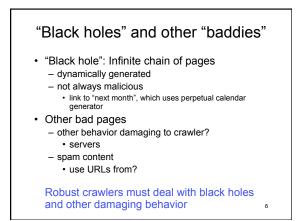
Retrieve (for indexing, storage, ...) Web pages by using the links found on a page to locate more pages.

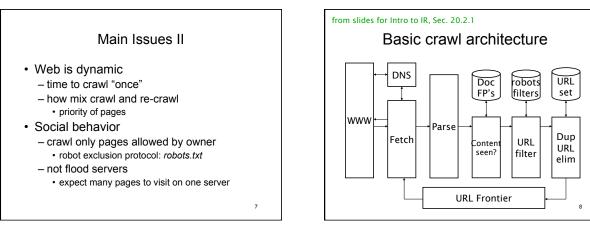
2

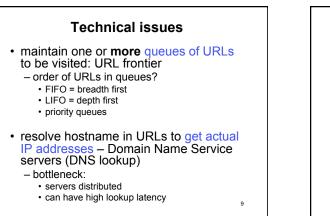
Must have some starting point













- To do large crawls must have multiple crawlers with multiple network connections (sockets) open and probably multiple queues
- large crawls generate large amount data
- need fast access => main memory
- cache: hold items most likely to use in main memory instead of
 - on disk
 - · request from server

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DNS lookup

· cache DNS map

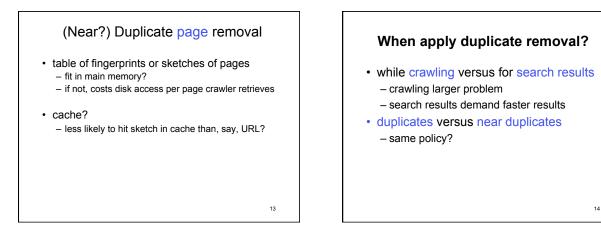
- large, local, in memory
- hold most recently used mappings
- · don't want temporal locality of reference - be nice to servers (or else)
- · prefetch DNS resolution for URLs on page when it parsed?

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- batch requests
- put in cache
- use when URL gets to head of queue
- resolution stale?
- How "large" cache? - Problems?

(Near?) Duplicate pages Has page been indexed already? mirror sites – different URLs, same page - bad: duplicate page in search results - worse ?: add links from duplicate pages to queues • also mirrors? - mirrored pages may have slight differences

- e.g. indicate which mirror they on
- · other sources duplicates & near duplicates - eg .../spr10/cos435/ps1.html
 - .../spr09/cos435/ps1.html

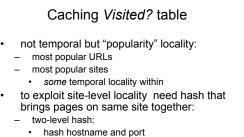




IS URL in URL frontier? Has URL already been visited? if not recrawling ⇒ Has URL ever been in URL frontier?

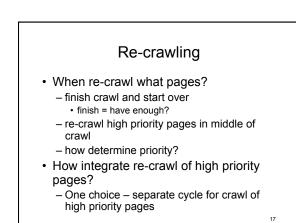
- · Use:
- canonical, fully specified URLs
- canonical hostname provided by DNS • Visited? hash table
- hash canonical URL to entry
- · Visited? table may be too large for MM

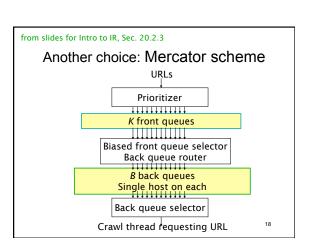




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- hash path
- can use B+ tree, sorted on i then ii - if no entry for URL in tree, not visited





Mercator prioritizing

- · Assigning priority
 - properties of page from previous visits • e.g. how often page change
 - class of pages
 - news, blogs, ... high priority for recrawl - focused crawling
- Front queue for each priority: FIFO
- · "Biased front queue selector" implements policy by choosing which queue next

Mercator politeness enforcement: **Back queues**

- at any point each queue contains only URLs from one host
- · additional information
 - table mapping host to queue
 - heap containing entry for each queue/host: earliest time can next request from host

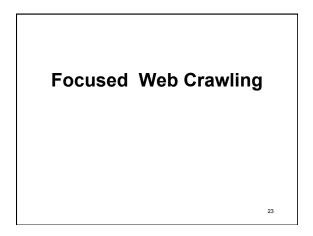
20

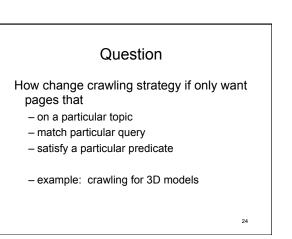
22

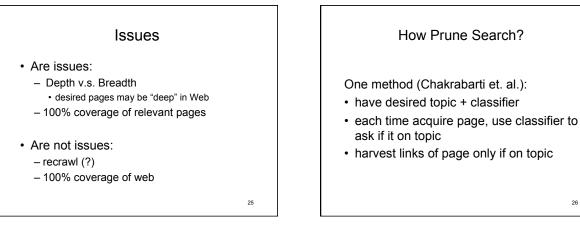
- · heap min gives next queue to use for URL to fetch
 - wait until earliest allowed time to fetch

Crawling large number pages Maintaining back queues indexing is not^{*} dynamic and continuous · When a back queue emptied, remove ★ Google in fall 2010 announced now has dynamic index URLs from front queues - putting in - Index all pages collected at certain time (end appropriate back queues until remove of crawl?) URL from new host - Provide search half of engine with new index put URL from new host in empty back crawling is continuous queue - some choices: - update host- back queue table · reinsert seed URLs in queue when fetch - determine "earliest request time" · also reinsert high-priority URLs when fetch · reinsert all URLs with varying priority when fetch - insert in heap 21

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Alternative: Intelligent Crawling on the World Wide Web with Arbitrary Predicates

- · Do not assume, build statistical evidence:
 - parent interesting => page interesting
 - siblings interesting => page interesting
- crawler *learns* importance of different features of pages as indicators of relevance of other pages yet to visit
- · learns how prioritize pages for visiting
- Start as random crawler and adjust as learn

Calculating priority of pages in queue for visiting

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- · Features considered
 - content of parent web pages
 - % of parents satisfying predicate
 - % of siblings satisfying predicate
 - "tokens" in URL of page • e.g. "edu", "princeton"
- · Use a numerical interest ratio to prioritize

Missing features?

- · Keep in mind analysis before page is visited, i.e. read and processed
- Anchor text
- Others?

Summary

- · focused crawling for specialized applications
- have been many proposed methods
- need
 - more analysis per page
 - less throughput

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