COS 126 – Atomic Theory of Matter

Goal of the Assignment

- Calculate Avogadro's number
 - Using Einstein's equations
 - Using fluorescent imaging
- Input data
 - Sequence of images
 - Each image is a rectangle of pixels
 - Each pixel is either light or dark
- Output
 - Estimate of Avogadro's number

Assignment: Four Programs

- Blob data type
 - Maximal set of connected light pixels
- BlobFinder
 - Find all blobs in a JPEG image
 - List all the *big* blobs (aka beads)
- BeadTracker
 - Track beads from one image to the next
- Avogadro
 - Data analysis to estimate Avogadro's number from the motion of beads

Atomic Theory Overview

- Brownian Motion
 - Random collision of molecules
 - Displacement over time fits a Gaussian distribution



Atomic Theory Overview

- Avogadro' s Number
 - Number of atoms needed to equal substance's atomic mass in grams
 - N_A atoms of Carbon-12 = 12 grams
 - Can calculate from Brownian Motion
 - Variance of Gaussian distribution is a function of resistance in water, number of molecules

Blob.java

API for representing particles (blobs) in water

- public Blob()
- public void add(int i, int j)
- public int mass() // number of pixels
- public double distanceTo(Blob b) // from center (average)
- public String toString()
- Only need *three* values to efficiently store
 - Do *not* store the positions of every pixel in the blob



Blob Challenges

Format numbers in a nice way

- String.format("%2d (%8.4f, %8.4f)", mass, cx, cy);
- (Use same format in System.out.printf())
- E.g., "%6.3f" -> _2.354
- E.g., "%10.4e" -> 1.2535e-23
- Thoroughly test
 - Create a simple main()

BlobFinder.java

- Locate all blobs in a given image
 - And identify large blobs (called beads)

API

- public BlobFinder(Picture picture, double threshold)
 - Calculate luminance (see Luminance.java, 3.1)
 - Include pixels with a luminance >= threshold
 - Find blobs with DFS (see Percolation.java, 2.4)
 - The hard part, next slide...
- public Blob[] getBeads(int minSize)
 - Returns all beads with at least minSize pixels
 - Array must be of size equal to number of beads

- Use boolean[][] array to mark visited
- Traverse image pixel by pixel
 - Dark pixel
 - Mark as visited, continue
 - Light pixel
 - Create new blob, call DFS
- DFS algorithm
 - Base case: simply return if
 - Pixel out-of-bounds
 - Pixel has been visited
 - Pixel is dark (and mark as visited)
 - Add pixel to current blob, mark as visited
 - Recursively visit up, down, left, and right neighbors



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BlobFinder Challenges

- Data structure for the collection of blobs
 - Store them any way you like
 - But be aware of memory use and timing

BlobFinder Challenges

Data structure for the collection of blobs

- Store them any way you like
- But be aware of memory use and timing
- Array of blobs?
 - But how big should the array be?
- Linked list of blobs?
 - Memory efficient, but harder to implement
 - Avoid traversing whole list to add a blob!
- Anything else?
 - Submit your (extra) object classes if not in 4.3

BeadTracker.java

- Track beads between successive images
- Single main function
 - Take in a series of images
 - Output distance traversed by all beads for each time-step
 - For each bead found at time t+1, find closest bead at time t and calculate distance
 - Not the other way around!
 - Don't include if distance > 25 pixels (new bead)



BeadTracker Challenges

- Reading multiple input files
 - java BeadTracker run_1/*.jpg
 - Expands files in alphabetical order

End up as args[0], args[1], ...

- Avoiding running out of memory
 - How?
- Recompiling
 - Recompile if Blob or BlobFinder change

BeadTracker Challenges

- Reading multiple input files
 - java BeadTracker run_1/*.jpg
 - Expands files in alphabetical order

End up as args[0], args[1], …

- Avoiding running out of memory
 - Do not open all picture files at same time
 - Only two need to be open at a time
- Recompiling
 - Recompile if Blob or BlobFinder change

Avogadro.java

- Analyze Brownian motion of all calculated displacements
 - Lots of crazy formulas, all given, pretty straightforward
 - Be careful about units in the math, convert pixels to meters, etc.
- Can test without the other parts working
 - We provide sample input files
 - Can work on it while waiting for help

Conclusion: Final Tips

- Avoiding subtle bugs in BlobFinder
 - Double check what happens at corner cases (e.g. at boundary pixels, or when luminance == tau, or mass == cutoff)
- Common errors in BlobFinder
 - NullPointerException
 - StackOverflowError (e.g., if no base case)
 - No output (need to add prints)
- Look at checklist Q&A

Conclusion: Final Tips

Testing with a main()

- BlobFinder, BeadTracker, and Avogadro
- Must have a main() that can handle I/O described in Testing section of checklist
- Timing analysis
 - Look at feedback from earlier assignments
 - BeadTracker is time sink, so analyze that
- How can you run 100 frames?