## Source code management

- Subversion (SVN): version control system
- $\cdot$  for managing large projects with multiple people
  - widely used, open source
  - works across network as client-server
  - fixes many of shortcomings of CVS
- store and retrieve all versions of all directories and files in a project
  - usually source code
  - also documentation, tests, binaries, ...
- · support multiple concurrent users
  - independent editing of files
  - merged into single version
- highly recommended for COS 333 projects!
  - save all previous versions of all files so you can back out of a bad change
  - log changes to files so you can see who changed what and why
  - mediate conflicting changes made by different users -
    - keeps consistency

## Basic sequence

- create a repository
  - where SVN stores its copies of your files
  - including all changes made by anyone
- $\cdot$  each person checks out a copy of the files
  - "copy modify merge"
  - get files from repository to work on does not lock the repository
  - make changes in a local copy
  - when satisfied, check in (== commit) changes
- $\cdot$  if my changes don't conflict with your changes
  - SVN updates its copies with the revised versions
  - edits on different lines are merged automatically
  - keeps previous copies
- if my changes conflict with your changes
  - e.g., we both changed lines in the same part of file,
    SVN doesn't permit the checkin
  - we have to resolve the conflict manually

## Basic sequence, continued

- when changes are committed, SVN insists on a log message
  - strong encouragement to record what change was made and why
  - can get a history of changes to one or more files
  - can diff versions of a file
- can create multiple branches of a project
- can tag snapshots for e.g., releases
- can be used as client-server, so can do distributed development
  - repository on one machine
  - users and their local copies can be anywhere

## Getting started

• to put code under SVN control, do this once: svnadmin create repository svn import proj.dir file:///repository \ -m 'initial repository' svn checkout file:///repository working.dir

create, edit files in working.dir
 cd working.dir
 ed x.c # etc.
 svn diff x.c
 svn add newfile.c

- update the respository svn commit # commit all the changes
- for more info, read svn.help on web page, SVN book, etc.

# Alternatives

#### • Bazaar

http://bazaar-vcs.org

### • Mercurial

http://www.selenic.com/mercurial

## • Git

http://git-scm.com/

### comparison page http://www.infoq.com/articles/dvcs-guide