What computers just cannot do. (Part II)

COS 116: 3/6/2007 Adam Finkelstein

Administrivia

Midterm - take home during week of 3/12
Review session Fri 3/9 3pm Friend 005
Last year's exam linked under "extras" on web
Back-off from pseudocode
H2, Q6: now optional
On midterm: be able to read, but *not* write it

Epimenides Paradox

- Κρῆτες ἀεί ψεύσται
- "Cretans, always liars!"

But Epimenides was a Cretan!'

(can be resolved...)



More troubling: "This sentence is false."

Barber Paradox

- Town with one male barber
- Each man either shaves or sees the barber
- Barber shaves the men who do not shave themselves
- Does barber shave himself? Contradiction either way!



Recap from last time

Turing-Post computational model:
 Greatly simplified model

- □ Infinite tape, each square either 0/1
- Program = finite sequence of instructions (only 6 types!)
- Unlike pseudocode, no conditionals or loops, only "GOTO"

 \Box code(*P*) = binary representation of program *P*

Motivation

Simplify!

(Get to the heart of the matter)

Doubling program

PRINT 0
 GO LEFT
 GO TO STEP 2 IF 1 SCANNED
 PRINT 1
 GO RIGHT
 GO TO STEP 5 IF 1 SCANNED
 PRINT 1
 GO RIGHT
 GO RIGHT
 GO TO STEP 1 IF 1 SCANNED
 STOP

Halting



Some facts

Fact 1: Every pseudocode program can be written as a T-P program, and vice versa

Fact 2: There is a <u>universal T-P program</u>



Discussion

Is there a universal pseudocode program ?

How would you write it?

Halting Problem



- Decide whether P halts on V or not
- Cannot be solved! Turing proved that no Turing-Post program can solve Halting Problem

Short detour

- Proof by contradiction...
- Feeding a program to itself...

Proof By Contradiction

- Suppose statement S is true
- Make series of logical deductions from S
- Arrive at deduction that is clearly false
- ... therefore S must be false

Feeding a program to itself

- A python program to count lines: import sys count = 0 for line in sys.stdin.readlines(): count = count + 1 print count
 - Run this program using itself as input: % python count_lines.py < count_lines.py
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Suppose we had a solution:

would_it_stop(program, data):
 if(something terribly clever) {
 report TRUE;
 } else {
 report FALSE;
 }

This version due to Craig Kaplan, U of Waterloo http://www.cgl.uwaterloo.ca/~csk/halt/

Feed a program to itself:

stops_on_self(program):
 report would_it_stop(program, program);

Now let's mix things up:

bobs_yer_uncle(program):
if(stops_on_self(program)) {
 while(TRUE) { do nothing } (loop forever)
 } else {
 report TRUE;
 }

- Finally, run bobs_yer_uncle on itself
- Two possible outcomes:
 - Never halts, or
 - □ Halts and reports TRUE

- Consider case of infinite loop
 - stops_on_self(bobs_yer_uncle) reports TRUE
 - would_it_stop(bobs_yer_uncle, bobs_yer_uncle) reports TRUE
 - ... but then bobs_yer_uncle would stop when fed itself
 - … contradiction!

- Consider case where it reports TRUE
 - stops_on_self(bobs_yer_uncle) reports FALSE
 - would_it_stop(bobs_yer_uncle, bobs_yer_uncle) reports FALSE
 - ... but then bobs_yer_uncle would run forever
 - … contradiction!

Lessons to take away

 Computation is a very simple process (can arise in unexpected places)

Universal Program

- No real boundary between hardware, software, and data
- No program that decides whether or not mathematical statements are theorems.

Age-old mystery: Self-reproduction.



How does the seed encode the whole?

Self-reproducing programs



Fact: for every program P, there exists a program P' that has the exact same functionality except at the end it also prints code(P') on the tape

Next time

Graphics...