



Raster Graphics

Thomas Funkhouser
Princeton University
COS 426, Fall 1999



Overview

- Display hardware
 - How are images displayed?
- Raster graphics systems
 - How are imaging systems organized?
- Perception and color
 - How do we perceive images?
 - How can we describe and represent colors?

Overview



- Display hardware
 - How are images displayed?
- Raster graphics systems
 - How are imaging systems organized?
- Perception and color
 - How do we perceive images?
 - How can we describe and represent colors?

Display Hardware



- Video display devices
 - Cathode Ray Tube (CRT)
 - Liquid Crystal Display (LCD)
 - Plasma panels
 - Thin-film electroluminescent displays
 - Light-emitting diodes (LED)
- Hard-copy devices
 - Ink-jet printer
 - Laser printer
 - Film recorder
 - Electrostatic printer
 - Pen plotter

Cathode Ray Tube (CRT)

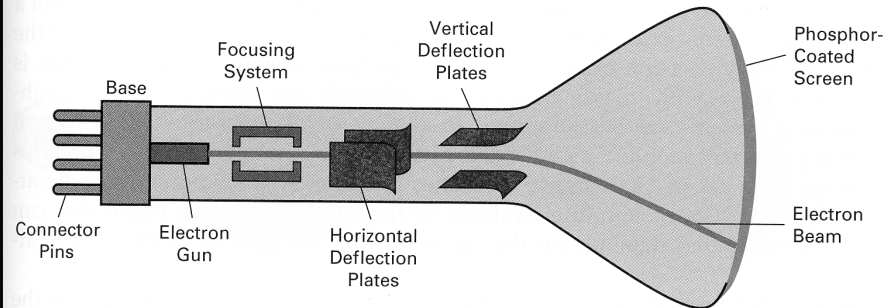


Figure 2.4 from H&B

Liquid Crystal Display (LCD)

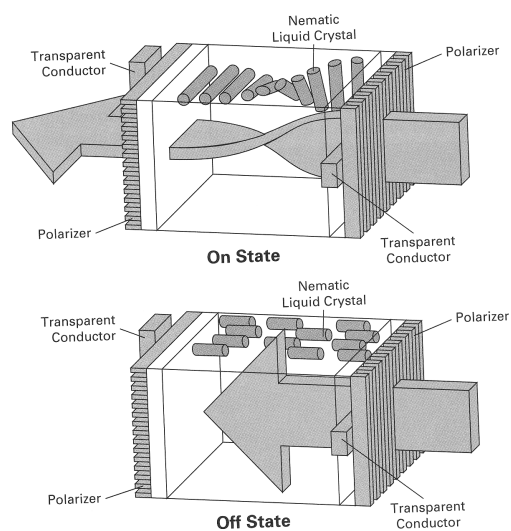


Figure 2.16 from H&B

Display Hardware



- Video display devices
 - » Cathode Ray Tube (CRT)
 - » Liquid Crystal Display (LCD)
 - Plasma panels
 - Thin-film electroluminescent displays
 - Light-emitting diodes (LED)
- Hard-copy devices
 - Ink-jet printer
 - Laser printer
 - Film recorder
 - Electrostatic printer
 - Pen plotter

Overview



- Display hardware
 - How are images displayed?
- Raster graphics systems
 - How are imaging systems organized?
- Perception and color
 - How do we perceive images?
 - How can we describe and represent colors?

Raster Graphics Systems

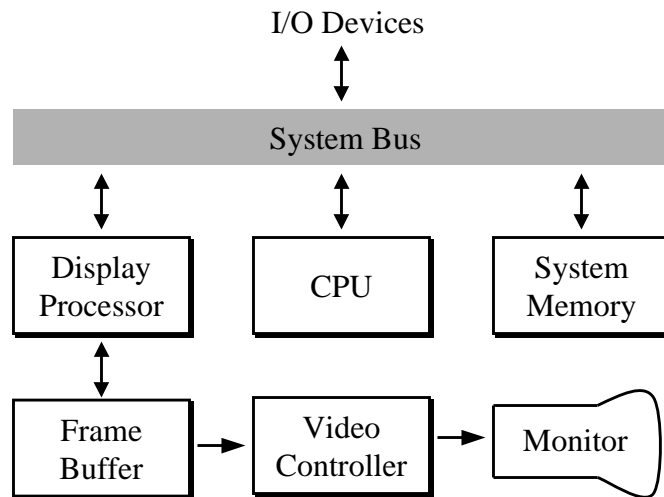


Figure 2.29 from H&B

Frame Buffer

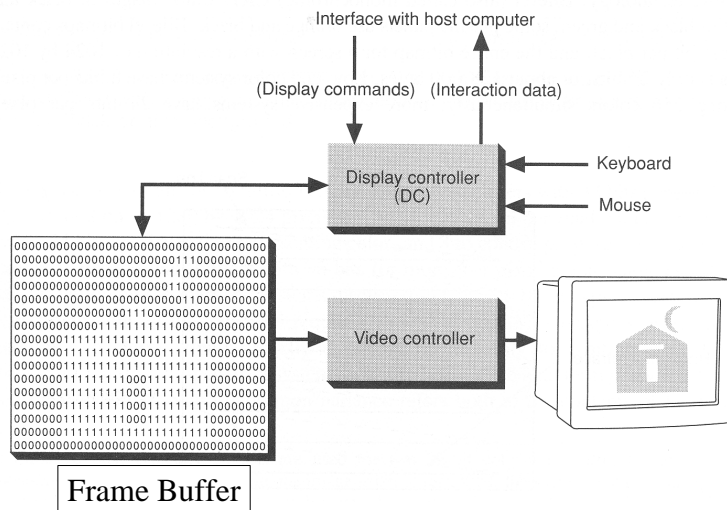
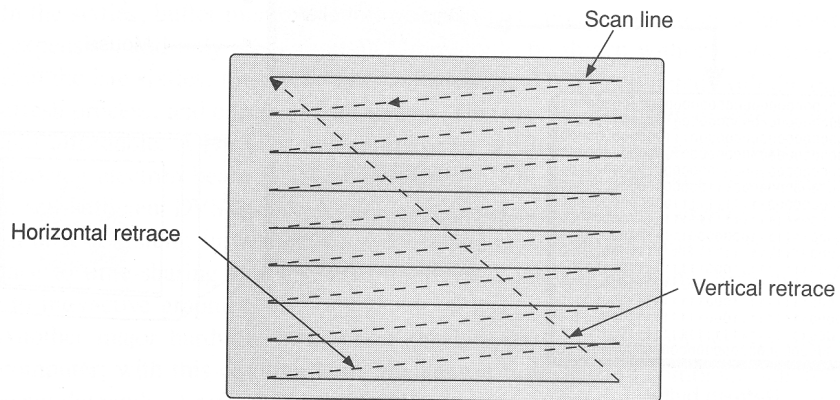


Figure 1.2 from FvDFH

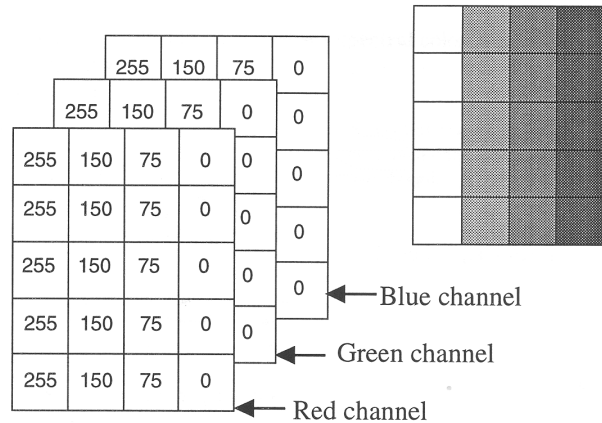
Frame Buffer Refresh



Refresh rate is usually 30-75Hz

Figure 1.3 from FvDFH

Color Frame Buffer



Color CRT

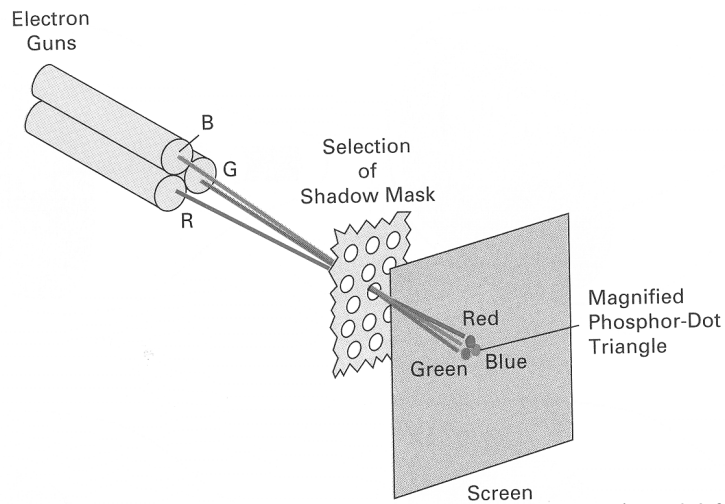


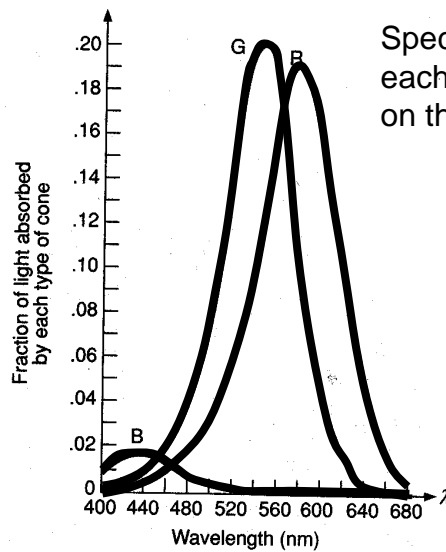
Figure 2.8 from H&B

Overview



- Display hardware
 - How are images displayed?
- Raster graphics systems
 - How are imaging systems organized?
- » Perception and color
 - How do we perceive images?
 - How can we describe and represent colors?

Color Perception



Spectral-response functions of each of the three types of cones on the human retina.

Tristimulus
theory of color

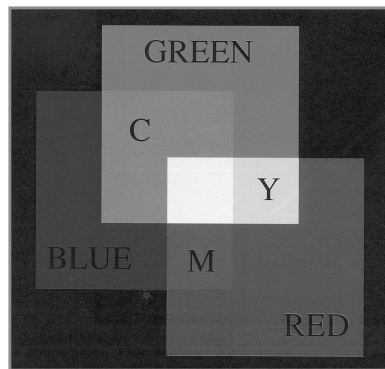
Figure 13.18 from FvDFH

Color Models



- RGB
- XYZ
- CMY
- HSV
- Others

RGB Color Model

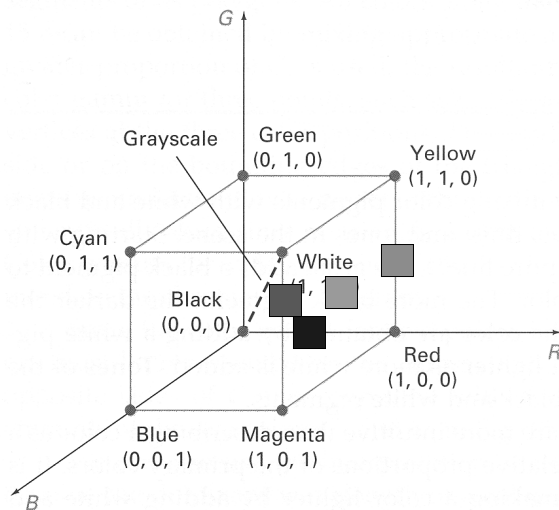


Colors are additive

R	G	B	Color
0.0	0.0	0.0	Black
1.0	0.0	0.0	Red
0.0	1.0	0.0	Green
0.0	0.0	1.0	Blue
1.0	1.0	0.0	Yellow
1.0	0.0	1.0	Magenta
0.0	1.0	1.0	Cyan
1.0	1.0	1.0	White
0.5	0.0	0.0	?
1.0	0.5	0.5	?
1.0	0.5	0.0	?
0.5	0.3	0.1	?

Plate II.3 from FvDFH

RGB Color Cube



Figures 15.11&15.12 from H&B

RGB Spectral Colors



Amounts of RGB primaries needed to display spectral colors

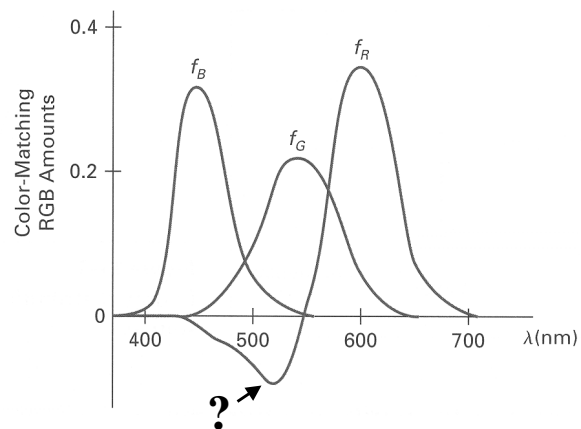


Figure 15.5 from H&B

XYZ Color Model (CIE)



Amounts of CIE primaries needed to display spectral colors

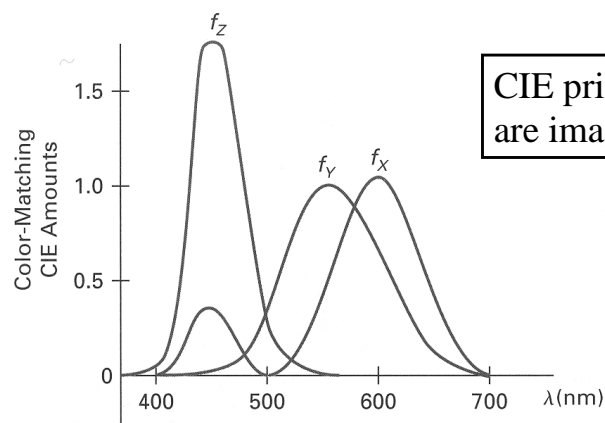


Figure 15.6 from H&B

CIE Chromaticity Diagram



Normalized amounts of X and Y for colors in visible spectrum

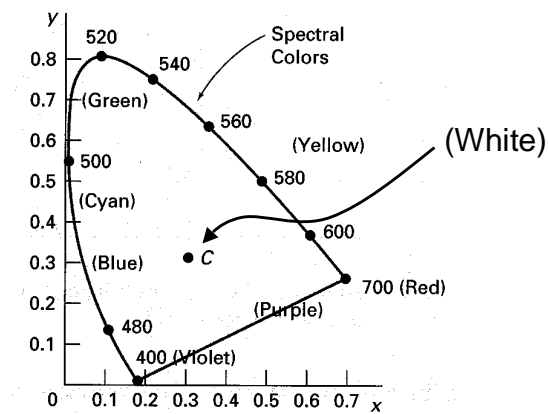


Figure 15.7 from H&B

RGB Color Gamut



Color gamut for a typical RGB computer monitor

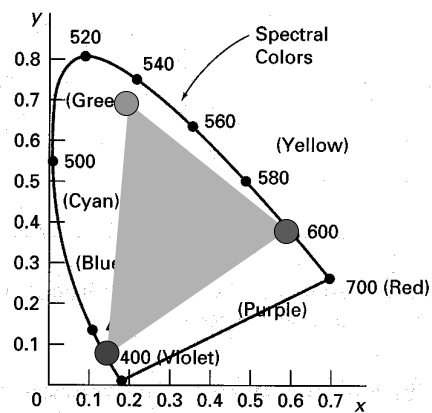
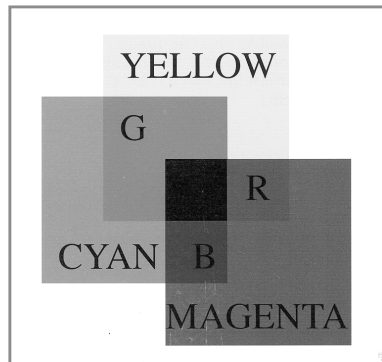


Figure 15.13 from H&B

CMY Color Model



Colors are subtractive




C	M	Y	Color
0.0	0.0	0.0	White
1.0	0.0	0.0	Cyan
0.0	1.0	0.0	Magenta
0.0	0.0	1.0	Yellow
1.0	1.0	0.0	Blue
1.0	0.0	1.0	Green
0.0	1.0	1.0	Red
1.0	1.0	1.0	Black
0.5	0.0	0.0	
1.0	0.5	0.5	
1.0	0.5	0.0	

Plate II.7 from FvDFH

CMY Color Cube

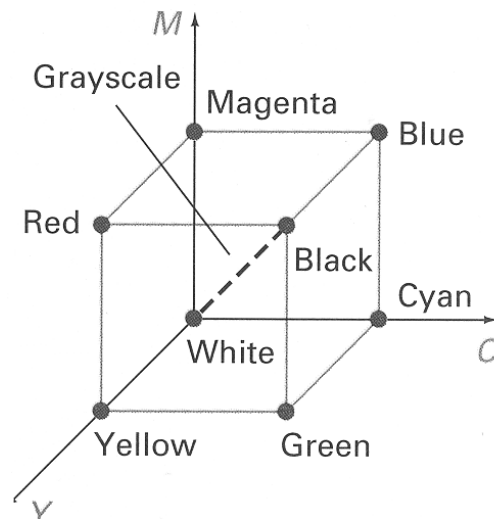
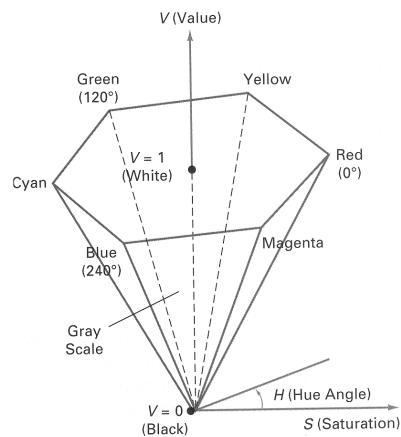


Figure 15.14 from H&B

HSV Color Model






H	S	V	Color
0	1.0	1.0	Red
120	1.0	1.0	Green
240	1.0	1.0	Blue
*	0.0	1.0	White
*	0.0	0.5	Gray
*	*	0.0	Black
60	1.0	1.0	
270	0.5	1.0	
270	0.0	0.7	

Figure 15.16&15.17 from H&B

Summary



- Display hardware
 - Monitors: CRTs, LCDs, etc.
 - Hard-copy: printers, plotters, etc.
- Raster graphics systems
 - Display processors
 - Frame buffers
 - Video controllers
- Perception and color
 - Tristimulus theory of color
 - Devices cannot display all visible colors
 - Different color models for different devices, uses, etc.