#### Lecture 1: Introduction

#### COS 429: Computer Vision



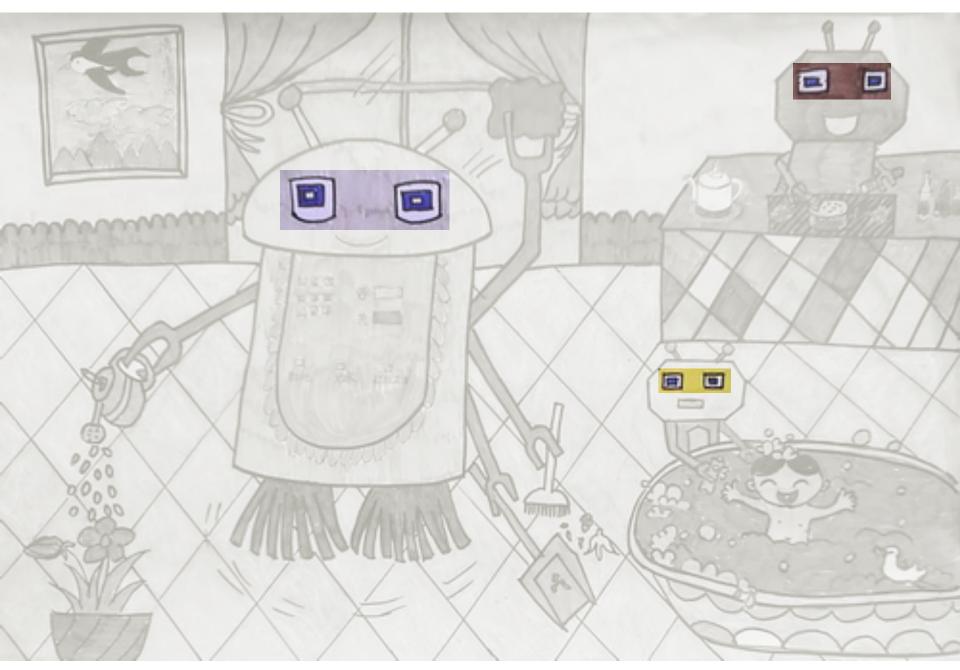
http://cs.princeton.edu/~cos429/





Slide credit: Fei-Fei Li

Y.Z. Dai, 7 year old

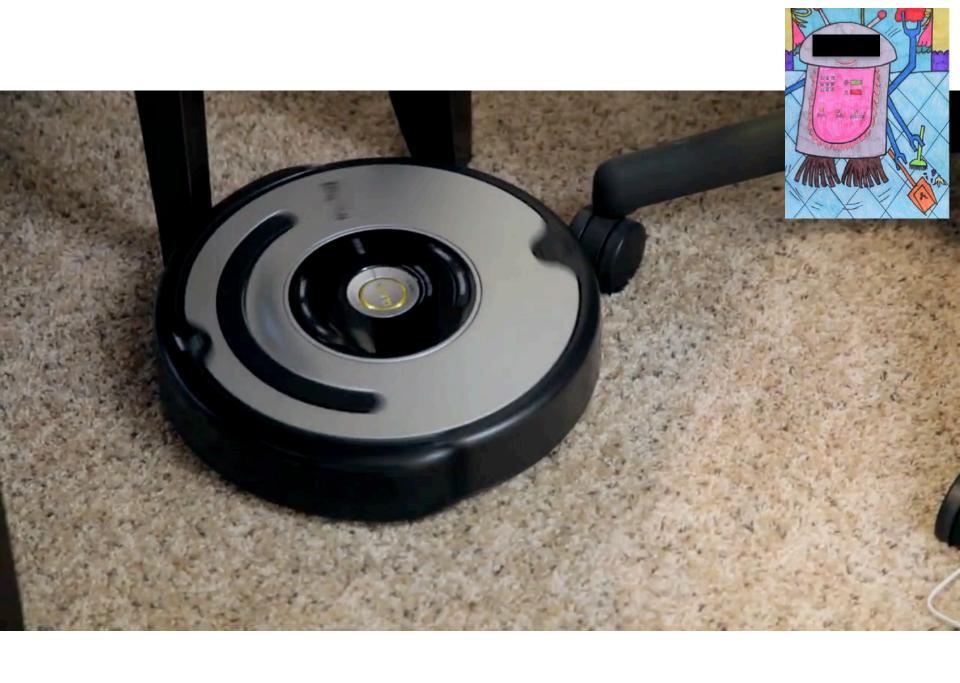


Y.Z. Dai, 7 year old

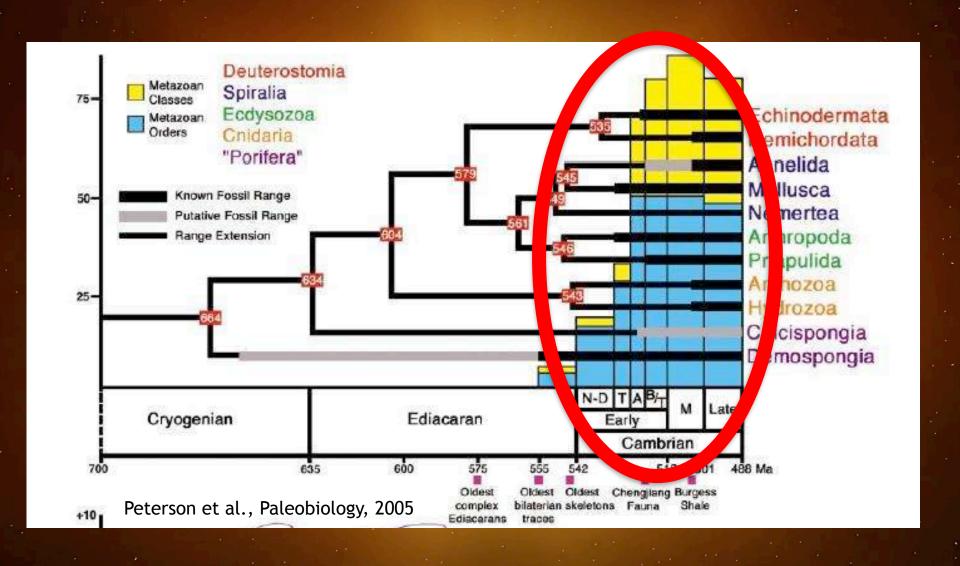


Slide credit: Fei-Fei Li

Y.Z. Dai, 7 year old

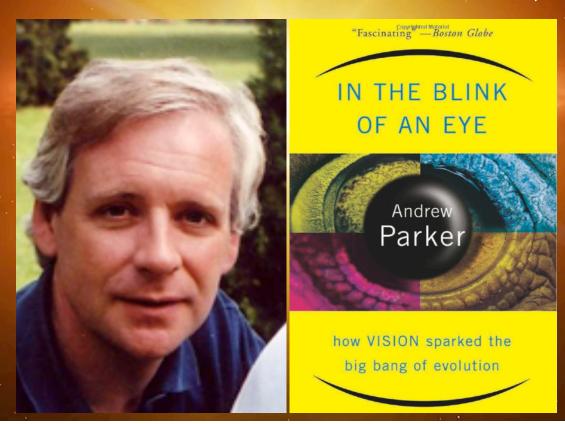


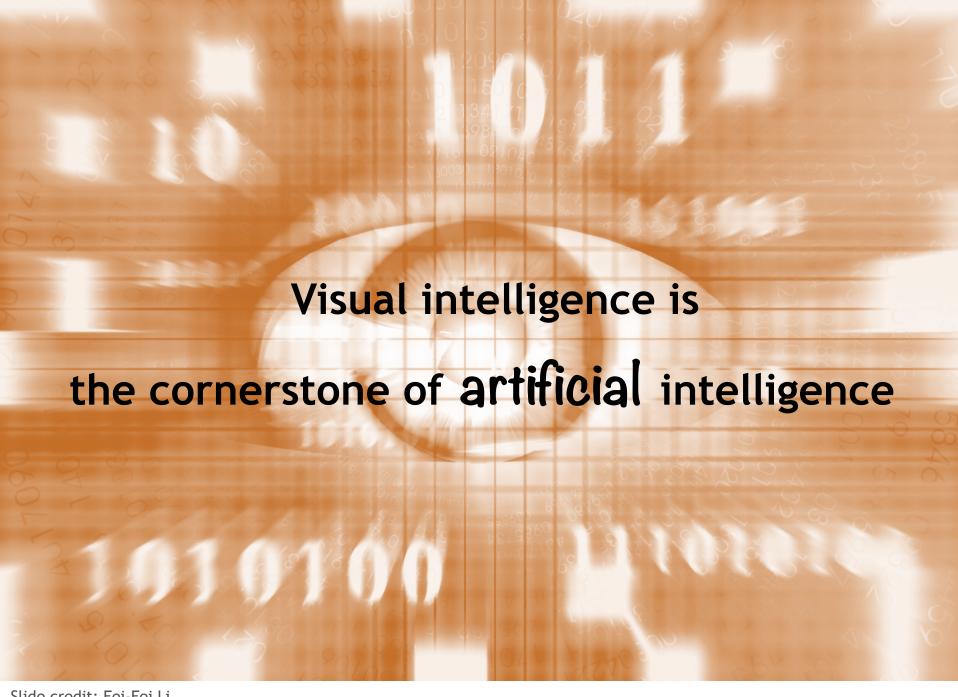




"The Cambrian Explosion is triggered by the sudden evolution of vision," which set off an evolutionary arms race where animals either evolved or died.

---- Andrew Parker, zoologist

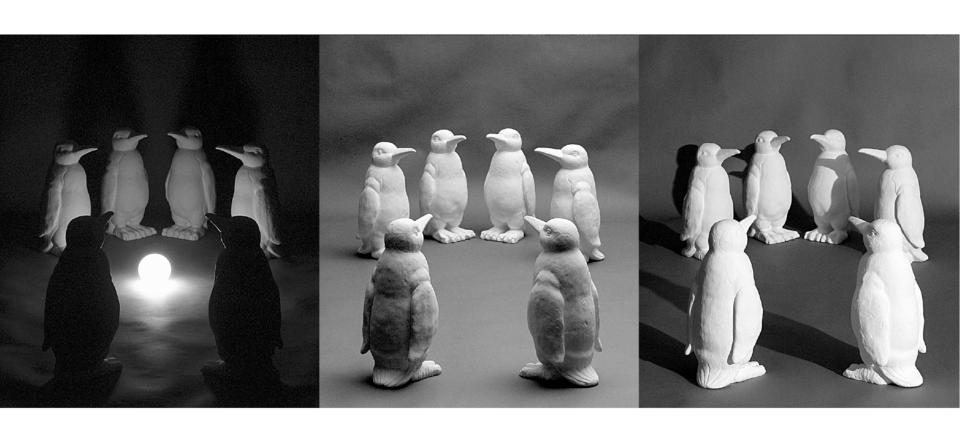




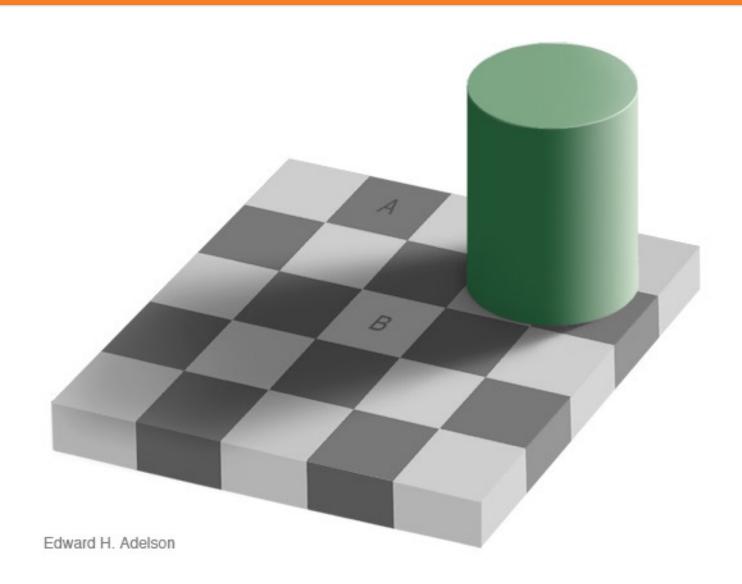


# Seeing is challenging

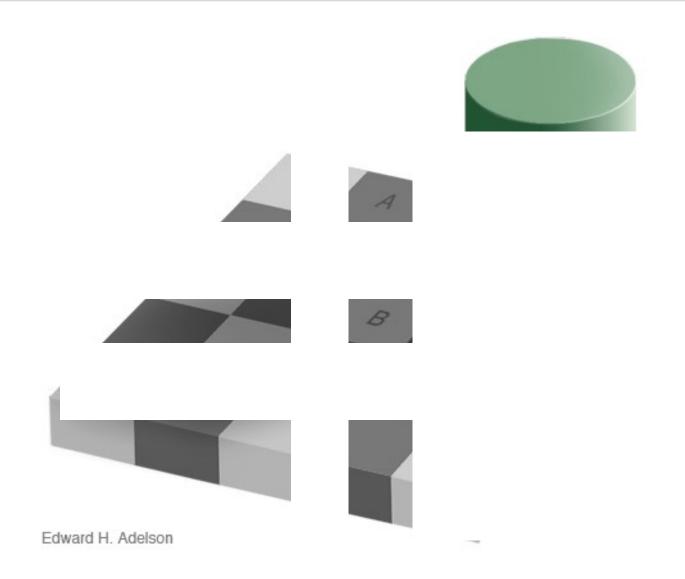
# Challenge: illumination



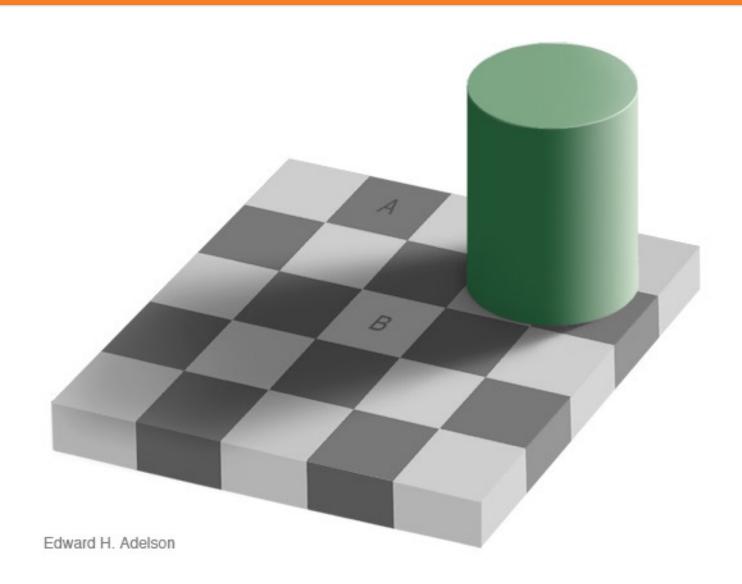
#### Challenge: light and shadow



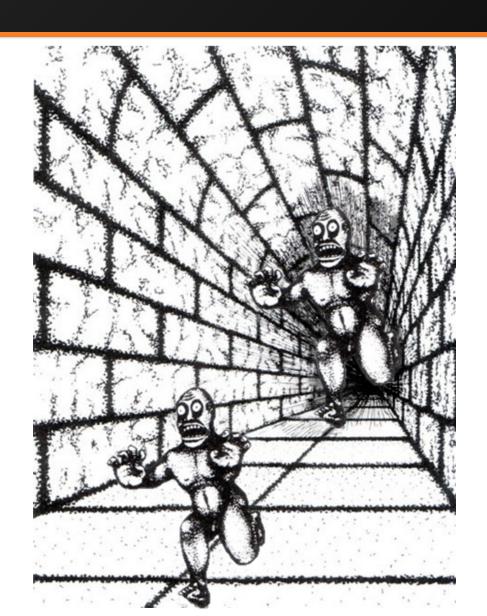
#### Challenge: light and shadow



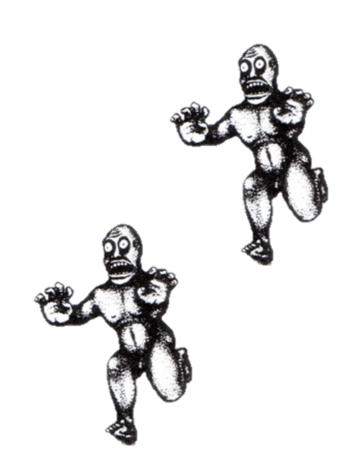
#### Challenge: light and shadow



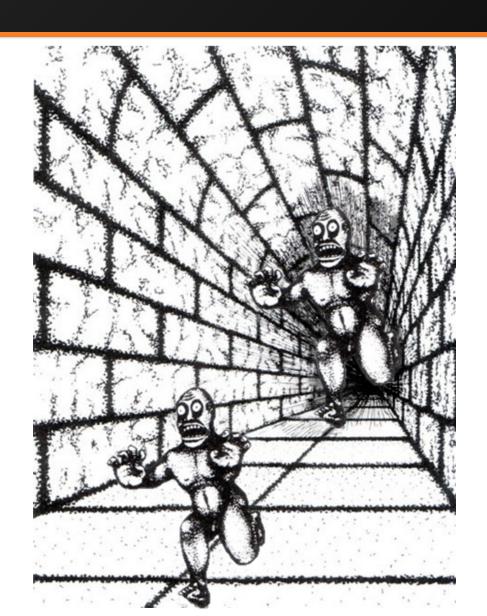
## Challenge: scale



## Challenge: scale



## Challenge: scale



#### Challenge: occlusion and clutter



#### Challenge: intra-class variation













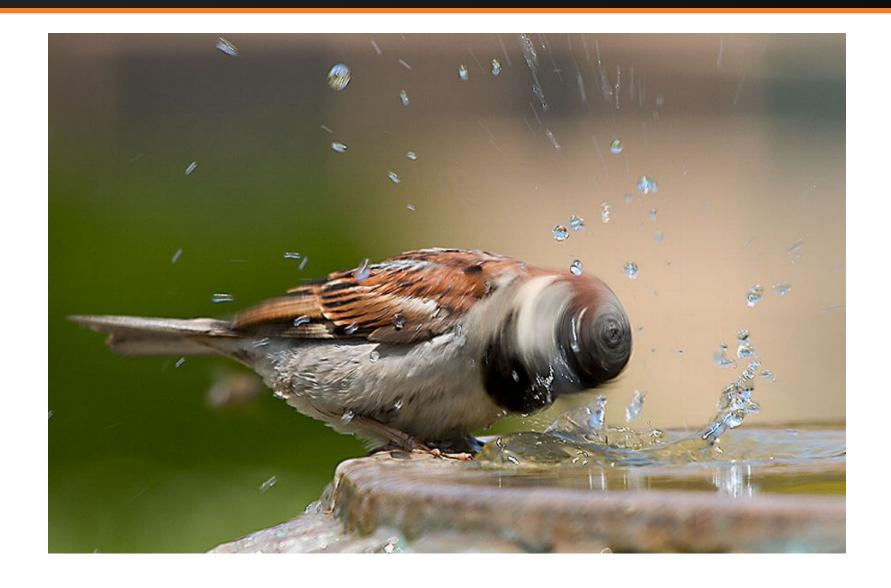
slide credit: Fei-Fei, Fergus & Torralba

### Challenge: deformation



Xu, Beihong 1943

## Challenge: motion

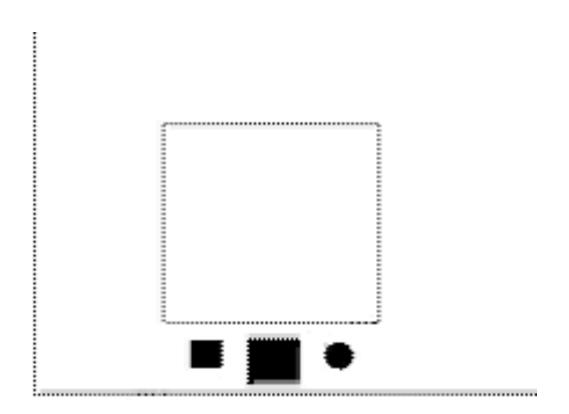


# Challenge: perspective

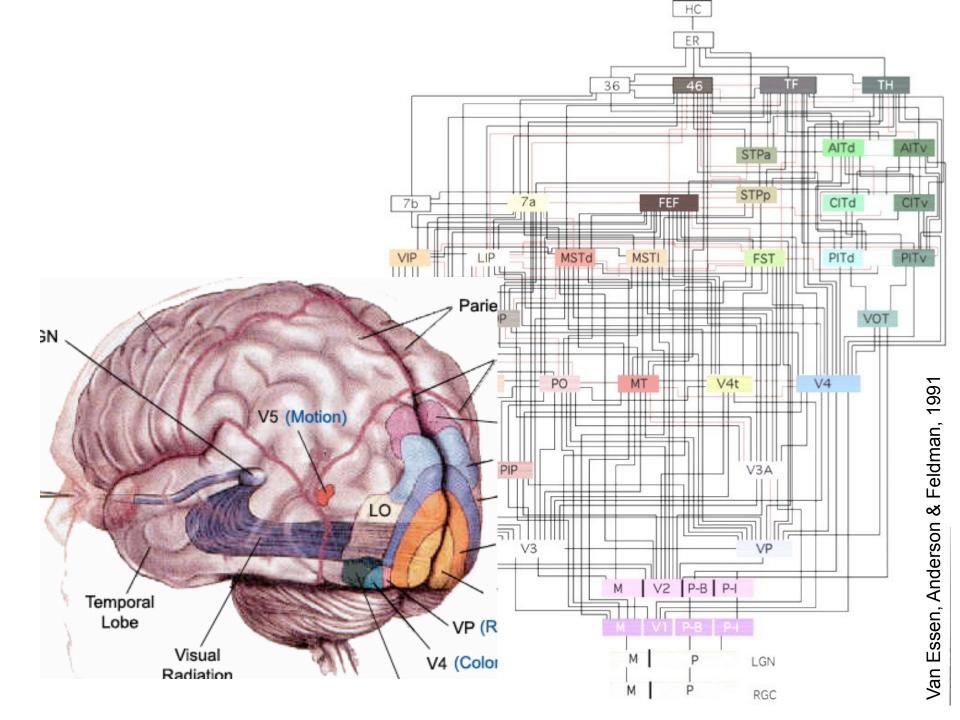




#### (Aside) Challenge: intentions and goals



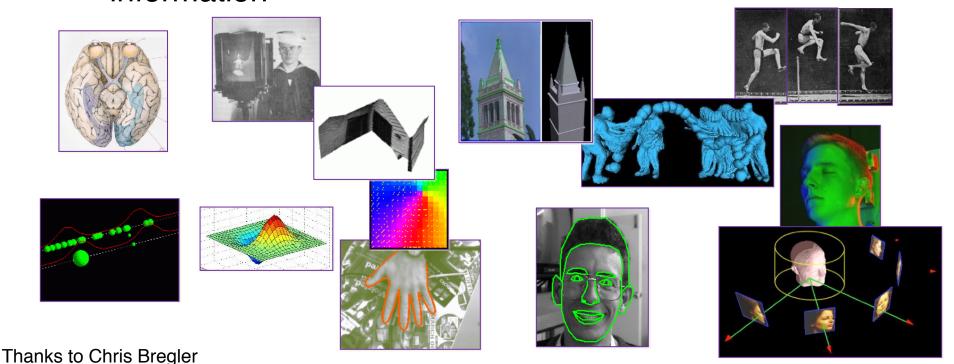
Slide credit: Deva Ramanan





#### Computer vision

- Input: images or video
- Output: description of the world
  - Also: measuring, classifying, interpreting visual information



#### One Pixel



 Amount of light recorded by a photoreceptor

"Is this the object's color?
Illumination? Noise?
I can't tell!"

#### Low-Level or "Early" Vision



 Local image/shape properties

"There's an edge!"

#### Mid-Level Vision



Grouping and segmentation

"There's an object and a background!"

#### High-Level Vision



- Recognition
- Classification

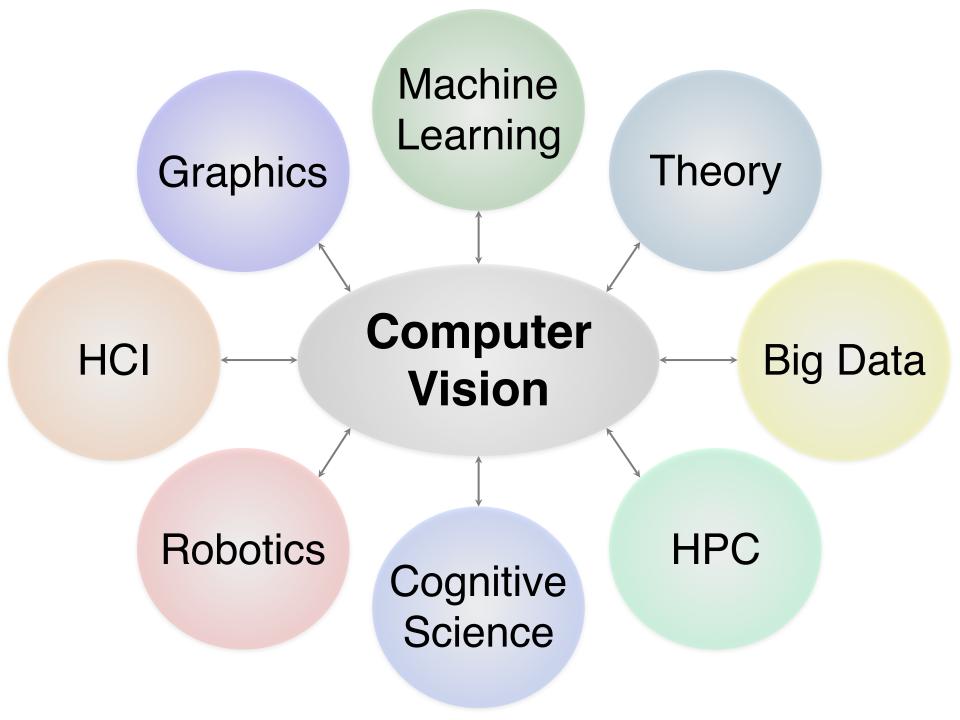
"It's a chair! It's in a room!"



#### What We Would Like to Infer...



Will person B put some money into Person C's tip bag?



# Computer vision success stories

# MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY PROJECT MAC

Artificial Intelligence Group Vision Memo. No. 100. July 7, 1966

#### THE SUMMER VISION PROJECT

Seymour Papert.

The summer vision project is an attempt to use our summer workers effectively in the construction of a significant part of a visual system. The particular task was chosen partly because it can be segmented into sub-problems which will allow individuals to work independently and yet participate in the construction of a system complex enough to be a real landmark in the development of "pattern recognition".

# MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY PROJECT MAC

Artificial Intelligence Group Vision Memo. No. 100. July 7, 1966



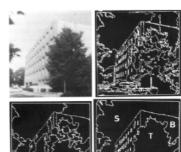
The summer vision project is use our summer workers effectively in the construct and part of a visual system.

The particular task ause it can be segmented into sub-prob 1966 auals to work independently and yet participate of a system complex enough to be a real landmark in the development of "pattern recognition".

### A Brief History of Computer Vision

- 1966: Marvin Minsky assigns computer vision as an undergrad summer project
- 1960s: interpretation of synthetic worlds
- 1970s: interpretation of carefully selected images
- 1980s: NNs come and go; shift towards geometry and increased mathematical rigor
- 1990s: face recognition; statistical analysis
- 2000s: broader recognition; large annotated datasets available; video processing





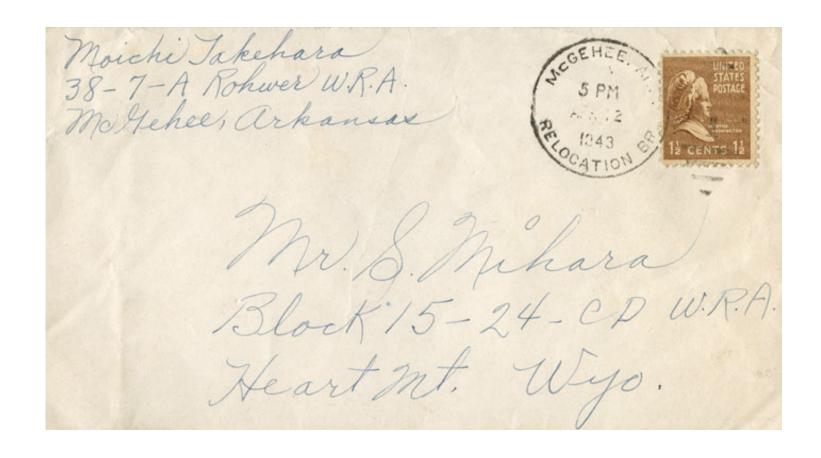




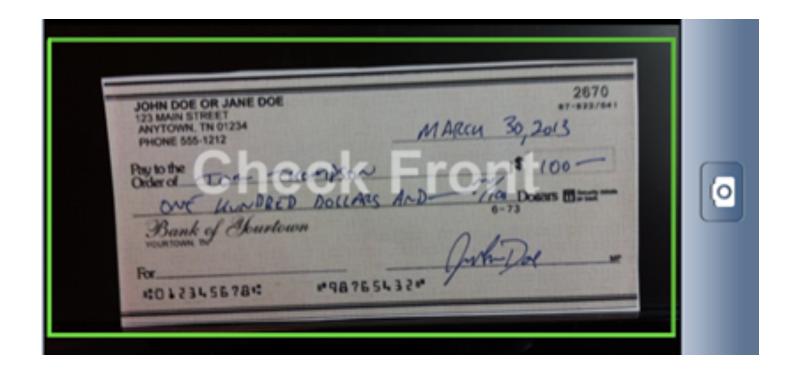


Turk and Pentland '91

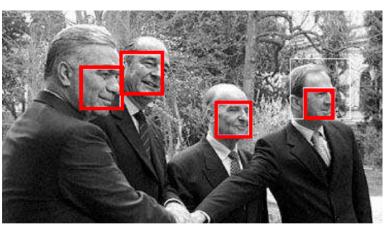
### Sorting our mail

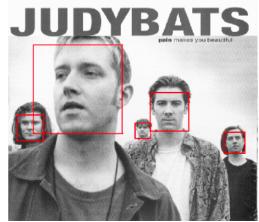


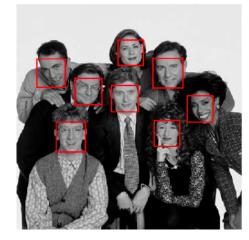
### Depositing checks

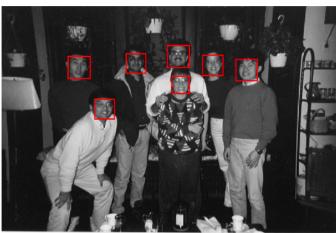


# Detecting (frontal) faces





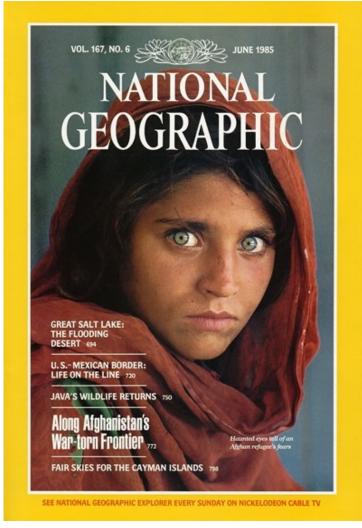




Fine Die

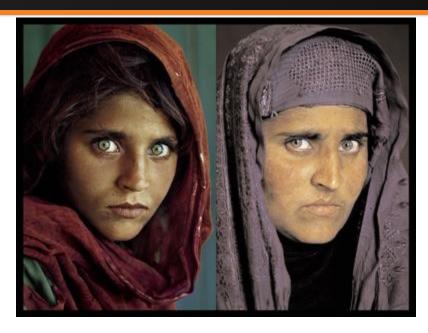
FinePix S6000fd, by Fujifilm, 2006

### Face Recognition

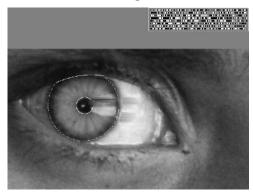


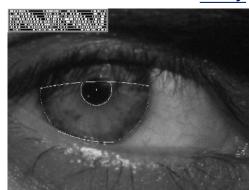
Who is she?

### Vision-Based Biometrics



"How the Afghan Girl was Identified by Her Iris Patterns" Read the story





## Vision-based security

#### iPhone X



Secure Authentication

Your face is now your password. Face ID is a secure new way to unlock, authenticate, and pay.

## Sports



Sportvision first down line
Nice explanation on www.howstuffworks.com

### 3D Shape Capture for Special Effects





The Matrix movies, ESC Entertainment, XYZRGB, NRC

### 3D Maps

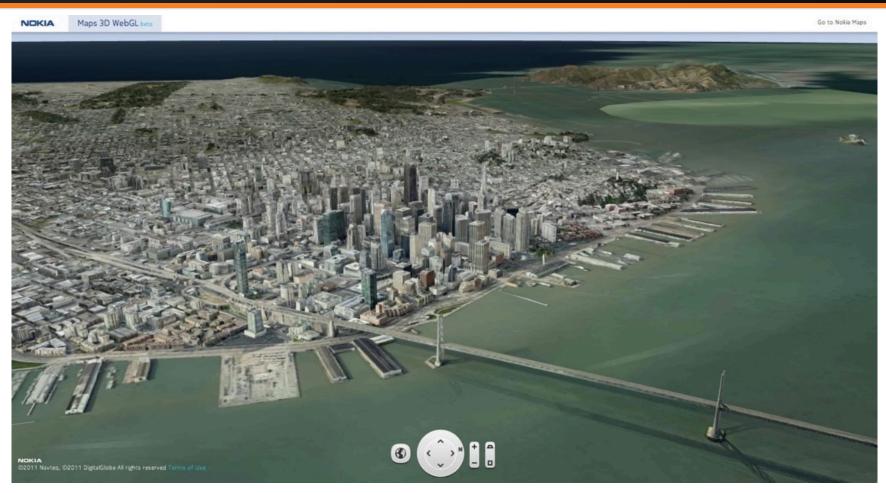


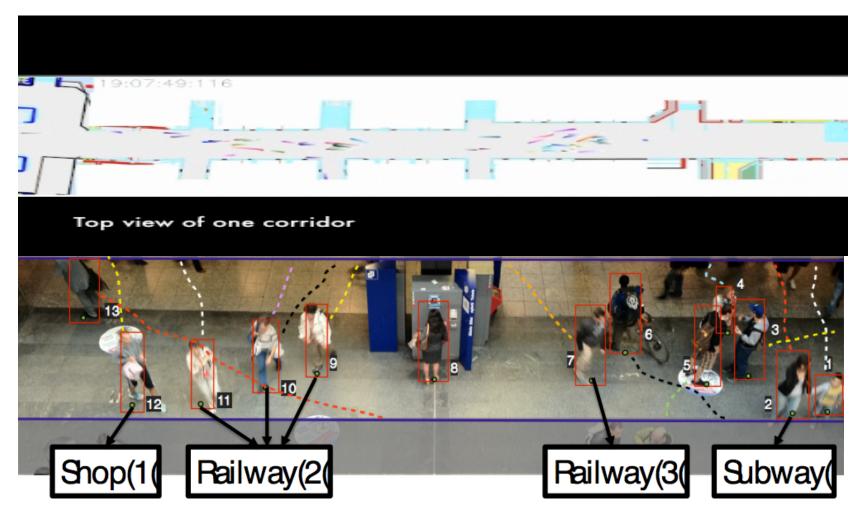
Image from Nokia's <u>Maps 3D WebGL</u> (see also: <u>Google Maps GL, Google Earth)</u>

### Photo tourism



Reconstructing the 4D world (UWashington/Microsoft)

### Understanding traffic patterns



### Robotics



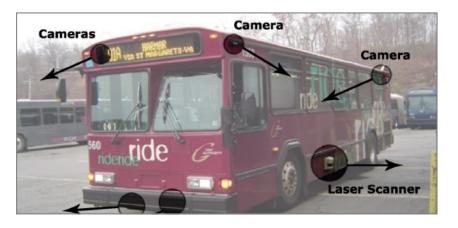
NASA's Mars Spirit Rover <a href="http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Spirit\_rover">http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Spirit\_rover</a>

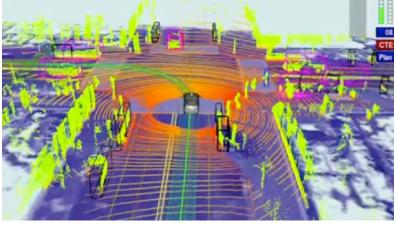


http://www.robocup.org/

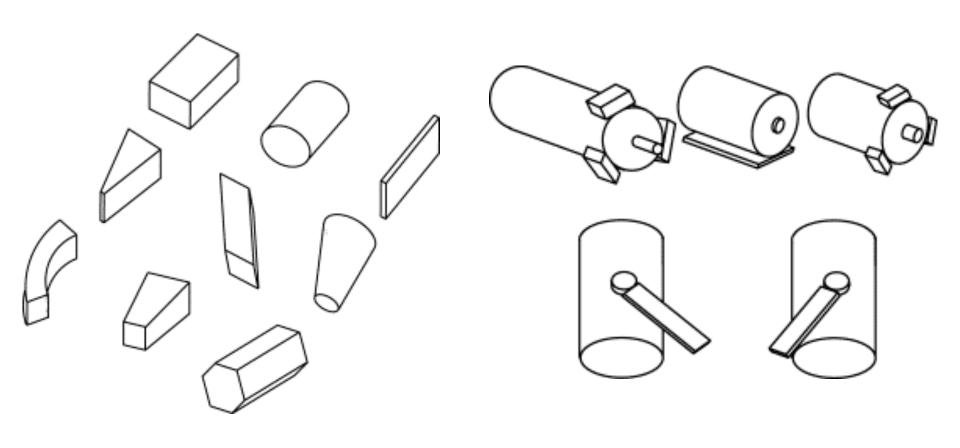
# Self-Driving Cars





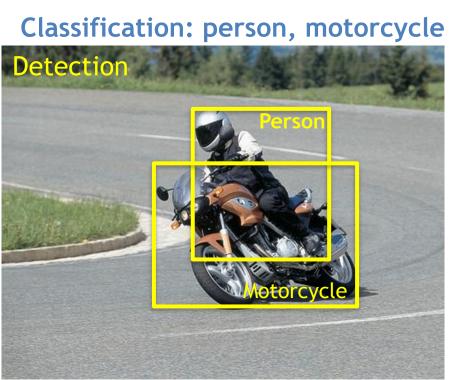


# Object recognition: 1979

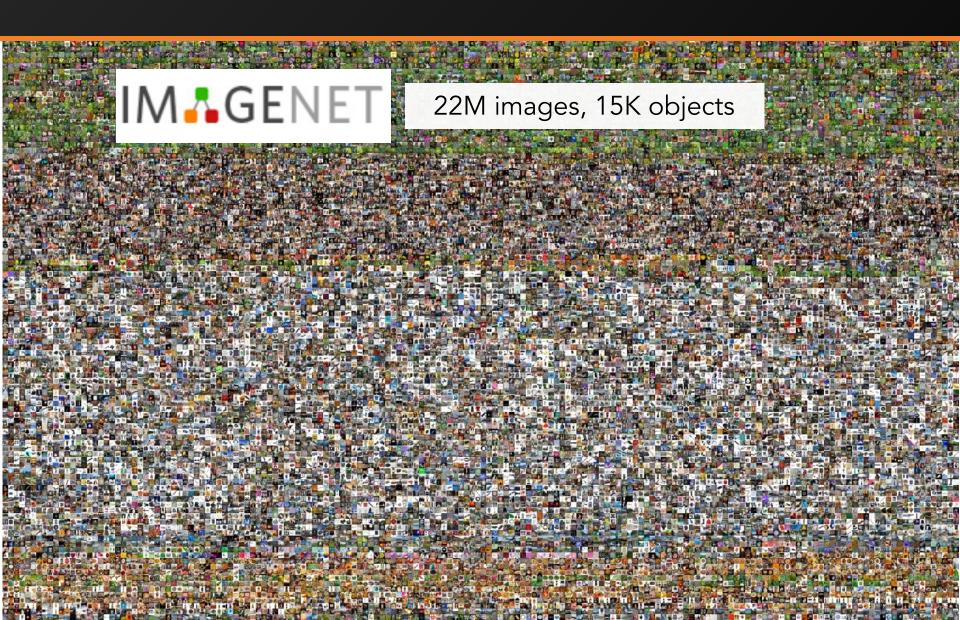


## Object recognition: 2010

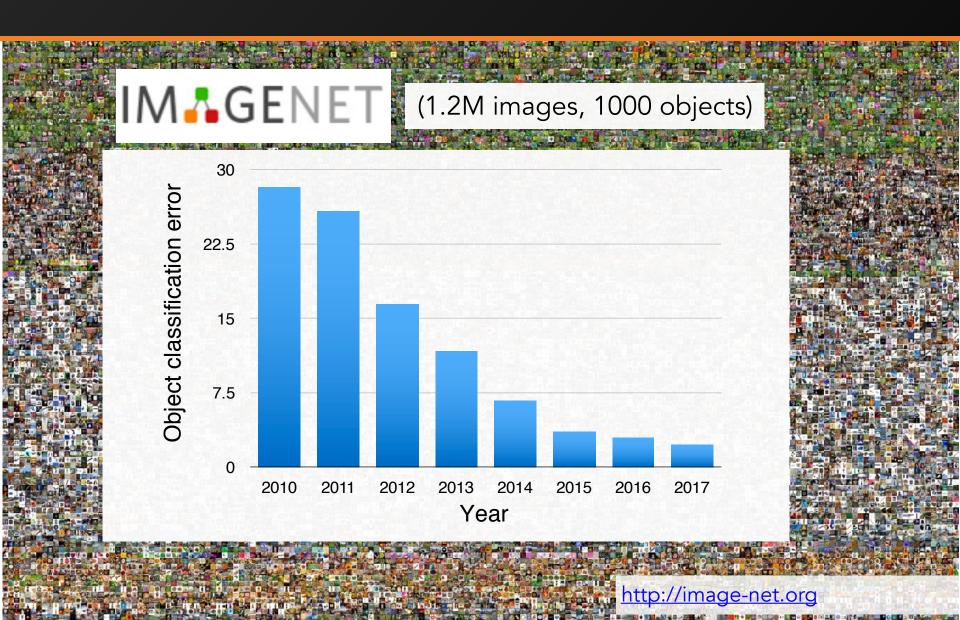




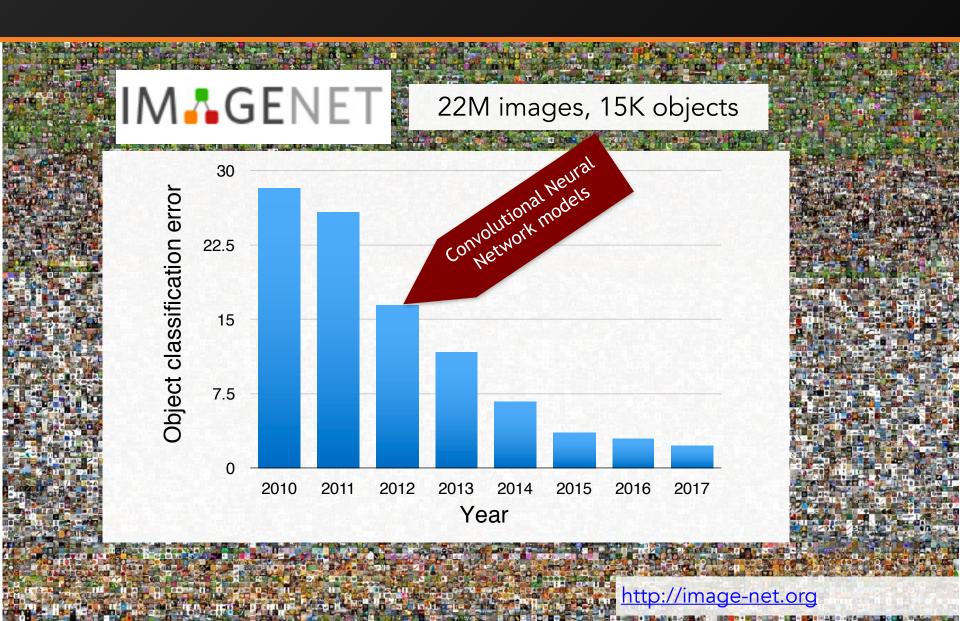
### Object recognition: now



### Object recognition: now



### Object recognition: now





#### Unconstrained environments



VS



#### Unconstrained environments



VS





VS



### Pushing the limits with new tasks

#### Action recognition in videos

Approach	mAP	Approach	mAP
Random [43]	5.9	RGB++	15.6
C3D [54]	10.9	Two-Stream++	16.8
AlexNet [20]	11.3	Two-Stream+LSTM	17.8
IDT [57]	17.2	Two-Stream Extended	18.6
Two-Stream [44]	14.3	Ours (RGB Only)	10.2
		Ours	22.4

Table 1. Video classification results on Charades [43]. The left shows the published baselines from [43] and the right show additional new baselines. Our proposed approach outperforms all competing methods on this dataset.

### Pitfalls of looking at "overall accuracy"

Object Segmentation







Copy to Clipboard Export to	o CSV			nall jects		Large objec			Searc	h:			
\$	AP 🔻	AP <sup>50</sup> ♦	AP <sup>75</sup>	AP <sup>S</sup> 🖣	PM∉	AP <sup>L</sup> ⊕	R¹ ≑	<b>AR</b> <sup>10</sup>	AR <sup>100</sup>	AR <sup>S</sup> <b></b>	AR <sup>M</sup> ∳	AR <sup>L</sup>	date
MSRA	0.370	0.592	0.39	0.162	0.40	0.549	).310	0.469	0.489	0.281	0.553	0.673	2016-09-1
<b>⊙</b> G-RMI	0.333	0.564	0.34	0.145	0.35	0.499	).291	0.444	0.466	0.262	0.517	0.646	2016-09-1
MSRA_2015	0.279	0.512	0.27	0.086	0.30	0.453	).254	0.371	0.380	0.166	0.433	0.578	2015-11-2
• FAIRCNN	0.250	0.454	0.24	0.072	0.28	0.390	).238	0.366	0.385	0.170	0.467	0.535	2015-11-2
O 1026	0.167	0.315	0.15	0.018	0.17	0.302	).172	0.240	0.246	0.045	0.282	0.403	2015-11-2

http://cocodataset.org/dataset.htm#detections-leaderboard, Aug 28, 2017

### Pitfalls of looking at "overall accuracy"

#### Visual Question Answering



What color are her eyes?
What is the mustache made of?

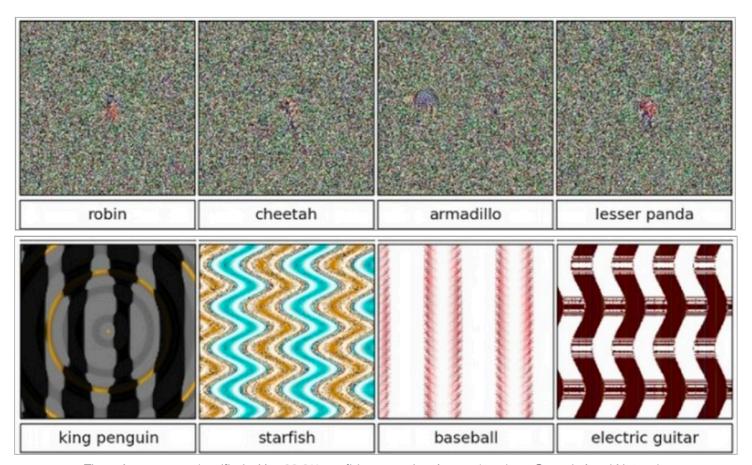


How many slices of pizza are there? Is this a vegetarian pizza?

		By Answer Type				
	Yes/No	Number	Other	Overall	•	
-Teney ACRV MSR	85.18	47.35	59.95	69		
YD-UNCC	84.28	45.36	59.42	68.16		
	82.92	46.42	60.17	68.07		
	81.71	48.55	59.79	67.62		

http://www.visualqa.org/roe\_2017.html, results as of 07/2017

### Surprising failures

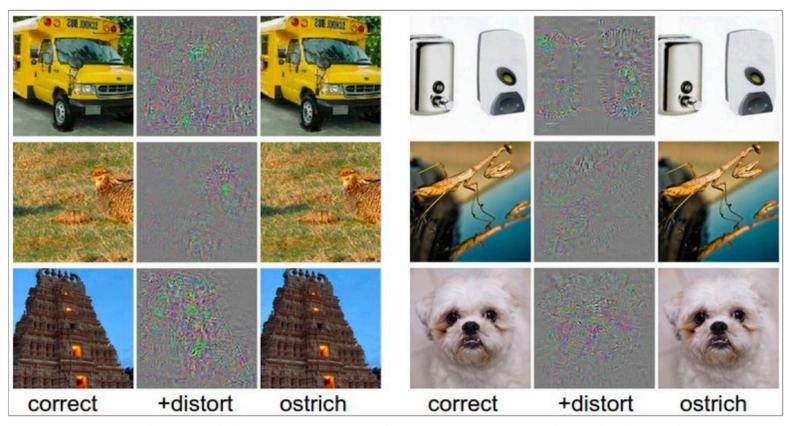


These images are classified with >99.6% confidence as the shown class by a Convolutional Network.

[Nguyen, Yosinski, Clune CVPR 2015]

http://karpathy.github.io/2015/03/30/breaking-convnets/

### Surprising failures



Take a correctly classified image (left image in both columns), and add a tiny distortion (middle) to fool the ConvNet with the resulting image (right).

[Szegedy et al. Intriguing properties of neural networks]

http://karpathy.github.io/2015/03/30/breaking-convnets/

## (aside) Assignment 0

 See if you can fool a modern image classification model



# Our plan in COS 429

#### Course Outline

Image formation and capture



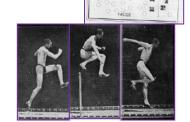
Filtering and feature detection



Segmentation and clustering



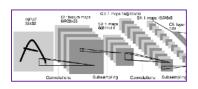
- Recognition and classification
- Motion estimation and tracking



3D shape reconstruction



Convolutional neural nets / deep learning



#### Course Staff

Instructor: Prof. Olga Russakovsky

Guest lecturer: Dr. Andras Ferencz, MobilEye

TAs: Kyle Genova and Riley Simmons-Edler

### Q&A

 We will use piazza for Q&A. Please direct all nonprivate questions there.

 Feel free to answer each others' questions (we will monitor and endorse students' answers) but keep in mind collaboration policy

#### Course Mechanics

Recommended book:

#### Computer Vision: Algorithms and Applications

© 2010 Richard Szeliski, Microsoft Research



- Also available online: <a href="http://szeliski.org/Book/">http://szeliski.org/Book/</a>
- Assigned papers / other readings

#### Course Mechanics

- 56%: 4 written / programming assignments
  - Individual or with a partner (but same partner on at most 2 assignments)
  - 4 free late days, at most 2 per assignment
- 20%: Midterm
  - Thu, Oct 26th, no exceptions
- 24%: Final project
  - Small groups of 1-3 people
  - Start working soon and do a cool project!
  - Milestone due Dec 15, poster session in January
  - Writeup due on Dean's date

#### **MATLAB**

- The assignments use the MATLAB language.
- Assignment 0 will walk you through the basics
  - Highly recommended, by Sept 21st
- Install on your computer:
  - http://www.princeton.edu/software/licenses/ software/matlab/
- Matlab workshop offered by School of Engineering
  - Sept 18-19, registration required
  - https://www.tfaforms.com/4634935

# Next class: image formation and capture

