

Chaos

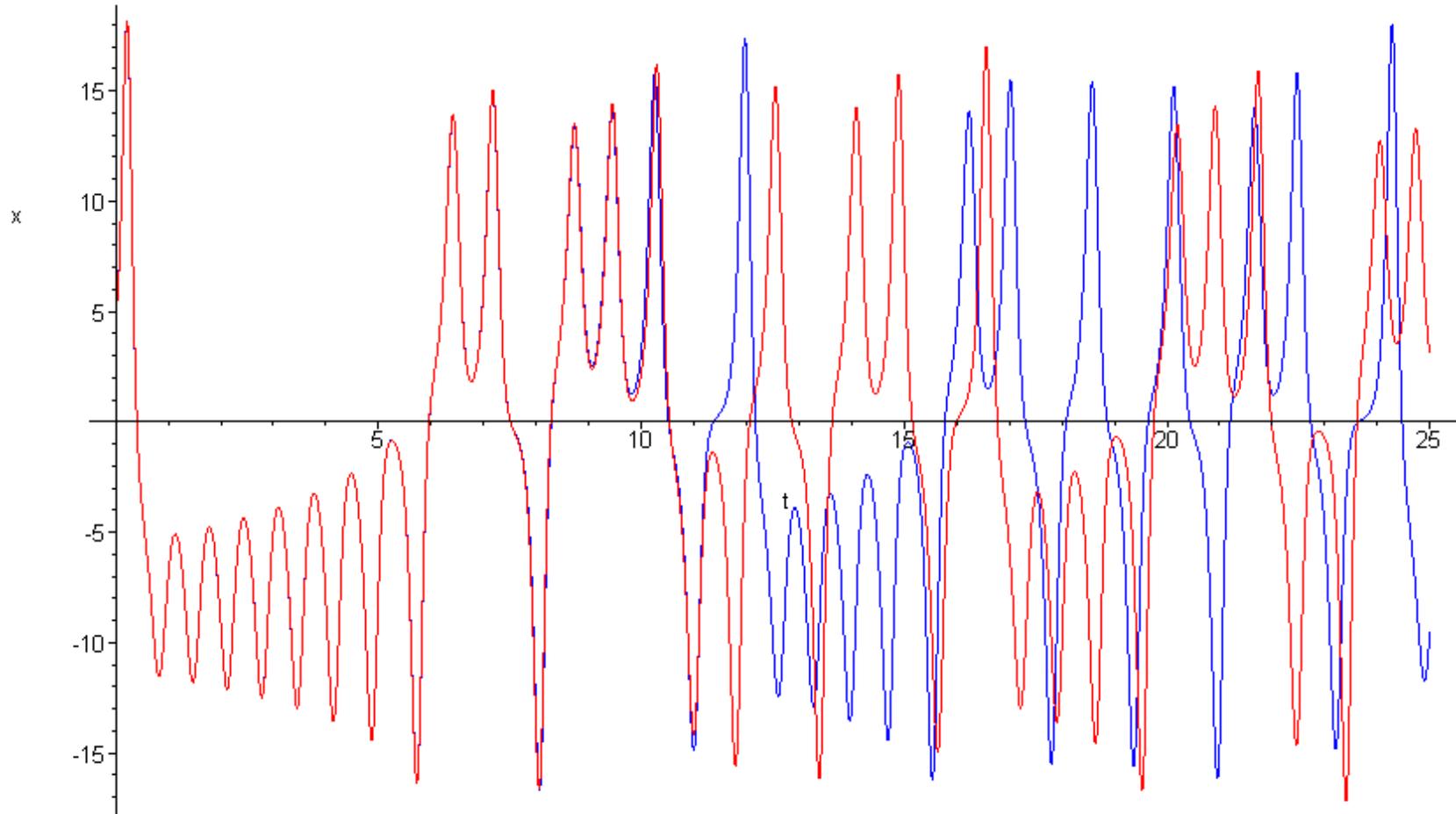
Lorenz Equations

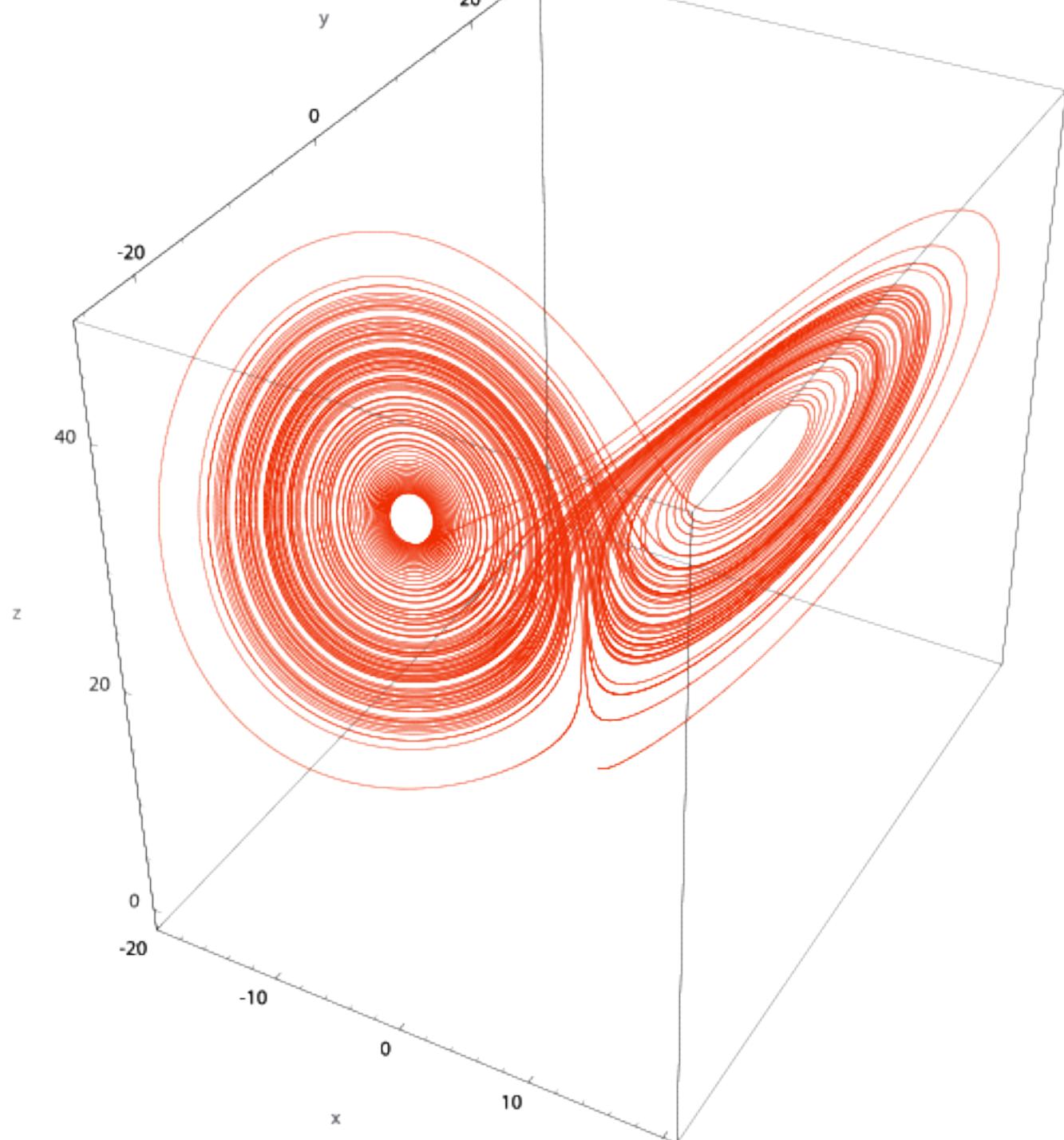
$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -\sigma x + \sigma y$$

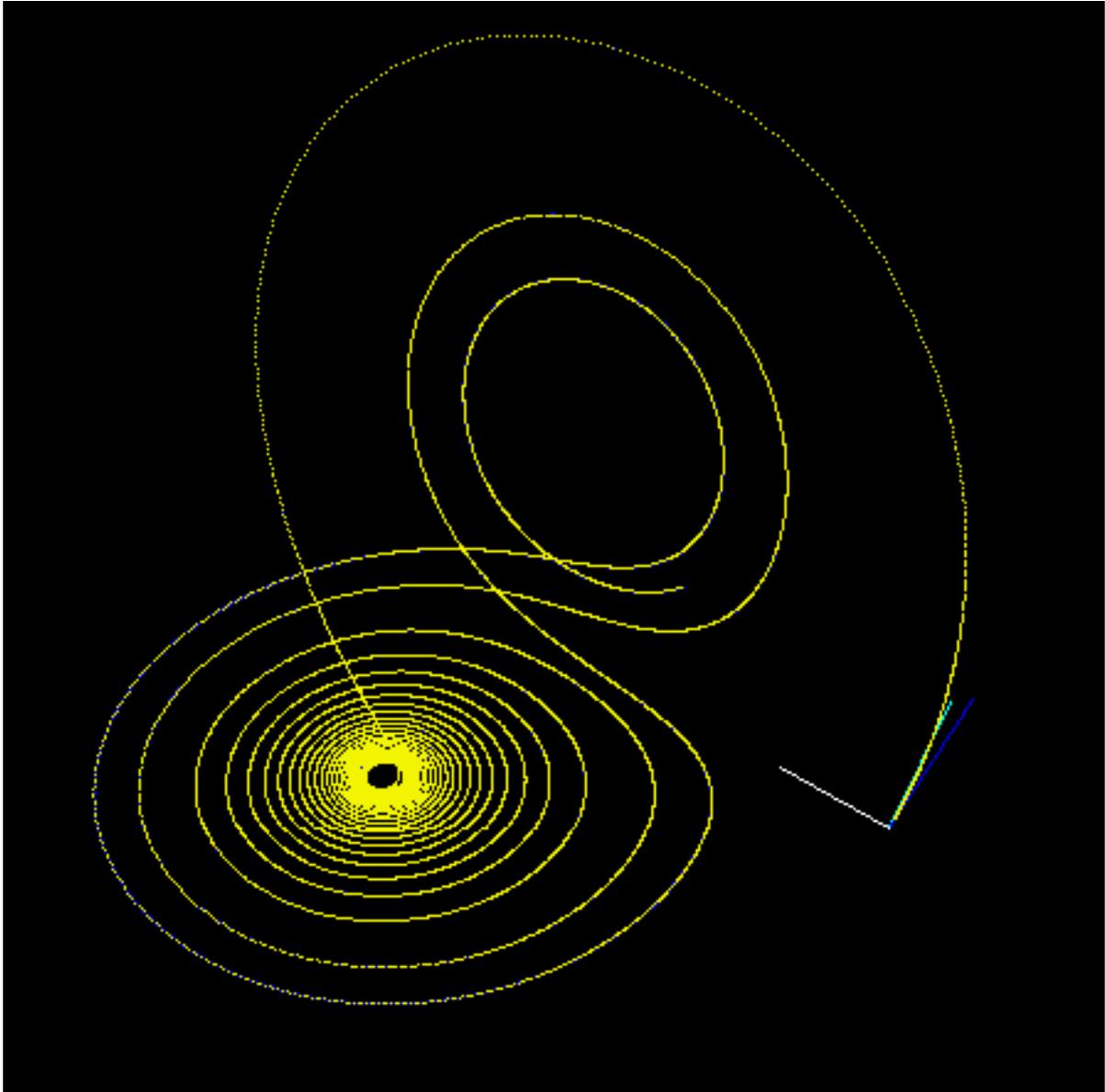
$$\frac{dy}{dt} = rx - y - xz$$

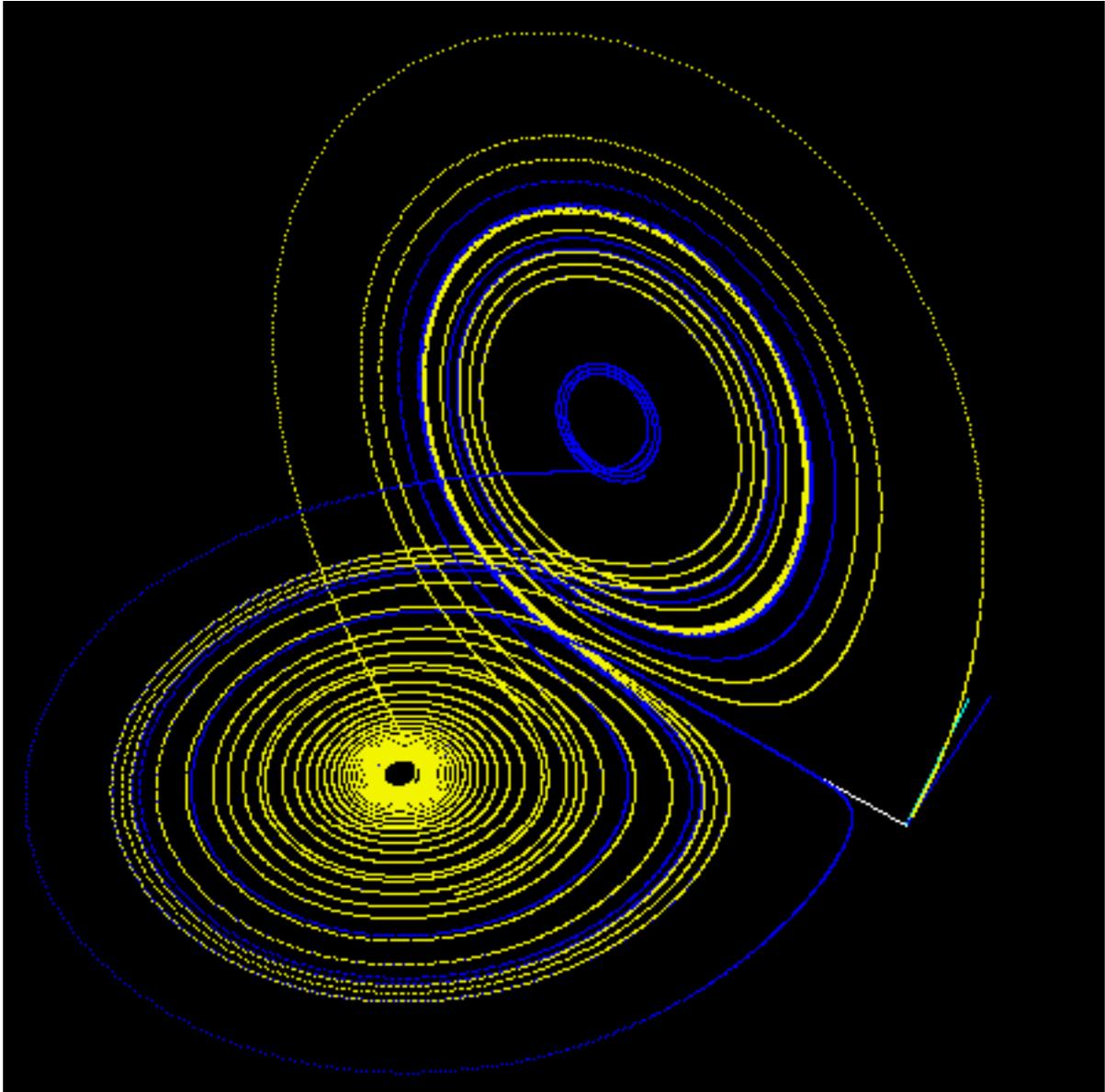
$$\frac{dz}{dt} = -bz + xy$$

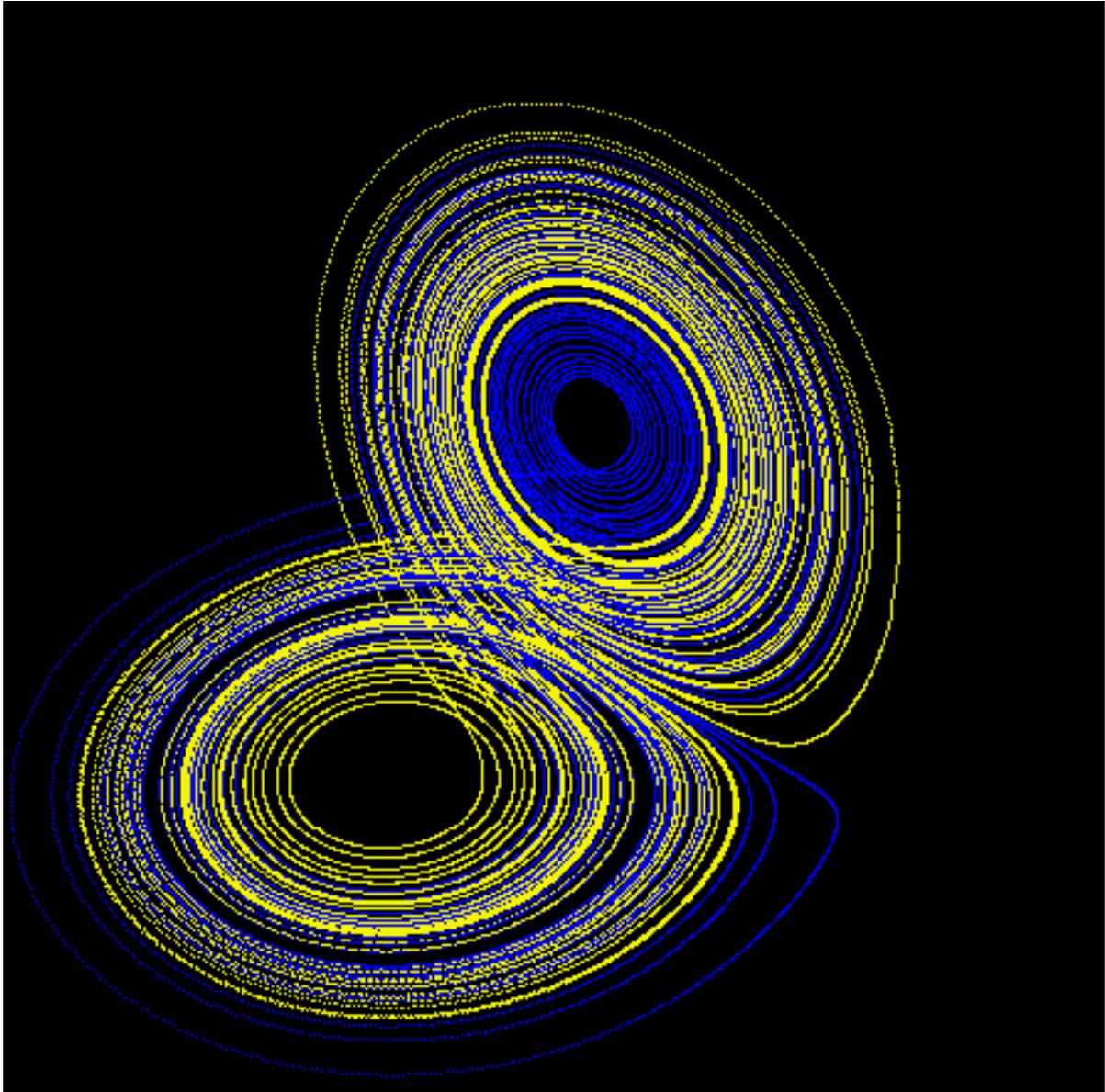
x over time for 2 initial conditions











Logistic Map

- Verhulst equation:

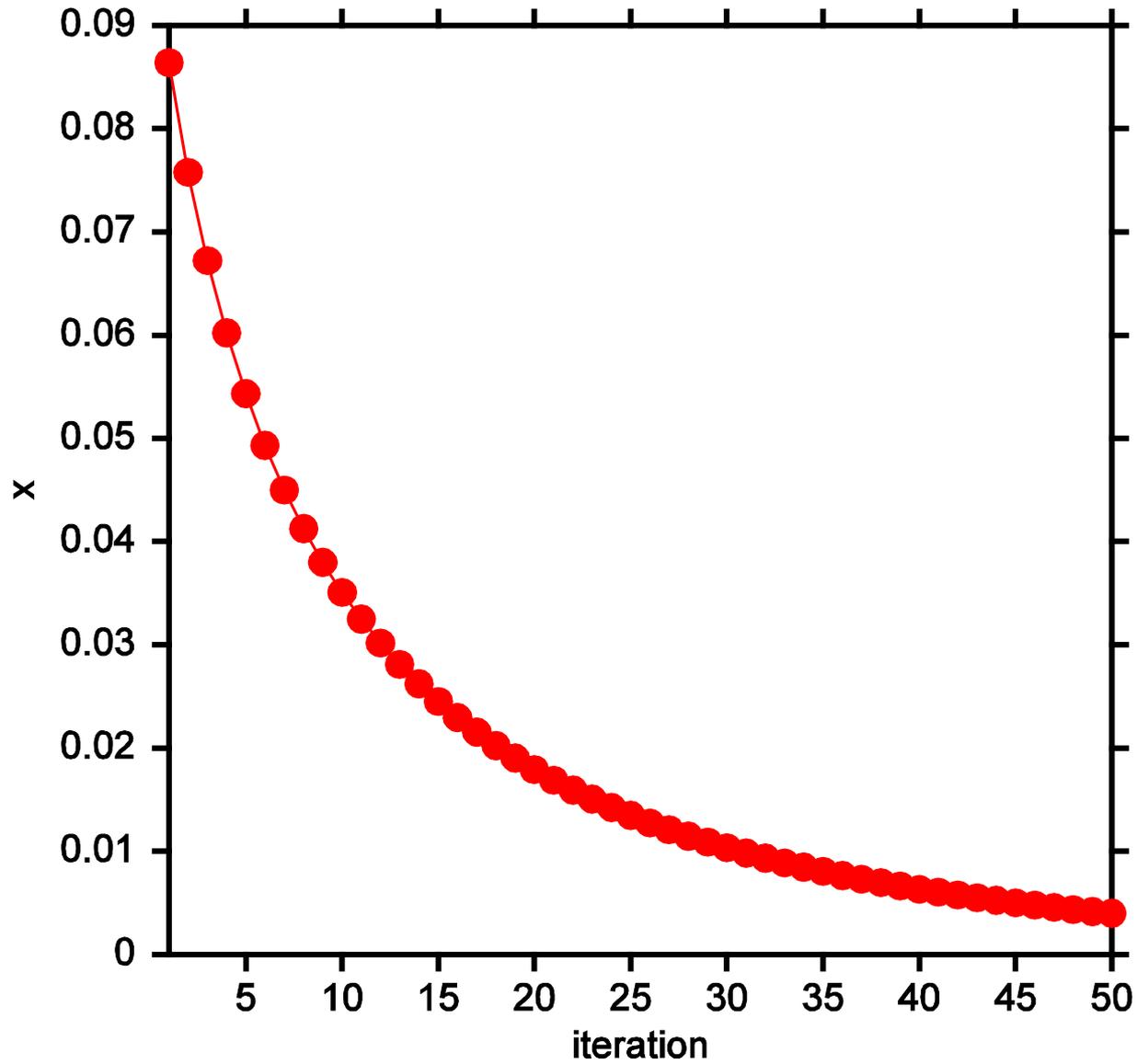
$$\frac{dN}{dt} = rN \left(1 - \frac{N}{K} \right)$$

- Logistic map:

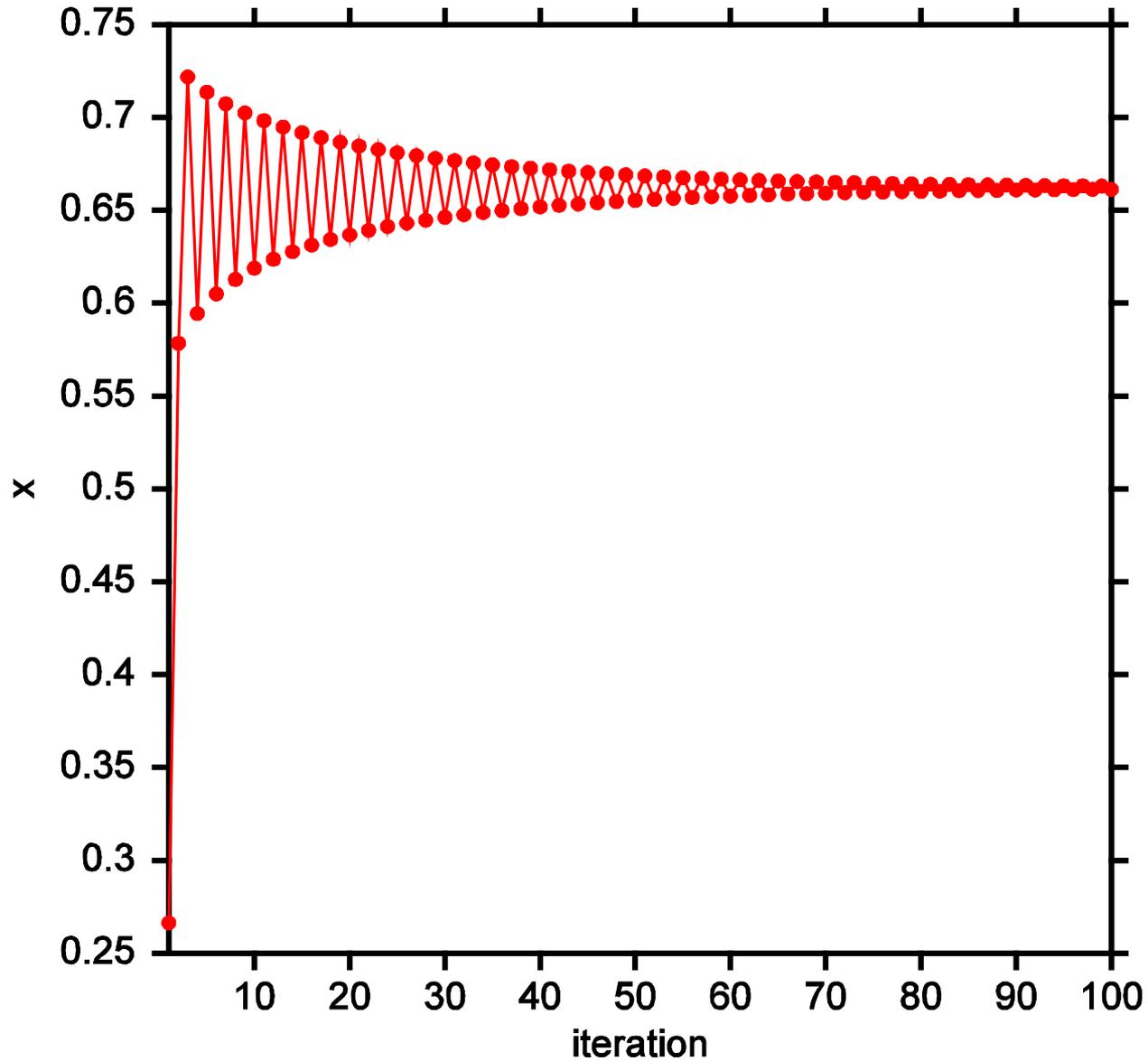
$$x_{n+1} = 4rx_n(1 - x_n)$$

Maps $[0, 1] \rightarrow [0, 1]$

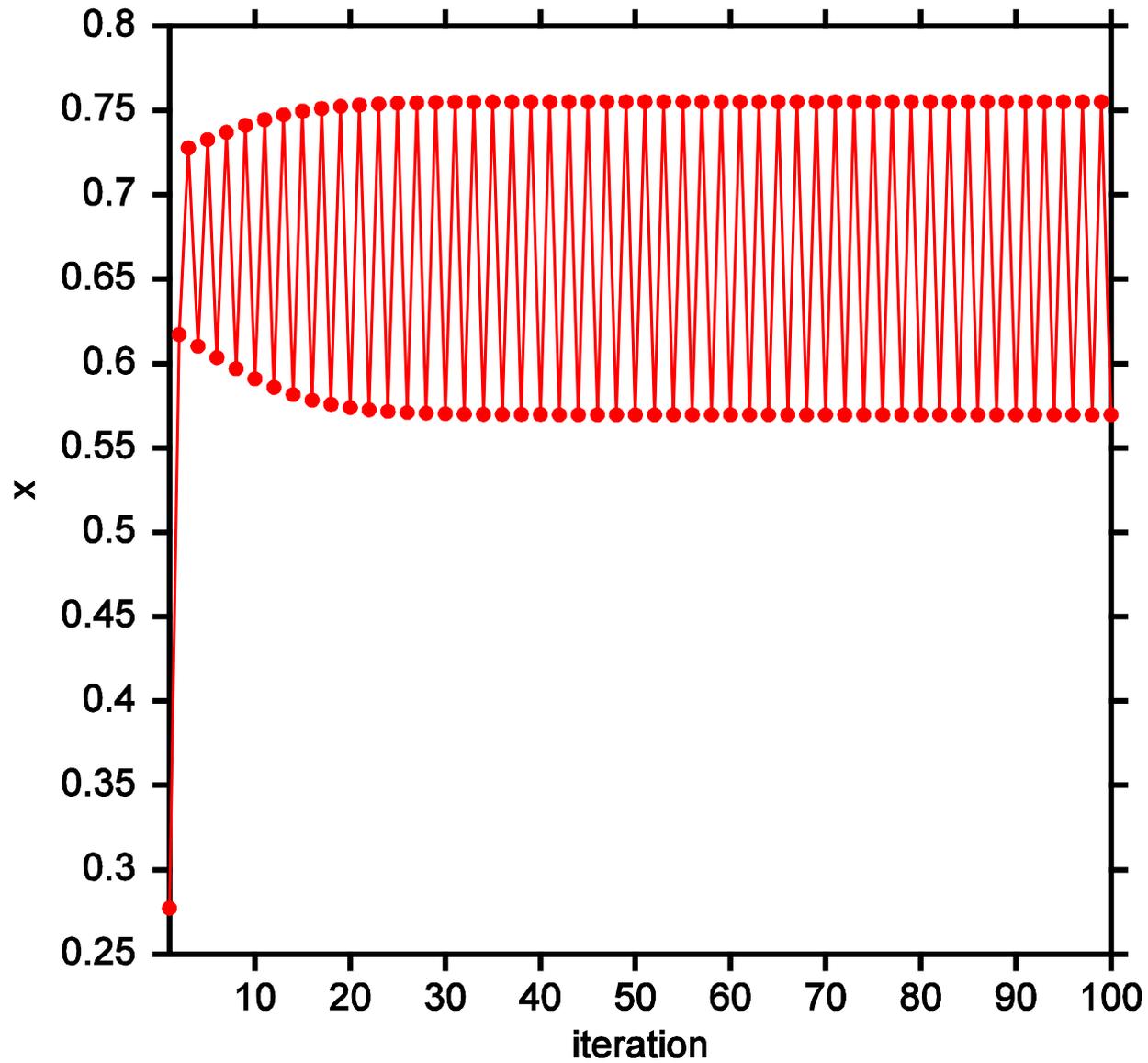
Logistic map: $r = 0.240$, $x_0 = 0.100$



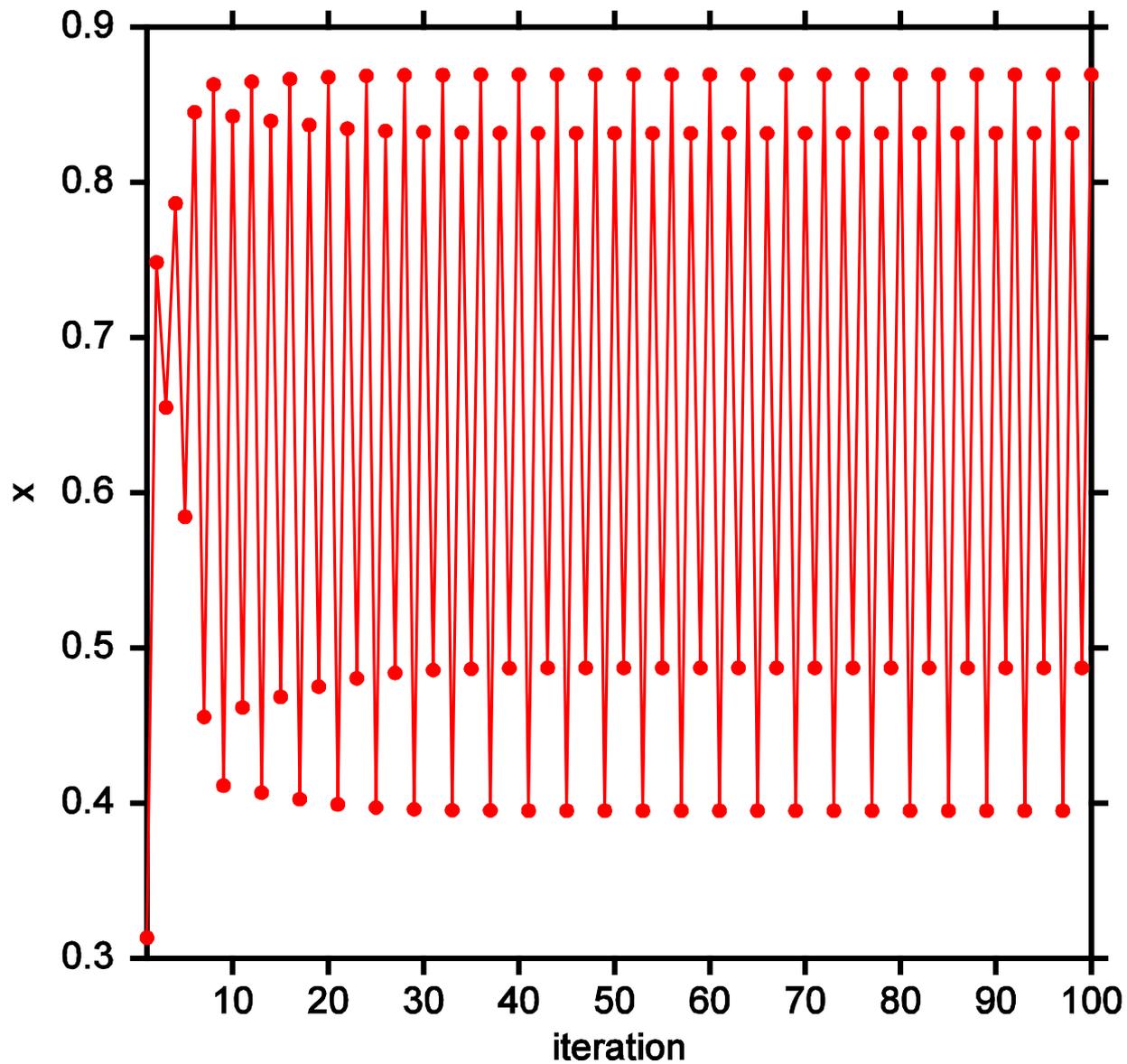
Logistic map: $r = 0.740$, $x_0 = 0.100$



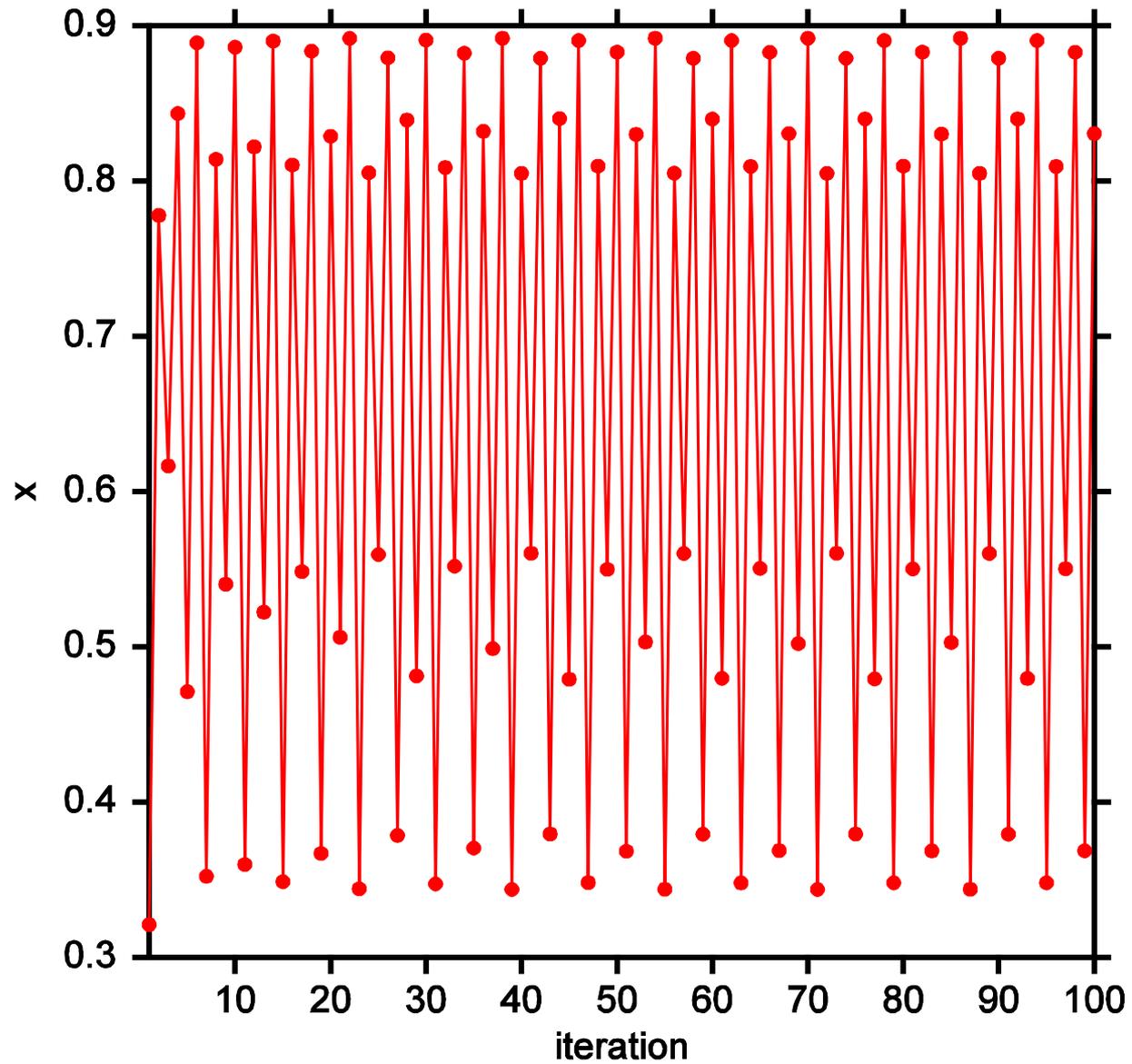
Logistic map: $r = 0.7700$, $x_0 = 0.100$



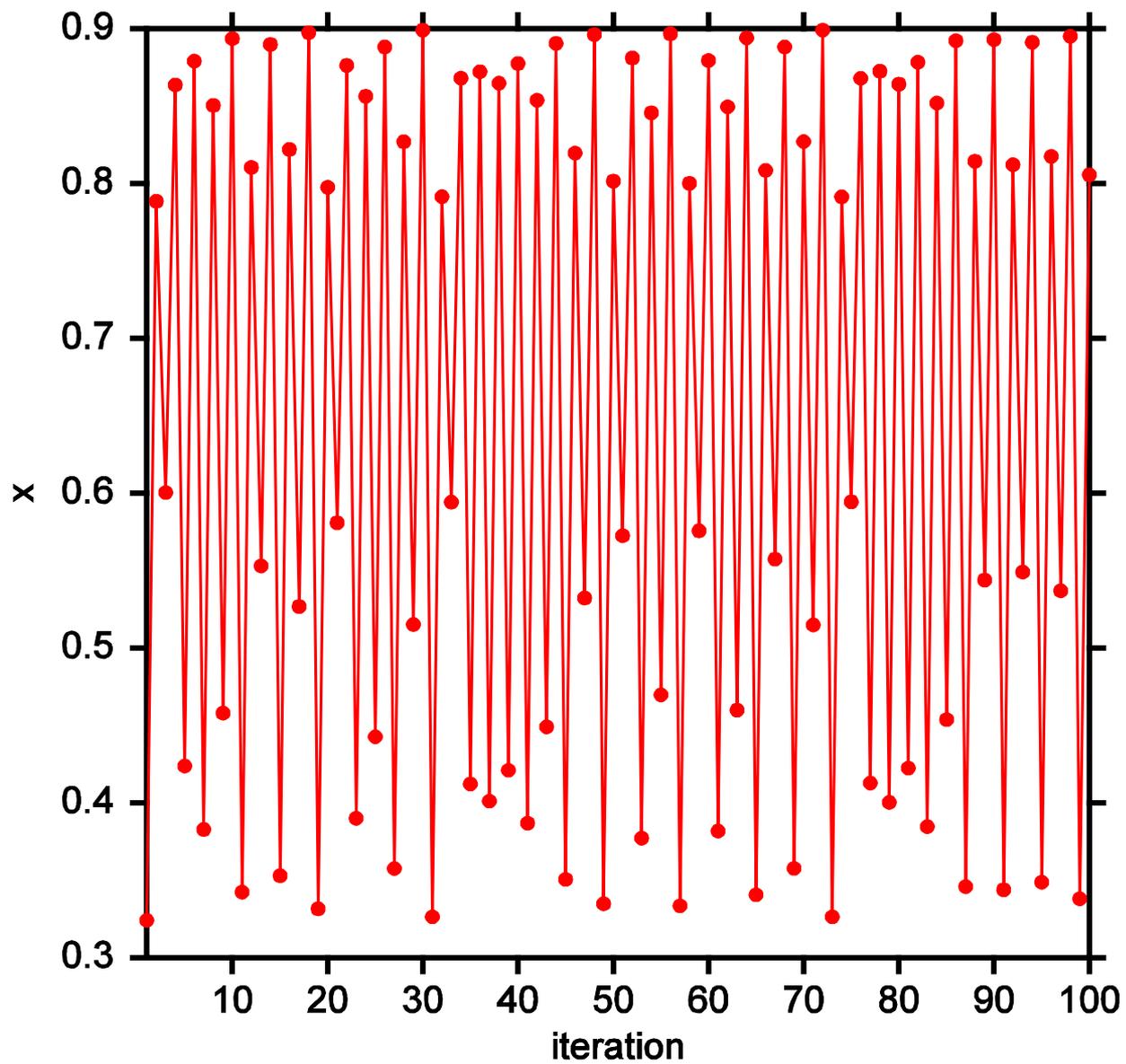
Logistic map: $r = 0.8700$, $x_0 = 0.100$

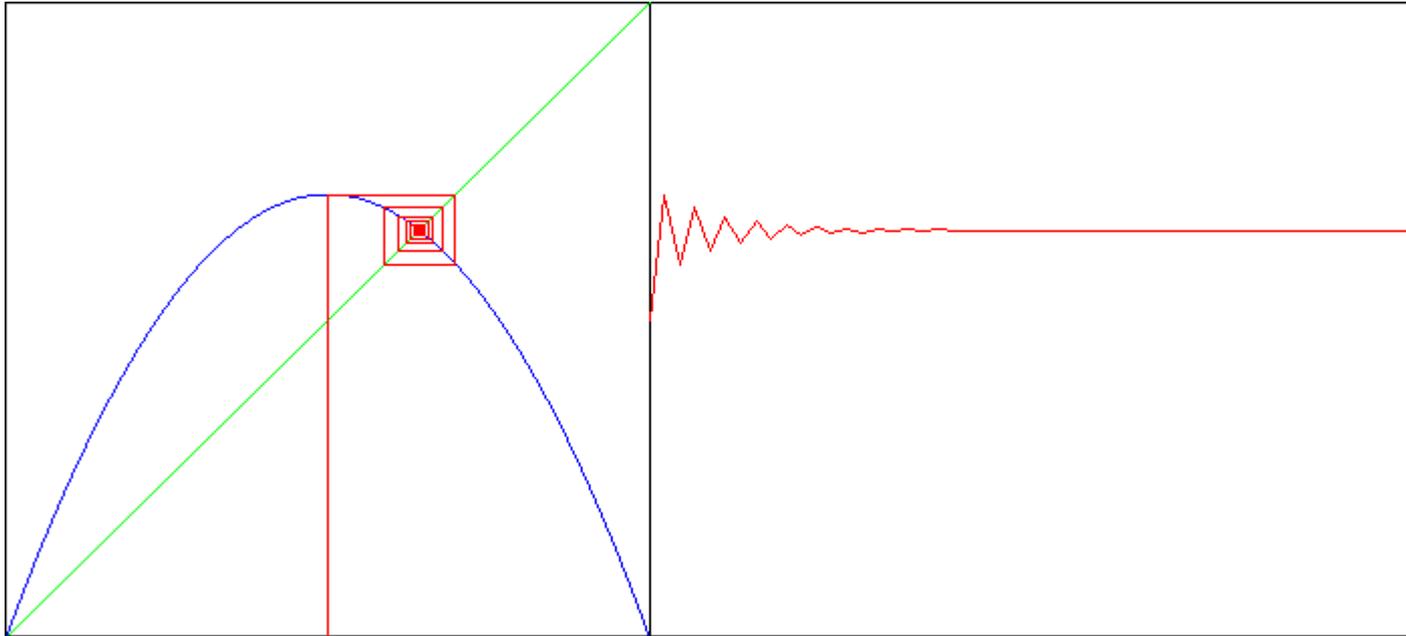


Logistic map: $r = 0.8920$, $x_0 = 0.100$



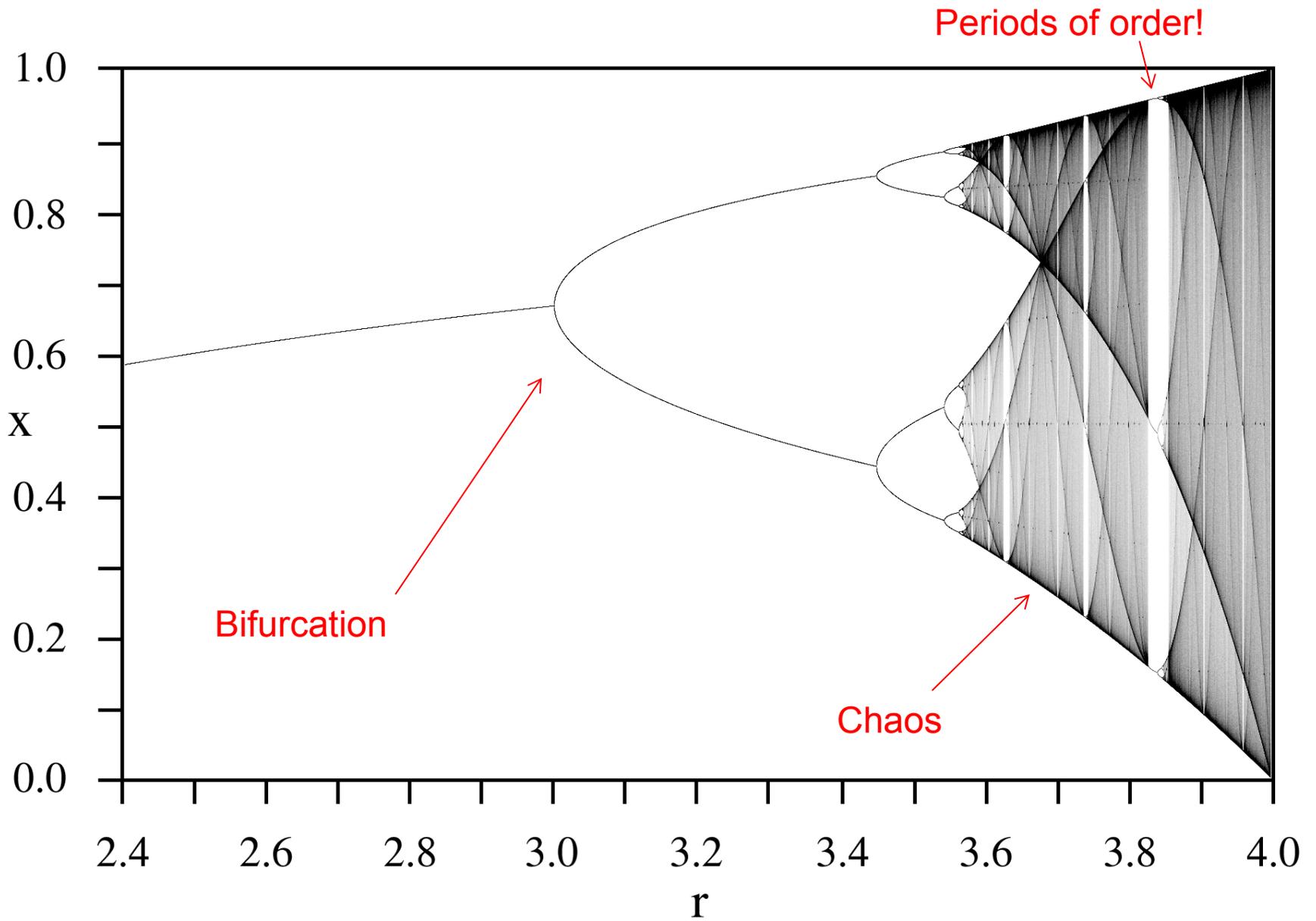
Logistic map: $r = 0.90$, $x_0 = 0.100$





Iterated Logistic Map Demo

<http://ibiblio.org/e-notes/MSet/Logistic.htm>

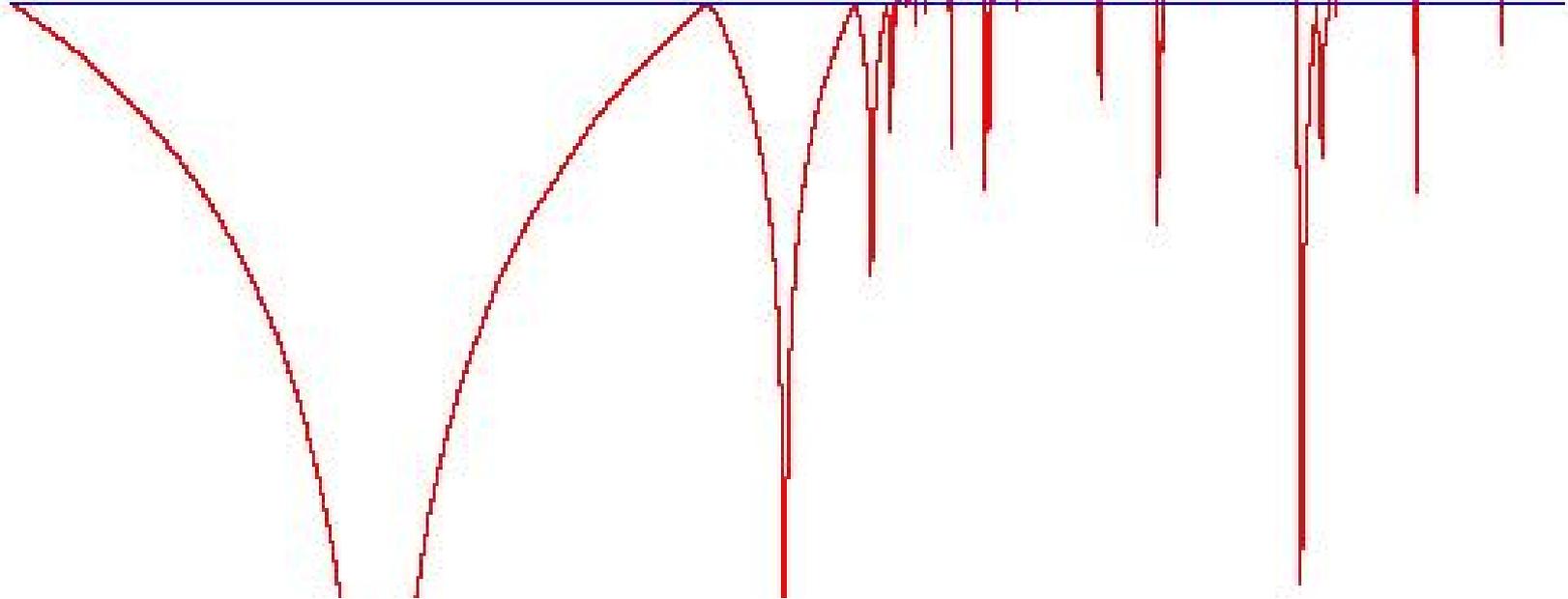


Bifurcation diagram

Lyapunov exponent – how quickly do solutions diverge under perturbation?

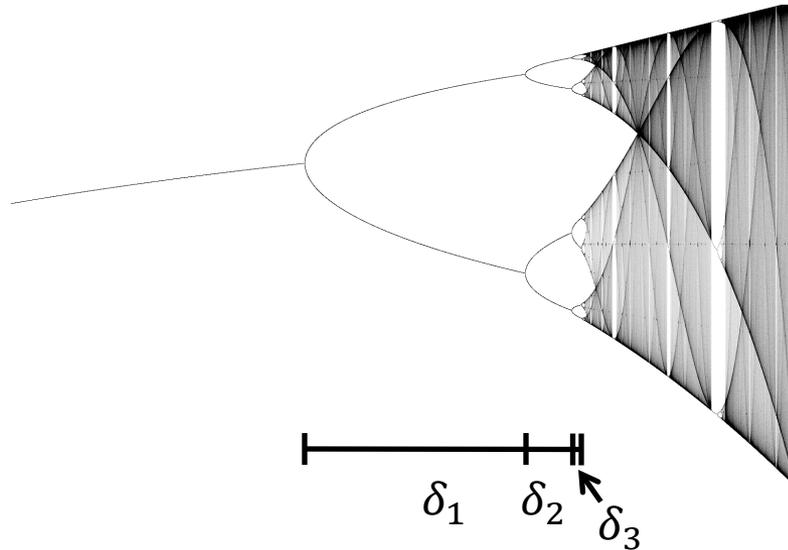
Period doubling

Chaos



Super-stable
trajectories

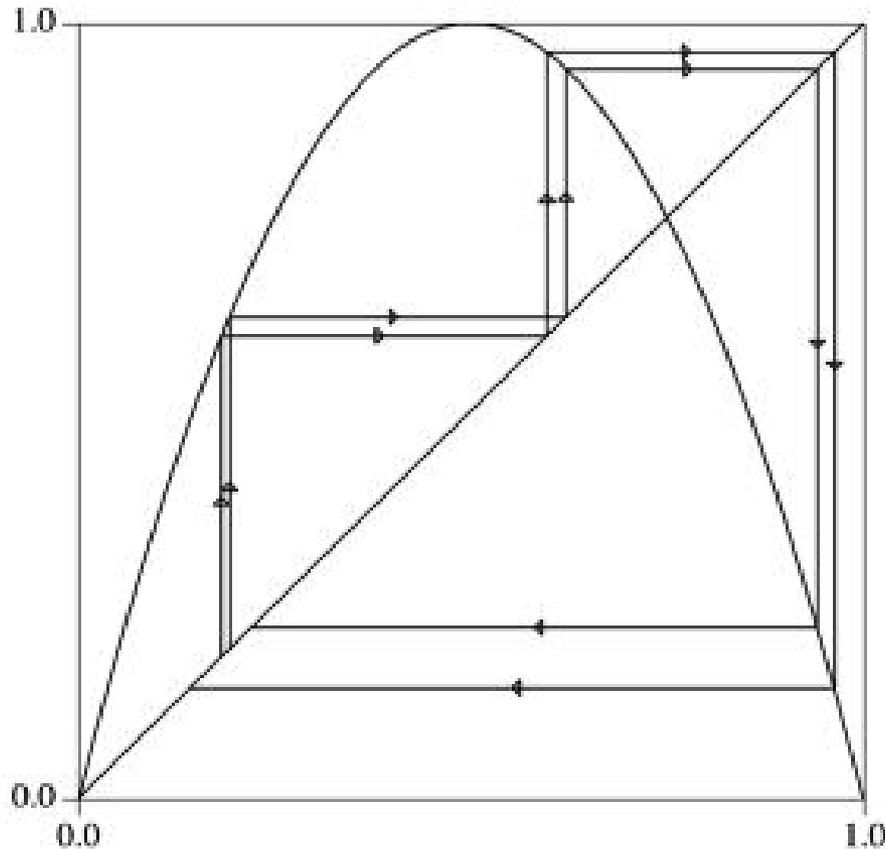
Doubling route to chaos



Intervals between doublings get smaller and smaller.
The limit $\delta = \lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\delta_k}{\delta_{k+1}}$ is known as Feigenbaum's constant.

- $\delta = 4.669\ 201\ 609\ 102\ 990\ 671\ 853\ 203\ 821\ 578\ \dots$
- Independent of shape of map, as long as there's a simple quadratic maximum
- Universal "route to chaos": examples in electrical circuits (ODEs), water flow (PDEs), ...

Iterated logistic map



Economic applications: see Medio 92, Puu 03

Corn-Hog cycle:

Corn-Hog cycle (William King, Drexel)