### 2.3 Quicksort Demos

- Sedgewick 2-way partitioning
- Dijkstra 3-way partitioning
- Bentley-Mcllroy 3-way partitioning
- Dual-pivot partitioning

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## Quicksort partitioning demo

Repeat until i and $j$ pointers cross.

- Scan i from left to right so long as (a[i] < a[lo]).
- Scan j from right to left so long as (a[j] > a[lo]).
- Exchange a[i] with a[j].

| K | R | A | T | E | L | E | P | U | 1 | M | Q | C | X | 0 | S |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\uparrow$ |
| 10 | i |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | j |

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| $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\uparrow$ |  |  |
| lo | i |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | j |  |  |

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| $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\uparrow$ |  |  |  |
| Io | , |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | j |  |  |  |

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- Scan j from right to left so long as (a[j] > $a[1 o]$ ).
- Exchange a[i] with a[j].

When pointers cross.

- Exchange a[lo] with a[j].



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