

Image Analogies

SIGGRAPH 2001

Aaron Hertzmann^{1,2}

Chuck Jacobs²

Nuria Oliver²

Brian Curless³

David Salesin^{2,3}

¹New York University

²Microsoft Research

³University of Washington

Image Analogies



A



A'



B



B'

Image Analogies



Unfiltered source



Filtered source



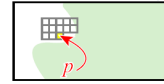
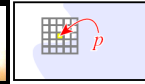
Unfiltered target



Filtered target

The Approach

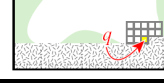
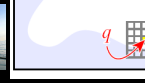
Unfiltered source



Filtered source



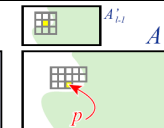
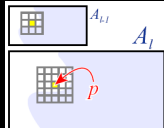
Unfiltered target



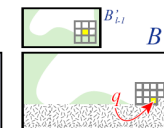
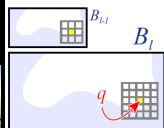
Filtered target

The Approach

Unfiltered source



Filtered source



Unfiltered target

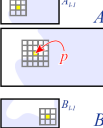
Filtered target

The Approach

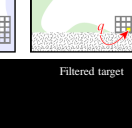
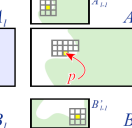
```
function CREATEIMAGEANALOGY(A, A', B):
  Compute Gaussian pyramids for A, A', and B
  Compute features for A, A', and B
  Initialize the search structures (e.g., for ANN)
  for each level  $\ell$ , from coarsest to finest, do:
    for each pixel  $q \in B'_\ell$ , in scan-line order, do:
       $p \leftarrow \text{BESTMATCH}(A, A', B, B', s, \ell, q)$ 
       $B'_\ell(q) \leftarrow A'_\ell(p)$ 
       $s_\ell(q) \leftarrow p$ 
  return  $B'_\ell$ 
```

```
function BESTMATCH(A, A', B, B', s, \ell, q):
   $p_{\text{app}} \leftarrow \text{BESTAPPROXIMATEMATCH}(A, A', B, B', \ell, q)$ 
   $p_{\text{rob}} \leftarrow \text{BESTCOHERENCEMATCH}(A, A', B, B', s, \ell, q)$ 
   $d_{\text{app}} \leftarrow \|F_\ell(p_{\text{app}}) - F_\ell(q)\|^2$ 
   $d_{\text{rob}} \leftarrow \|F_\ell(p_{\text{rob}}) - F_\ell(q)\|^2$ 
  if  $d_{\text{rob}} \leq d_{\text{app}}(1 + 2^{\ell-L}\epsilon)$  then
    return  $p_{\text{rob}}$ 
  else
    return  $p_{\text{app}}$ 
```

Unfiltered source



Filtered source



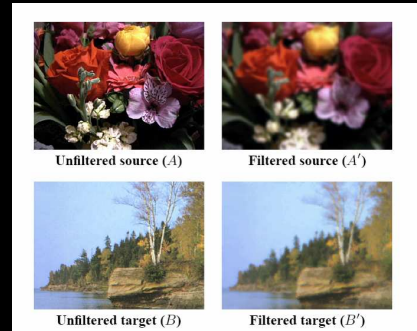
Unfiltered target

Filtered target

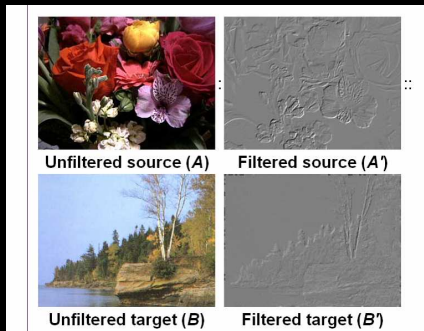
Implementation Details

- Use approximate nearest neighbor search and Ashikhmin's *coherence search* heuristic
- Use *feature vectors* instead of pixel values
 - Feature vector can consist of RGB values plus additional “channels” such as luminance, outputs of derivative filters
- *Luminance remapping* to align color histograms of source and target images

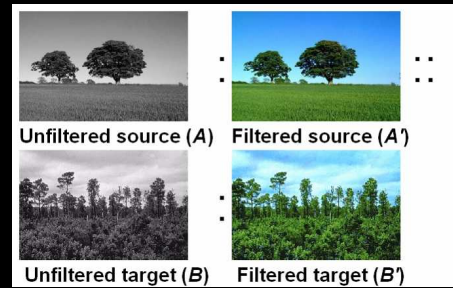
Blur Filter



Edge Filter

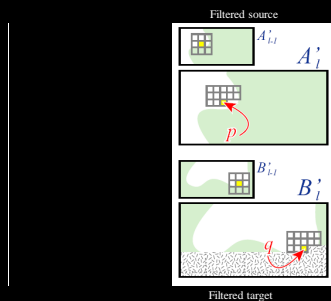


Colorization

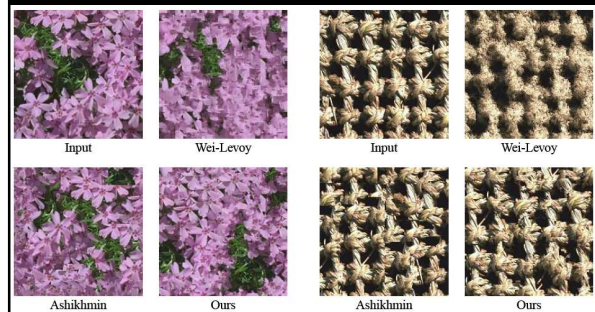


Texture Synthesis

- Source images (A, B) are blank/constant

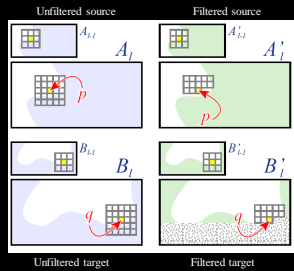


Texture Synthesis

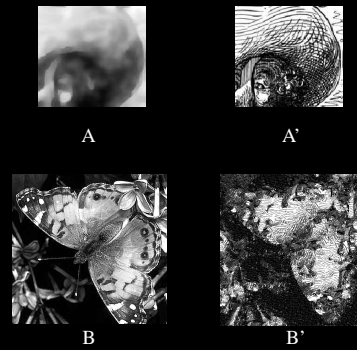


Texture Transfer

- A and A' is the same (or A is a blurred version of A')
- Optional: Tunable weight to control the tradeoff between matching (A, B) and (A', B')



Artistic Filters



Artistic Filters



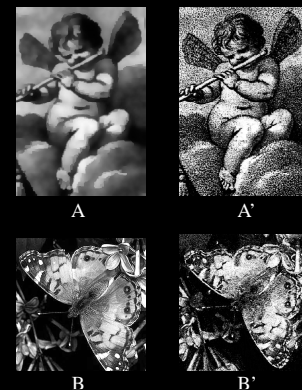
Artistic Filters



Artistic Filters



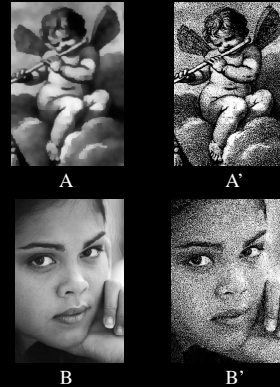
Artistic Filters



Artistic Filters



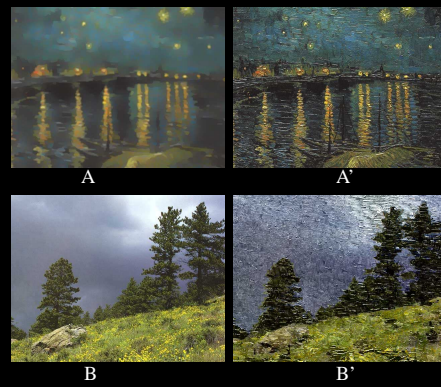
Artistic Filters



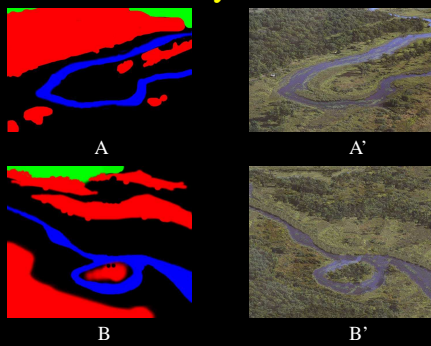
Artistic Filters



More Artistic Filters

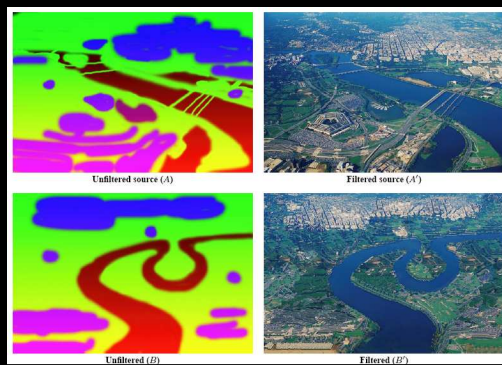


Texture-by-numbers

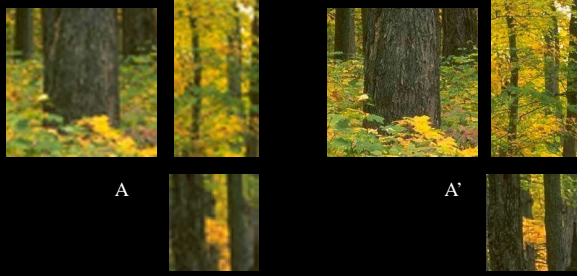


- Project idea: inverse “texture by numbers”

Dealing with progressively variant textures



Super-resolution



Super-resolution (result!)

