

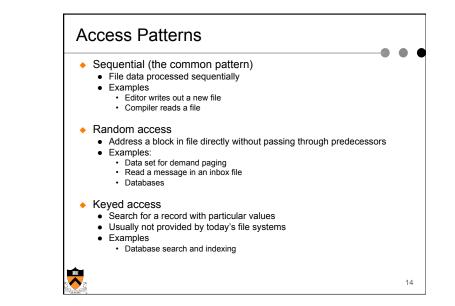


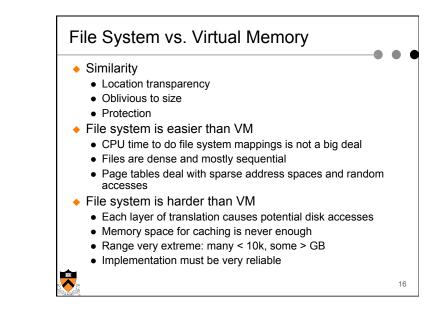
- Operations for "sequence of bytes" files
  - Create: create a mapping from a name to bytes
  - Delete: delete the mapping
  - Open: authentication, bring key attributes, disk info into RAM
  - Close: free up table space, force last block write
  - Seek: jump to a particular location in a file
  - · Read: read some bytes from a file
  - Write: write some bytes to a file
  - · Get attributes, Set attributes
  - A few more on directories: talk about this later
- Implementation goal

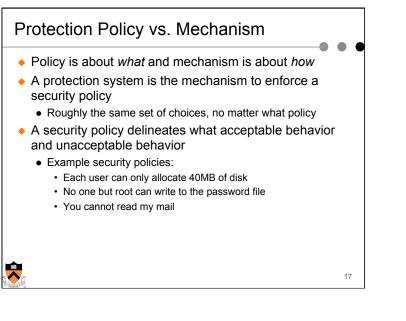
Operations should have as few disk accesses as possible and have minimal space overhead

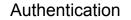
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VM Page Table vs. File System Metadata Page table File metadata Manage the mappings of an Manage the mappings of files address space Map byte offset to disk block Map virtual page # to physical address page # Check access permission and Check access permission and illegal addressing illegal addressing • All implement in software and TLB does all in one cycle may cause disk accesses 1 15





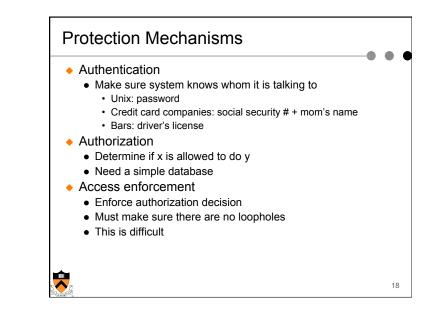


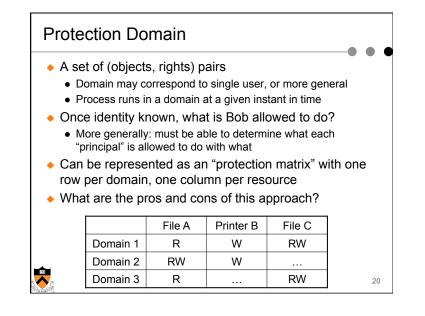


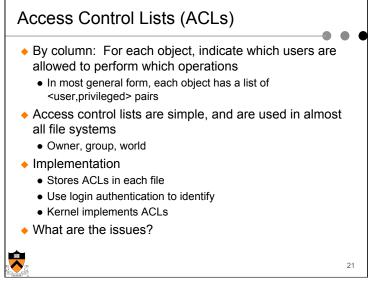
- Usually done with passwords
  - This is usually a relatively weak form of authentication, since it's something that people have to remember
  - Empirically is typically based on girlfriend/boyfriend/partner name
- Passwords should not be stored in a directly-readable form
  - Use some sort of one-way-transformation (a "secure hash") and store that
  - If you look in /etc/passwords will see a bunch of gibberish associated with each name. That is the password
- Problem: to prevent guessing ("dictionary attacks") passwords should be long and obscure
  - Unfortunately easily forgotten and usually written down

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What are the alternatives?







Access Enforcement

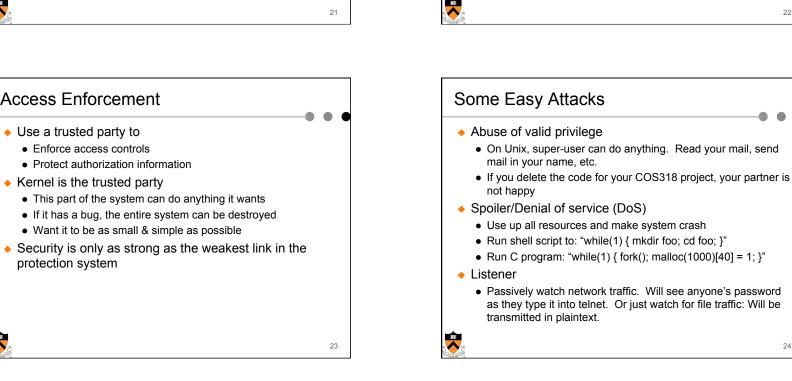
• Enforce access controls

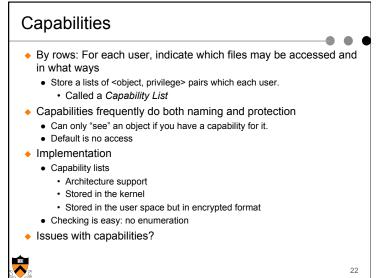
Kernel is the trusted party

Protect authorization information

Use a trusted party to

protection system





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## No Perfect Protection System

- Protection can only increase the effort needed to do something bad
  - It cannot prevent bad things from happening
- Even assuming a technically perfect system, there are always ways to defeat

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- burglary, bribery, blackmail, bludgeoning, etc.
- Every system has holes

• It just depends on what they look like

