Princeton University
COS 217: Introduction to Programming Systems
Fall 2005 Final Exam Preparation

<u>Topics</u>

*You are responsible for all material covered in lectures, precepts, assignments, and required readings. This is a non-exhaustive list of topics that were covered. New topics are in **boldface**.*

1. C programming

> The program preparation process
> Memory layout (text, stack, heap, rodata, data, bss sections)
> Data types
> Variable declarations and definitions
> Variable scope, linkage, and duration/extent
> Variables vs. values
> Operators
> Statements
> Function declarations and definitions
> Pointers
> Call-by-value and call-by-reference
> Arrays
> Strings
> Command-line arguments
> Constants: #define, enumerations, the "const" keyword
> Text files
> Structures
> Dynamic memory management (malloc(), calloc(), realloc(), free())
> Dynamic memory management errors (dangling ptr., memory leak, multiple free)
> Void pointers
> Function pointers
> The assert() macro
> **Unions and tagged unions**
> **Bitwise operators**
> **The fwrite() and fread() functions**

2. Programming style

> Modularity, interfaces, implementations
> Programming by contract
> Multi-file programs using header files
> Protecting header files against accidental multiple inclusion
> Opaque pointers

Stateless modules
Abstract objects
Abstract data types
Memory "ownership"
Invariants
Testing strategies
Profiling and instrumentation
Performance tuning
Portable programming

3. **IA-32 architecture and assembly language**

    General computer architecture
        Control unit vs. ALU
        Registers vs. cache vs. memory vs. disk
        Instruction pipelining
        Little-endian vs. big-endian byte order
        CISC vs. RISC
    Assembly language
        Directives (.section, .asciz, .long, etc.)
        Mnemonics (movl, addl, call, etc.)
        Instruction operands: immediate, register, memory
        The stack and local variables
        The stack and function calls
            The C function call convention
    Number representation
        The binary, octal, and hexadecimal number systems
        Signed numbers: signed mag., one's comp., two's comp.
    Machine language
        Opcodes
        The ModR/M byte
        Immediate, register, memory, displacement operands
    Assemblers
        The forward reference problem
        Pass 1: Create symbol table
        Pass 2: Use symbol table to generate data section, rodata section, bss section, text section, relocation records
    Linkers
        Resolution: Fetch library code
        Relocation: Use relocation records and symbol table to patch code

4. **Operating systems**

    Services provided
    Processes
    The process life-cycle
    Context switches
    Virtual memory

System calls
> **open(), creat(), close(), read(), write(), the standard I/O library**

Computer security
> **Buffer overrun attacks**

Signals and alarms
> **Race conditions**
> **Blocking signals**
> **The kill command**
> **The signal() function**
> **The sigaction() function**

Alarms and timers
> **The alarm() function**
> **The setitimer() function**

5. Applications

> De-commenting, lexical analysis via finite state automata
> String manipulation
> Symbol tables, linked lists, hash tables
> Dynamically expanding arrays
> XOR encryption
> **Dynamic memory management**
> **Execution profiling**

6. Tools: The UNIX/GNU programming environment

> UNIX, bash, xemacs, gcc, gdb, **gdb for assembly language, make, gprof**

Readings

*As specified by the course "Schedule" Web page. New readings are in **boldface***.

Required:

The C Programming Language (Kernighan & Ritchie): 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, **8.1, 8.2, 8.3, 8.7**, B1, B2, B3, B4, B5, B6, **B9**, B11

The Practice of Programming (Kernighan & Pike): 1, 2, 4, **5**, 6, **7, 8**

***Programming from the Ground Up* (Bartlett) 1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 10, B, E, F**

Recommended:

Programming with GNU Software (Loukides & Oram): 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, **7**, **9**

***Programming from the Ground Up* (Bartlett) 5, 6, 7, 8, 11, 12, 13, C**

***Communications of the ACM* "Detection and Prevention of Stack Buffer Overflow Attacks" article**

Recommended, for reference only:

Using as, the GNU Assembler

IA32 Intel Architecture Software Developer's Manual: Volume 1: Basic Architecture

IA32 Intel Architecture Software Developer's Manual: Volume 2: Instruction Set Reference

Tool Interface Standard (TIS) Executable and Linking Format (ELF) Specification